THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

VOL. XXXVI NO. 294 | COPYRIGHT 1944 BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY | BOSTON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1944 | ATLANTIC EDITION | THREE CENTS Greater Boston Newsstands, FIVE CENTS Elsewhere

School Building Survey; Swiss Minister Resigns; Pacific Supply Accented

The World's Day—November 10, 1944

Boston: Schools With Wood Interiors Hit

"Any building with masonry walls and interior construction of wood is not a safe building, and there are many such in the Boston school system," William L. Connor of the Strayer School Survey Committee said today. [Page 2.]

With the exception of four communities, automobile insurance rates for 1945 will remain unchanged from this year's payments for Massachusetts drivers in all classifications. [Page 2.]

Railroads would be required to pay taxes to local communities on all railroad property, both personal and real, under the terms of a bill filed with the Clerk of the House of Representatives today by Representative Louis Lobel (R) of Boston.

A recount of the vote which gave U. S. Senator Charles W. Tobey (R) re-election was asked in Concord, N. H., by his Democratic opponent, Joseph J. Betley of Manchester. Mr. Betley trailed Senator Tobey by 3,512 votes, receiving 106,960 to 110,472 cast for his opponent. Secretary of State E. D. Fuller said he has not set a date for the recount.

Twenty water-front streets in Boston were flooded by the backing up of sewers due to heavy rain, the Boston Sewer Department disclosed. Officials declared an especially high tide would have meant the flooding of as many as 200 streets.

In Europe: Swiss Foreign Minister Resigns

Dr. Marcel Pilet-Golaz, former President of the Swiss Republic, has resigned as Swiss Foreign Minister, a Bern dispatch said. There was no official indication that the resignation was connected with Soviet Russia's refusal to resume diplomatic relations with Switzerland. [Page 7.]

Hungarian Army Chief of Staff Col. Gen. Janos Veres, who surrendered to the Russians several weeks ago, has appealed by radio to his forces to desert the Germans and join the Red Army, Moscow said.

Sir William Beveridge, British Parliament member, has suggested a 20-year full employment program for Britain on the same lines as his previous report on social security.

Rothschild family members and others who were deprived of French citizenship by the Vichy regime because they had fled the country have regained their rights in a Council of State ruling, a Paris report said.

Quick defeat of Japan is as imperative to Great Britain as to the United States, British Admiral of the Fleet Sir Andrew Cunningham, First Sea Lord, declared in London.

Washington: Ingersoll Shifted to Pacific Post

Switching of Admiral Royal E. Ingersoll from control of supply operations in the Atlantic to a similar post in the Pacific, with title of Commander of the Western Sea Frontier, was seen to indicate great stepping up of shipment of war materials to the Pacific war theater. [Page 10.]

More shoes selling around $4 for men, $3.25 for women and $2.85 for children should be available soon, the WPB indicated, as a result of its relaxation of regulations so as to permit manufacture of better grade footwear. The move was made because of reluctance to use up ration points for cheap shoes.

Golf club manufacture to fill Army, Navy and Veterans' Administration orders was authorized by the WPB, with provision for control through allocation of materials.

National: Chicago Transportation Halted

Tying up transportation of an estimated 75,000 Chicago commuters, 600 employees of the Chicago, North Shore and Milwaukee, and the Chicago, Aurora and Elgin electric railroads stopped work in a months-old wage controversy. Recommendations of a special mediation board, to which the dispute was referred by President Roosevelt in September, were not acceptable to the workers.

Following end of strike of 200 rod polishers which resulted in closing the whole Packard Motor Car Company plant in Detroit, the company called back all but 2,000 of its 39,000 employees. The plant turns out engines for aircraft and PT-boats.

Fifteen representatives of newspapers, news services and national magazines set out from La Guardia Field, New York, for a two-week inspection tour of stepping-stone bases used by the North Atlantic Division of the Air Transport Command on its northern route to Great Britain and North Africa.

At the Carborundum Company's plant at Niagara Falls, N. Y., approximately 1,000 workers who walked out in a wage dispute, voted to go back to their jobs after U. S. Labor Conciliation Commissioner Verne S. Follansbee promised to take up their grievance with company officials.

Middle East: Teheran Announces Cabinet Out

Resignation in Iran of Premier Mohamed Maraghei Saed and his Cabinet which had been repeatedly criticized by the Russians for refusing to grant oil concessions to the Soviet Union, has been officially announced in Teheran.

Japan: U. S. Election Bars Compromise Peace

Re-election of President Roosevelt means "there can be no compromise peace negotiation in the greater East Asia war," according to the Tokyo Radio.

The War:

Latest developments on world battle fronts. Page 1, Column 8.

Oil Industry Sees Prospects Of Increased Rations for N. E.

By Everett M. Smith

Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

Increased oil rations for New England householders were indicated today by the oil industry. At the same time, the possibility that restrictions on anthracite and coke might be eased somewhat served to warm the hopes of those who have noted forecasts of an extremely cold winter ahead.

Telescoping of periods 2 and 3 and of periods 4 and 5 for holders of oil ration coupons has been strongly urged upon Washington authorities by the Oil Heat Institute of New England.

Meantime, users of coal and coke may be permitted to lay in three-fourths of their normal annual supply by Dec. 1, rather than by Jan. 1, under present restrictions.

Such a telescoping, or merging, of the fuel oil ration periods defined by the Office of Price Administration would greatly facilitate deliveries at a time when the manpower shortage is more serious than last year, said Fred N. Beckwith, Secretary of the Institute, today.

Bring Into Line

Such a move also would bring the Eastern Seaboard into line with, and on the same schedule, as the Middle West, he added. He went on to explain that a merger of period 2, which begins on Dec. 18, with period 3, which begins on Jan. 15, would permit dealers to double up on deliveries during the extended time, and doubtless do away with the necessity for small "hardship" or auxiliary rations to tide householders over for a few days.

By that time, too, there might well be an increase in the value of household ration unit coupons from the present 10 gallons to 11 or 12. This is possible, it was explained, because of a steadily improved supply. This improved situation is not the result of any sudden shift in the war, but has

Continued on Page 2, Column 2

The Christian Science Monitor Index

Friday, Nov. 10, 1944

Boston and New England News	2, 3, 4
Daily Features Page	17
Editorials	18
Financial Pages	12, 13
Hollywood Letter	3
Radio Timetable	4
Sports Page	15
Theater and Arts	3
The Home Forum	11
"Obey my voice" (With Italian Translation)	
Today's Woman	14
Traveltalks	8
Women's Club Activities	3
Advertising	
Amusement (grouped)	4
Classified	8
Hotel-Resort (grouped)	9
Real Estate Directory	13
Restaurant (grouped)	15
Travel (grouped)	9

Weather Predictions

Rain

Complete Weather Predictions for New England on Page 2.

Waste Paper Collections

Boston business office collection—over 500 pounds, call Capitol 5385 for special handling; under 500 pounds, place in nearest bin.

Dover—Tomorrow.

Medfield—Sunday.

Boston (Wards 1-5)—Monday.

All in a Name; F. D. R. or Teddy

By the Associated Press

London, Nov. 10

In the excitement of his first after-dinner speech as Lord Mayor of London (Prime Minister Churchill was in the audience), Sir Frank Alexander congratulated President Roosevelt on his re-election by referring to him as President Theodore Roosevelt.

Beano Loses But Biennials Still in Doubt

By Edgar M. Mills

Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

Continuation of the ban against beano games operated for prizes was assured today as returns from 36 of Massachusetts' 39 cities and from 40 towns showed that the voters were more than 2 to 1 against removal of the legal barrier erected by the 1943 Legislature.

At the same time, the survey, which thus far has covered communities containing 79 per cent of the State's population, built up a 33,000-vote margin for a return to annual sessions of the Legislature, after six years' experience under the biennial sessions system. However, the results are so close at the moment that it cannot yet be determined whether the annual sessions drive of the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor will be successful.

The city and town survey definitely discloses that the voters are overwhelmingly in favor of simplifying the referendum questions on the ballot. It also appears from returns thus far tabulated that the voters favor permitting the Legislature power to prescribe terms and conditions of pardons granted by the Governor and Council.

Expressed Concern

Before election leading Massachusetts penologists expressed concern that the wording of the latter question would permit the Legislature to act on individual pardons, as well as prescribe general conditions.

The only cities missing from the survey are Springfield, Chelsea and Pittsfield. Boston expects to complete its count late today, Springfield probably will be delayed until tomorrow, while the other two are still hard at work on them.

The city tabulations thus far show:

Question No. 1, simplifying ballot questions: Yes, 512,047; no, 68,362.

Question No. 2, permitting the Legislature to prescribe pardon conditions: Yes, 350,193, no, 244,046.

Question No. 3, for a return to annual legislative sessions: Yes, 405,291; no, 373,393.

Question No. 4, to permit absentee voting by persons physically unable to get to the polls: Yes, 498,483; no, 116,744.

Question No. 5, for continuation of the beano ban: Yes, 552,326, no, 262,049.

On the beano, 34 of the cities which have completed their tabulations voted for continuation of

Continued on Page 3, Column 7

Washington Cheers Roosevelt Return; Patton Pushes Major Drive on Metz; Kweilin and Liuchow Fall, Tokyo Says

President, armed with people's mandate, is expected to speed full program of international co-operation—New parley with Churchill and Stalin heads agenda.

By Richard L. Strout

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10—Franklin D. Roosevelt rode triumphantly back to the White House today to problems numerous enough to keep two Presidents busy.

Rain failed to dampen the enthusiasm of 250,000 Washington citizens who lined the streets to shout a welcome. Unable to vote their support of Mr. Roosevelt, they cheered instead.

Hands waved under forests of umbrellas, and bands played as the President's car rode along behind a "Victory V" formed by 50 motorcycle policemen. Riding in the open car with Mr. Roosevelt were Vice-President Henry A. Wallace and Senator Harry S. Truman, the man who will succeed Mr. Wallace in January.

The night-long rain almost stopped as the happily smiling President paused in the Union Station Plaza before a battery of microphones to thank the people for the reception.

"This is a very wonderful welcome home that you have given me on this rather rainy morning—a welcome that I shall always remember," he said. "And when I say a welcome home, I hope that some of the scribes in the papers won't intimate that I expect to make Washington my permanent residence for the rest of my life.

"All these years—eight in the Navy Department, 12 in the White House, and four to come—will have a great effect on Washington. The city is very different from the Washington I first came to in the first Administration of President Cleveland. I go back—Russ Young (District of Columbia Commissioner) and I go back, I think—to Cleveland's first Administration, because we are the same age.

"So I want to tell you how glad I am to be here and say one word to you—especially the Government workers—for all that you are doing to win this war. And when I say especially Government workers, I don't overlook all the other people in the city who make it possible for them to come here and live here and work here.

"So thanks very much."

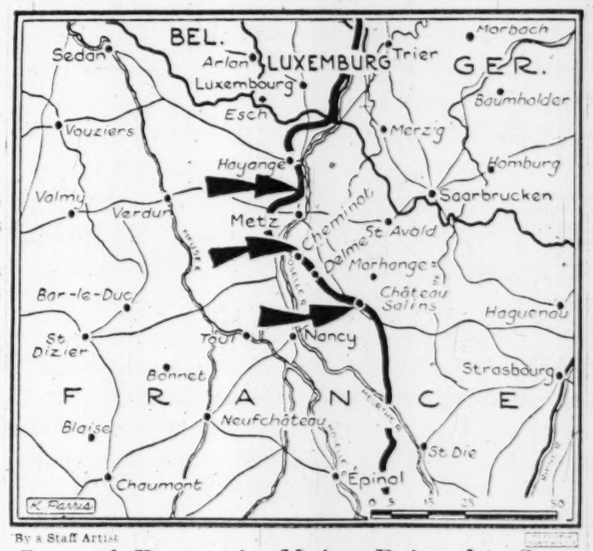
Presidential Program

But Mr. Roosevelt's thoughts also must have been on other things.

Indications gather here that the President intends to use to the fullest his new fourth-term election mandate on international cooperation and to do so as rapidly as possible.

It is not unlikely that Mr. Roosevelt will revive the breathless speed of his first famous "100 days" in 1933, when he changed the face of American social legislation overnight, by pushing through the international committ-

Continued on Page 8, Column 6



By a Staff Artist

General Patton in Major Drive for Saar

Arrows indicate Lieut. Gen. George S. Patton's major advance which is encircling the great fortress of Metz guarding the entrance to the industrial Saar territory.

Battle Fronts Now Resolving Political Issues

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP)—President Roosevelt said today, he, Prime Minister Churchill and Marshal Stalin want to hold another meeting whenever they can arrange it. He said, however, no details have been worked out and there is nothing definite on the time or place.

By J. Emlyn Williams

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON, Nov. 10—One reason for the urgency behind the anticipated meeting of the Chiefs of State of Britain, Russia, and the United States is the speed with which practical political issues are being resolved on the battle fronts.

As preparations go forward for a meeting between President Roosevelt, Prime Minister Churchill, and Marshal Stalin, it is clearly realized that a number of pressing international issues must soon be resolved on the highest plane.

The British Foreign Office would have preferred to leave the most complicated problems for final settlement at the peace conference. But the Soviet Union's handling of conquered states on its borders—in Finland, Romania, and its pressure on the Polish Government for immediate agreement of frontier questions—clearly indicates that other methods are being employed today.

France's Future at Stake

Highest on the list of problems awaiting solution by the "big three" at their next meeting will undoubtedly be that of the future of Germany. This issue affects so much of Europe that it becomes a European problem in many aspects.

Thus France will certainly want to know what will be the future of the Rhineland. Holland may well have territorial claims and compensation for damage done by the Germans' flooding of Holland, while decision must be made concerning Holland's western frontier with Germany.

The position of France is an-

Continued on Page 6, Column 6

Churchill Reports on V-2; Maginot Line Drive Near

LONDON, Nov. 10 (AP)—Berlin announced today that V-2 rocket bombs were being used against Antwerp, a principal key to the Allies' winter campaign against Germany. "Increased bombardment may be expected to make the harbor installations of Antwerp unsuited for unloading of troops and material on a major scale," the DNB agency said in a radiocast.

By Peter Lyne

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON Nov. 10—German V-2 weapons or long-range rockets have been falling on England for the last few weeks, Prime Minister Churchill told the Commons today. They have been falling on England from 60 to 70 miles up in the stratosphere, the Prime Minister said. And they have been falling at a speed far outstripping the speed of sound.

As one can imagine, if these missiles should arrive from the stratosphere like that in any considerable volume they would make quite a dent in England. And as they travel faster than sound, they would arrive quicker than their own sound. So one wouldn't hear them whistling down like the ordinary bomb. One would hear the whistle after the rocket had exploded—that is, if one weren't too near where it landed.

Apprehension Likely

But Mr. Churchill's statement to the Commons today is really a reassuring one. He said, "Damage and casualties have so far not been heavy." This will be reassuring to American friends and friends in other countries who are reported here today to have grown apprehensive since the Germans started putting out stories that London was suffering new devastation from rockets.

Apprehension is fully understandable. When the Germans first launched flying bombs last June, there was an official silence from

Continued on Page 6, Column 7

By William H. Stringer

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

SUPREME HEADQUARTERS, Allied Expeditionary Force, Nov. 10—As Lieut. Gen. George S. Patton broadens his two-prong drive into a full-scale offensive, it becomes apparent that his Third Army will be thrown against an area in which the Germans have developed both strong fortifications and strong re-enforcements.

The Germans say the new offensive is aimed at the Saarbrücken section. In that general area the German Wehrmacht is apparently holding strong re-inforcements until it is certain of how the fighting will develop.

Major German mobile reserves are probably still committed to fierce fighting against the First Army's push in the Hürtgen area. Whether the Germans will wait too long to throw in reserves as they did in Normandy when they expected other new landings on the Calais coast, and whether the reserves will be sufficient to stem the Allied push, remains to be seen.

Valley Flooded

The greatest obstacle to General Patton's push is the tough terrain. The Seille Valley is flooded, both by heavy rains and by the recent breaching of the dam up river.

However, troops who have been wading sometimes knee deep in watery slush now are driving from the valley to the Lorraine uplands, to the rolling hill country where the Maginot Line parallels the German frontier region.

American troops soon will be facing whatever portions of the Maginot's gun turrets and pillboxes have been reconditioned and are able to fire in a westerly direction.

It is known many of the Maginot guns had a full-circle traverse, but many guns in the cupolas point only eastward.

While Metz itself never has

Continued on Page 6, Column 6

President Parries Questions On 1948 and Appointments

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10—President Roosevelt sparred with reporters at his first postelection press conference today, when they asked him if he intended to run in 1948, when he expected to join Prime Minister Churchill and Premier Stalin, whether he had received a "peace feeler" from Germany, and why he was holding up numerous appointments.

Mr. Roosevelt was quiet and subdued as he sat behind his big desk, following a brief parade under dripping skies from the station down Pennsylvania Avenue, lined with hundreds of thousands of spectators and Government workers who were given two hours' "holiday" for the occasion.

The President looked healthily tired as he met an unusually large crowd of reporters. He wore a light gray suit and smilingly greeted correspondents with word that there was no news.

Asked promptly if he would soon meet Mr. Churchill and Mr. Stalin, he confirmed that they do want to meet again shortly, but said nothing had yet been worked out regarding time and place, and he added, smiling, that when it was arranged he would not tell reporters.

"Have you heard from Governor Dewey yet?" a reporter asked.

Mr. Roosevelt shook his head.

Paul Ward, correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, spoke from the rear: "Mr. President, may I be the first to ask you if you are going to run in 1948?"

Mr. Roosevelt smilingly observed he had been asked the same question in 1940—or was it 1936?—but that at any rate it was an ancient question.

The President said Secretary of State Cordell Hull is getting along well, and that he understood he would be back at his job soon.

He said he had received no "German peace-feeler," and commented that that sounded like a pre-election story.

The President threw no light on continuing reports that a Lend-Lease extension or new postwar credit is being prepared for Britain. He said he had not thought recently about a new Ambassador to China, and that his announcement of a new board to supervise the War Surplus Property Administration is being held up for the final appointment.

Division of Civil Air Traffic Looms as Big Control Issue

By Ralph W. Cessna

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

CHICAGO, Nov. 10—On the basis of official statements from United Kingdom and Canadian sources, it appears more and more clearly the disagreement among these two and the United States over control of postwar world air traffic resolves itself largely into a matter of the formula by which this air business should be divided up.

It isn't, it is beginning to be surmised by observers at the International Civil Aviation Conference here, a question of whether this field is to be controlled by a strong central authority, as the British propose, or by an authority with only consultative powers, as the United States desires, but rather a question of who gets how much business and how individual positions in respect to competitive advantages, or lack of them, are to be protected or enhanced.

In summarizing their position, the British continue to speak in terms of "regulation," a word which the United States delegation abhors, because it feels the word means restriction and limitation. The British, along with the Canadians, now agree that the emergency needs immediately following the end of hostilities can be met only through bilateral agreements, but they, with the Dominion, hold that these understandings should be governed by "general principles" laid down by the convention.

The United States is ready to make agreements, temporary and permanent, on the basis of stand-

Continued on Page 13, Column 4

Control in Italy Placed in Civilian Hands; French Assembly Takes Step to Popular Rule

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP)—The United States and Britain today announced transfer of the Allied control machinery for Italy from military to civilian hands.

The action is the latest in a series of steps agreed upon by President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill to restore Italy to political and economic independence.

Harlod Macmillan, a member of Parliament and British Resident Minister at Allied Mediterranean headquarters, was designated to take over, in addition to his present post, the leadership of the Allied Commission for Italy.

New Post for Macmillan

The commission has been headed until now by Gen. Sir Henry Maitland Wilson, Allied Mediterranean commander.

Commander Ellery Stone of the United States Navy, who has been serving under General Wilson as Acting Chief Commissioner, was made Permanent Chief Commissioner.

Mr. Macmillan, as Acting President," a State Department statement said, "will be specially charged with the duty of supervising development of new measures together with any change in structure of the Commission necessary to carry them out."

Diplomatic Recognition

Previous steps toward reconstructing Italy as an independent nation have included the dispatch of relief supplies and diplomatic recognition of the Italian Government by the United States and Britain.

The latest development may prove to be the most significant of all.

When Brig. Gen. William O'Dwyer returned here recently from Italy to report to President Roosevelt and other Government officials, he sharply criticized the Allied Army administration of Italian affairs as inefficient and bound up by red tape. It was his recommendation that the whole control machinery be placed in Allied civilian hands.

M. P.'s round up Rome gangs: Page 7.

Paris to Celebrate On Armistice Day

By Reuter

Paris, Nov. 10

Paris is prepared for solemn Armistice Day celebrations tomorrow.

Wooden stands from which to witness the ceremonial have been erected along the Champs Elysées and hundreds of flags have appeared to swell the numbers of those that have been hanging since Liberation Day.

This will be the first time that a celebration has been held since 1939. At 11 o'clock massed columns of citizens who took part in the liberation will march past the Arc de Triomphe.

Gen. Charles de Gaulle will place a wreath on the tomb of the unknown soldier in the afternoon.

By Mallory Browne

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor and present Chief of Paris Bureau

PARIS, Nov. 10—France this week has taken its biggest step yet toward return to representative democratic government.

The Consultative Assembly which has now got down to work in Paris has emerged clearly as the forerunner of full popular sovereignty, which Gen. Charles de Gaulle has once again stated constitutes the aim and end of himself and his regime.

Addressing the enlarged Consultative Assembly in the Senate Chamber in the old Palais de Luxembourg in the Paris Latin Quarter Nov. 9, General de Gaulle specifically pledged that the achievement of victory would be followed as soon as possible by an election and that this would mark the end of his Provincial Government.

The Assembly cheered General de Gaulle's promises to restore representative government as soon as possible. It cheered, too, his promise of profound social and economic reforms which he said the whole nation was demanding.

It applauded his appeal for unity until the war was won. But it gave much more lukewarm welcome to his allusions to France as a great power.

As an oration, General de Gaulle's straightforward remarks seemed to his hearers slightly pale after the opening speech of the new President of the Assembly, Felix Gouin. But it was nevertheless evident that the General who, against French parliamentary tradition, appeared at the tribune in uni-

Continued on Page 6, Column 5

Western Front:

Patton Drive Grows To Major Offensive

Lieut. Gen. George S. Patton's modest two-pronged attack of two days ago has become a full-scale Third Army offensive. German Headquarters reporters say it is aimed at Saarbrücken and the Rhine beyond.

Actually the push, which began with the heaviest Third Army artillery barrage since the days of Normandy, already seems aimed at the encirclement of Metz.

Capturing Château-Salins, along with dozens of other towns and

Continued on Page 6, Column 1

Yanks slog on against Leyte foe reinforced by 35,000 veterans; British take Forli.

By the War Editor of The Christian Science Monitor

From Associated Press And other direct news dispatches

General Patton's three-day attack near Metz has turned into a major offensive against that key bastion of Germany's industrial Saar region.

In a move north and south of Metz to encircle the fortress, the American Third Army has driven 10 miles in three days on a 55-mile front, taking what is described as dozens of towns and villages.

Germans counterattacked 22 miles north of the city, displaying a notable absence of tanks, but were beaten back by the United States 90th Infantry.

The most serious advance was made by the American 4th Armored Division, veterans of the St. Lô fighting in Normandy, which had advanced three miles beyond Delme on the only road from Metz to the south and threatened to take Metz in the rear.

In the fighting, General Patch's Seventh Army is supporting General Patton's right flank.

Meanwhile, to the north, Headquarters announced the end of German resistance south of the Maas in Holland and on Walcheren Island at the mouth of the Schelde River.

News from China continued unfavorable as Chungking, now virtually at the end of its resources, appeared to have lost both Kweilin, capital of Kwangsi Province, and Liuchow, reducing the gap in the Japanese north-south supply lines to only 50 miles.

China itself had not confirmed this Japanese announcement, and the Japanese may have jumped ahead of the news, as they have frequently done before, but the situation in south China is very grave, and if not remedied quickly may foreshadow a major land-army effort by the Allies on the Chinese mainland.

The Japanese otherwise have been patching up their damaged morale. On Leyte Island, General MacArthur concedes that the main impact of surprise landing in the Philippines has now lost its effect. He states that a new phase of the fighting has begun, in which the Americans have to cope with the presence of 35,000 veteran Japanese troops thrown onto the island since the Allied landing.

The new enemy forces have replaced the Japanese losses sustained in the 22 days of fighting. However, the Americans were described as making gains. Their artillery was covering Ormoc, the only port open to the Japanese.

Advances of some importance are reported both from the Eastern and the Italian Fronts. On the latter, General Alexander's forces, having captured Rimini on the Italian east coast Sept. 22, has pushed on after a lengthy pause to Forli, 16 miles inland from the coast and 30 miles from Rimini. Fighting proceeds in rainy weather that gives poor visibility.

On the Russian Front, Marshal Malinovsky has thrown a wedge forward in northern Hungary, northeast of Budapest, the main purpose of which is not yet clear.

Slim Chance of Upset Is Seen In Any Kelly-Barnes Recount

By John Bond

Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

Although a recount of votes in the Attorney General contest appeared certain today, political observers saw little chance of upsetting the results of Tuesday's election in which Clarence A. Barnes (R) of Mansfield, Executive Councillor, was declared the winner by a margin of close to 10,000 votes.

Francis E. Kelly, former Lieutenant Governor, the defeated Democratic candidate, was expected to file his petition for a recount at the State House before tonight's five o'clock deadline. If successful in gaining the required 1,000 signatures in four counties to authorize a recount, the retabulating will begin early next month after the election results have been declared official by the Governor and Executive Council.

A similar recount four years ago in the contest for Governor between Governor Saltonstall and Attorney General Paul A. Dever failed to change the result although the defeated Attorney General gained approximately 3,000 votes.

State Senator James P. McAndrews was also expected to seek a recount in the First Congressional District where he was defeated by District Attorney John W. Heselton for the seat formerly occupied by United States Representative Allen T. Treadway. The Republican candidate's plurality was approximately 1,000 votes.

Mayor Tobin's final margin of victory over Lieutenant Governor Horace T. Cahill was 151,385 votes. Earlier, it had appeared that his winning plurality was close to 190,000 but an error in tabulation reported by the Associated Press reduced this figure by roughly 40,000 votes.

Even with the adjusted total the Boston Mayor, who now rates as one of the most important political figures in the Commonwealth, ran ahead of President Roosevelt and Governor Saltonstall in total votes received.

Mayor Tobin's state-wide total was 1,046,732 compared with the President's 1,034,184 and Governor Saltonstall's 1,012,310.

Secretary of State Frederick W. Cook, whose popularity at the polls comes under the head of political phenomena, lead all candidates in the State when he polled 1,091,093 with 98 precincts still be be counted and was re-elected for the twelfth time since taking office in 1921.

Although he amassed a plurality of 416,857 votes (with only six precincts missing) Governor Saltonstall ran behind Secretary of State Cook on his own ticket and trailed President Roosevelt and Mayor Tobin in total votes received.

Mayor John H. Corcoran of Cambridge, Governor Saltonstall's opponent, made the poorest showing of any candidate on either ticket when his state-wide total reached only 416,857 votes, with 3 precincts to go.

In Malden, State Representative Robert F. Murphy (D) was declared the winner after having apparently lost by one vote. The Malden Election Board after a recheck declared Mr. Murphy the winner over Frank H. Chambers (R) by a vote of 11,420 to 11,322.

State Senator Edward M. Rowe (R) of Cambridge, reported yesterday defeated for re-election, was declared the winner. This reduced the Democrats gain in the State Senate from four seats to three and left the Republicans in control 23 to 17.

State Auditor Thomas J. Buckley, re-elected to a third term, ran considerably behind the rest of the Democratic ticket but had a comfortable margin of approximately 75,000 votes over Frank A. Goodwin.

One of the most substantial victories in Tuesday's election was that of Representative Christian A. Herter in the 10th Congressional District. The Boston Republican ran up a generous plurality of 21,606 against City Councillor William A. Carey whom he defeated two years ago by a narrow margin of about 3,000 votes.

In winning re-election Mr. Herter successfully battled a strong Democratic wave which, in certain sections of his district, threatened for a time to engulf him.

Auto Liability Remains Same In Most Towns

With the exception of four communities, automobile insurance rates for 1945 will remain unchanged from this year's payments for Massachusetts drivers in all classifications, the State Department of Insurance announced last night.

The four communities facing changes are Avon, Stoughton, Chelmsford and Tyngsborough. The first named obtains the only rate reductions in the state, ranging from a $1.40 cut for "A" card holders, to $2.50 for "C" card drivers. The other three towns are confronted with increases.

All changes were affected, not because of increases or decreases in accident records, but due to the shifting of these towns into zones having different rates than those in which the towns were previously.

As in 1944, the rates are promulgated on the three types of rationing books, in order to make drivers who use their cars the most pay the most for insurance. Base rates fixed for all communities reflect normal insurance costs, or what the motorists would have paid if the country was at peace.

The base rates reveal that even "C" card holders are getting substantial reductions from their base rates, while "B" card holders pay from $3 to $13 less than "C" drivers, and "A" card drivers are down to a minimum rate ranging from $6 to $25 lower than "C" card holders.

The announced rates will be formally promulgated after a public hearing on Nov. 21 at 10 a. m., at the Public Works Building, 100 Nashua Street, Boston, at which protests against the rates will be heard.

Simmons College Girls Aid War Fund

Robert J. Keller

Sixty-six Students Volunteer to Canvass Fenway

Left to right: Janet Hyde, Natalie Smith, Mary Grybe, and Virginia Creighton, all volunteer fund solicitors from Simmons College in the Fenway, compare notes on their working kits before starting out on a house-to-house canvass of that district of Boston. Each wears the large Red Feather that indicates she is bearing the "Show That You Care" message. The Red Feathers have become fashionable accessories on the Simmons Campus these days.

Oil Industry Sees Prospects Of Increased Rations for N. E.

Continued from Page 1.

developed slowly throughout the year, oil men stated.

There's a possibility, however, that the Petroleum Administration for War may continue its present policy of extreme caution and delay increasing the ration for some time. Therefore, the oil industry leaders strongly urged householders to refrain from stepping up their fuel oil consumption until the increased ration becomes official.

The PAW, which announced recently that householders would be permitted to reconvert their heating equipment to oil, cautioned at that time that this did not mean a general increase in fuel rations. However, oil industry men expressed doubt that reconversions would increase fuel oil consumption to any alarming extent.

Meantime, users of solid fuels—especially anthracite or coke—received assurances that restrictions on these two fuels may be eased shortly. Speaking in New York City yesterday, C. J. Potter, Deputy Solid Fuels Administrator in Washington, said that the regulation forbidding household users of coal to lay in more than three-fourths of their normal annual supply of anthracite or Eastern coke before Jan. 1 may be changed soon to permit the stocking of that amount by Dec. 1.

At the same time, Mr. Potter warned that such a change would not mean any increase in the consumer's annual allotment of hard coal, which, for the season ending next March 31, is seven-eighths of the last prewar year's supply.

The SFA is preparing to permit hard coal users to lay in the bulk of their supply by Dec. 1, Mr. Potter added, so that the most efficient use may be made of delivery equipment. With the date moved up a month, householders may receive delivery of the final eighth any time after Dec. 1, he said.

Compulsory Insurance Rates For Bay State Autos Announced

The tentative 1945 compulsory automobile insurance rates for each Massachusetts city and town, as announced by Charles F. J. Harrington, State Commissioner of Insurance, follow:

	Class 1 "A"	Class 2 "B"	Class 3 "C"
Abington	$12.90	$18.10	$23.20
Acton	8.60	12.10	15.60
Acushnet	14.50	20.30	26.10
Adams	8.60	12.10	15.60
Agawam	15.60	21.80	28.10
Alford	8.60	12.10	15.60
Amesbury	9.70	13.60	17.50
Amherst	8.60	12.10	15.60
Andover	8.60	12.10	15.60
Arlington	15.60	21.80	28.10
Ashburnham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Ashby	8.60	12.10	15.60
Ashfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Ashland	11.00	15.50	19.90
Athol	8.60	12.10	15.60
ATTLEBORO	8.60	12.10	15.60
Auburn	14.50	20.30	26.10
Avon	15.60	21.80	28.10
Ayer	12.90	18.10	23.20
Barnstable	8.60	12.10	15.60
Barre	11.00	15.50	19.90
Becket	8.60	12.10	15.60
Bedford	12.90	18.10	23.20
Belchertown	11.00	15.50	19.90
Bellingham	11.00	15.50	19.90
Belmont	14.50	20.30	26.10
Berkley	8.60	12.10	15.60
Berlin	11.00	15.50	19.90
Bernardston	8.60	12.10	15.60
BEVERLY	12.90	18.10	23.20
Billerica	20.90	29.30	37.60
Blackstone	8.60	12.10	15.60
Blandford	8.60	12.10	15.60
Bolton	8.60	12.10	15.60
BOSTON	26.80	37.60	48.30
Bourne	8.60	12.10	15.60
Boxboro	8.60	12.10	15.60
Boxford	8.60	12.10	15.60
Boylston	11.00	15.50	19.90
Braintree	15.60	21.80	28.10
Brewster	8.60	12.10	15.60
Bridgewater	17.00	23.80	30.60
Brimfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
BROCKTON	17.00	23.80	30.60
Brookfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Brookline	18.70	26.20	33.70
Buckland	8.60	12.10	15.60
Burlington	21.70	30.40	39.10
CAMBRIDGE	21.70	30.40	39.10
Canton	17.60	23.80	30.60
Carlisle	14.50	20.30	26.10
Carver	11.00	15.50	19.90
Charlemont	8.60	12.10	15.60
Charlton	11.60	15.50	19.90
Chatham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Chelmsford	14.50	20.30	26.10
CHELSEA	31.80	44.40	57.20
Cheshire	8.60	12.10	15.60
Chester	8.60	12.10	15.60
Chesterfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
CHICOPEE	15.60	21.80	28.10
Chilmark	8.60	12.10	15.60
Clarksburg	8.60	12.10	15.60
Clinton	14.50	20.30	26.10
Cohasset	17.00	23.80	30.60
Colrain	8.60	12.10	15.60
Concord	11.00	15.50	19.90
Conway	8.60	12.10	15.60
Cummington	8.60	12.10	15.60
Dalton	8.60	12.10	15.60
Danvers	11.00	15.50	19.90
Dartmouth	12.90	18.10	23.20
Dedham	17.00	23.80	30.60
Deerfield	9.70	13.60	17.50
Dennis	8.60	12.10	15.60
Dighton	9.70	13.60	17.50
Douglas	8.60	12.10	15.60
Dover	11.00	15.50	19.90
Dracut	20.90	29.30	37.60
Dudley	8.60	12.10	15.60
Dunstable	8.60	12.10	15.60
Duxbury	11.00	15.50	19.90
East Bridgewater	9.70	13.60	17.50
East Brookfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Eastham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Easthampton	8.60	12.10	15.60
East Longmeadow	12.90	18.10	23.20
Easton	8.60	12.10	15.60
Edgartown	8.60	12.10	15.60
Egremont	8.60	12.10	15.60
Erving	8.60	12.10	15.60
Essex	8.60	12.10	15.60
EVERETT	23.50	32.90	42.30
Fairhaven	8.60	12.10	15.60
FALL RIVER	14.50	20.30	26.10
Falmouth	11.00	15.50	19.90
FITCHBURG	11.00	15.50	19.90
Foxboro	9.70	13.60	17.50
Framingham	13.60	21.80	28.10
Franklin	14.50	20.30	26.10
Freetown	8.60	12.10	15.60
GARDNER	9.70	13.60	17.50
Gay Head	8.60	12.10	15.60
Georgetown	8.60	12.10	15.60
Gill	8.60	12.10	15.60
GLOUCESTER	12.90	18.10	23.20
Goshen	8.60	12.10	15.60
Gosnold	8.60	12.10	15.60
Grafton	11.00	15.50	19.90
Granby	8.60	12.10	15.60
Granville	8.60	12.10	15.60
Great Barrington	8.60	12.10	15.60
Greenfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Greenwich	8.60	12.10	15.60
Groton	8.60	12.10	15.60
Groveland	11.00	15.50	19.90
Hadley	8.60	12.10	15.60
Halifax	11.00	15.50	19.90
Hamilton	9.70	13.60	17.50
Hampden	8.60	12.10	15.60
Hancock	8.60	12.10	15.60
Hanover	8.60	12.10	15.60
Hanson	11.60	15.50	19.90
Hardwick	8.60	12.10	15.60
Harvard	8.60	12.10	15.60
Harwich	8.60	12.10	15.60
Hatfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
HAVERHILL	12.90	18.10	23.20
Hawley	8.60	12.10	15.60
Heath	8.60	12.10	15.60
Hingham	13.60	21.80	28.10
Hinsdale	8.60	12.10	15.60
Holbrook	14.50	20.30	26.10
Holden	11.00	15.50	19.90
Holland	8.60	12.10	15.60
Holliston	14.50	20.30	26.10
HOLYOKE	14.50	20.30	26.10
Hopedale	8.60	12.10	15.60
Hopkinton	12.90	18.10	23.20
Hubbardston	8.60	12.10	15.60
Hudson	14.50	20.30	26.10
Hull	20.90	29.30	37.60
Huntington	8.60	12.10	15.60
Ipswich	11.00	15.50	19.90
Kingston	11.00	15.50	19.90
Lakeville	8.90	12.10	15.60
Lancaster	8.60	12.10	15.60
Lanesboro	8.60	12.10	15.60
LAWRENCE	14.50	20.30	26.10
Lee	8.60	12.10	15.60
Leicester	14.50	20.30	26.10
Lenox	8.60	12.10	15.60
LEOMINSTER	12.90	18.10	23.20
Leverett	8.60	12.10	15.60
Lexington	15.60	21.80	28.10
Leyden	8.60	12.10	15.60
Lincoln	12.90	18.10	20.30
Littleton	11.00	15.50	19.90
Longmeadow	11.00	15.50	19.90
LOWELL	17.00	23.80	30.60
Ludlow	11.00	15.50	19.90
Lunenburg	8.60	12.10	15.60
LYNN	17.00	23.80	30.60
Lynnfield	15.60	21.80	28.10
MALDEN	21.70	30.40	39.10
Manchester	8.60	12.10	15.60
Mansfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Marblehead	8.60	12.10	15.60
Marion	9.70	13.60	17.50
MARLBORO	17.00	23.80	30.60
Marshfield	11.00	15.50	19.90
Mashpee	8.60	12.10	15.60
Mattapoisett	8.60	12.10	15.90
Maynard	11.00	15.50	19.90
Medfield	14.50	20.30	26.10
MEDFORD	20.90	29.30	37.60
Medway	17.60	23.80	30.60
MELROSE	14.50	20.30	26.10
Mendon	8.60	12.10	15.60
Merrimac	11.60	15.50	19.90
Methuen	12.90	18.10	23.20
Middleboro	11.00	15.50	19.90
Middlefield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Middleton	17.00	23.80	30.60
Milford	12.90	18.10	23.20
Millbury	9.70	13.60	17.50
Millis	14.50	20.30	26.10
Millville	8.60	12.10	15.60
Milton	14.50	20.30	26.10
Monroe	8.60	12.10	15.60
Monson	8.60	12.10	15.60
Montague	8.60	12.10	15.60
Monterey	8.60	12.10	15.60
Montgomery	8.60	12.10	15.60
Mount Washington	8.60	12.10	15.60
Nahant	14.50	20.30	26.10
Nantucket	8.60	12.10	15.60
Natick	14.50	20.30	26.10
Needham	12.90	18.10	23.20
New Ashford	8.60	12.10	15.60
NEW BEDFORD	12.90	18.10	23.20
New Braintree	8.60	12.10	15.60
Newbury	8.60	12.10	15.60
NEWBURYPORT	9.70	13.60	17.50
New Marlboro	8.60	12.10	15.60
New Salem	8.60	12.10	15.60
NEWTON	14.50	20.30	26.10
Norfolk	12.50	18.10	23.20
NORTH ADAMS	8.60	12.10	15.60
NORTHAMPTON	11.00	15.50	19.90
North Andover	8.60	12.10	15.60
North Attleboro	8.60	12.10	15.60
Northboro	11.00	15.50	19.90
Northbridge	9.70	13.60	17.50
North Brookfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Northfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
North Reading	15.60	21.80	28.10
Norton	8.60	12.10	15.60
Norwell	9.70	13.60	17.50
Norwood	17.00	23.80	30.60
Oak Bluffs	8.60	12.10	15.60
Oakham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Orange	8.60	12.10	15.60
Orleans	8.60	12.10	15.60
Otis	8.60	12.10	15.60
Oxford	17.00	23.80	30.60
Palmer	11.00	15.50	19.90
Paxton	8.60	12.10	15.60
PEABODY	17.00	23.80	30.60
Pelham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Pembroke	11.00	15.50	19.90
Pepperell	8.60	12.10	15.60
Peru	8.60	12.10	15.60
Petersham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Phillipston	8.60	12.10	15.60
PITTSFIELD	9.70	13.60	17.50
Plainfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Plainville	8.60	12.10	15.60
Plymouth	9.70	13.60	17.50
Plympton	14.50	20.30	26.10
Princeton	8.60	12.10	15.60
Provincetown	8.60	12.10	15.60
QUINCY	16.00	22.50	28.90
Randolph	18.70	26.20	33.70
Raynham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Reading	14.50	20.30	26.10
Rehoboth	8.60	12.10	15.60
REVERE	26.80	37.60	48.30
Richmond	8.60	12.10	15.60
Rochester	8.60	12.10	15.60
Rockland	12.90	18.10	23.20
Rockport	8.60	12.10	15.60
Rowe	8.60	12.10	15.60
Rowley	8.60	12.10	15.60
Royalston	8.60	12.10	15.60
Russell	8.60	12.10	15.60
Rutland	9.70	13.60	17.50
SALEM	15.60	21.80	28.10
Salisbury	12.90	18.10	23.20
Sandisfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Sandwich	9.70	13.60	17.50
Saugus	18.70	26.20	33.70
Savoy	8.60	12.10	15.60
Scituate	12.90	18.10	23.20
Seekonk	8.60	12.10	15.60
Sharon	15.60	21.80	28.10
Sheffield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Shelburne	8.60	12.10	15.60
Sherborn	8.60	12.10	15.60
Shirley	8.60	12.10	15.60
Shrewsbury	12.90	18.10	23.20
Shutesbury	8.60	12.10	15.60
Somerset	12.90	18.10	23.20
SOMERVILLE	23.50	32.90	42.30
Southampton	8.60	12.10	15.60
Southboro	12.90	18.10	23.20
Southbridge	8.60	12.10	15.60
South Hadley	9.70	13.60	17.50
Southwick	8.60	12.10	15.60
Spencer	9.70	13.60	17.50
SPRINGFIELD	11.60	19.00	24.50
Sterling	8.60	12.10	15.60
Stockbridge	8.60	12.10	15.60
Stoneham	18.70	26.20	33.70
Stoughton	17.00	23.80	30.60
Stow	9.70	13.60	17.50
Sturbridge	8.60	12.10	15.60
Sudbury	14.50	20.30	26.10
Sunderland	8.60	12.10	15.60
Sutton	9.70	13.60	17.50
Swampscott	12.90	18.10	23.20
Swansea	11.00	15.50	19.90
TAUNTON	9.70	13.60	17.50
Templeton	8.60	12.10	15.60
Tewksbury	20.90	29.30	37.60
Tisbury	8.60	12.10	15.60
Tolland	8.60	12.10	15.60
Topsfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
Townsend	8.60	12.10	15.60
Truro	8.60	12.10	15.60
Tyngsboro	12.90	18.10	23.20
Tyringham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Upton	8.60	12.10	15.60
Uxbridge	8.60	12.10	15.60
Wakefield	15.60	21.80	28.10
Wales	8.60	12.10	15.60
Walpole	14.50	20.30	26.10
WALTHAM	17.00	23.80	30.60
Ware	8.60	12.10	15.60
Wareham	11.00	15.50	19.90
Warren	8.60	12.10	15.60
Warwick	8.60	12.10	15.60
Washington	8.60	12.10	15.60
Watertown	18.70	26.20	33.70
Wayland	12.90	18.10	23.20
Webster	11.00	15.50	19.90
Wellesley	11.00	15.50	19.90
Wellfleet	8.60	12.10	15.60
Wendell	8.60	12.10	15.60
Wenham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Westboro	14.50	20.30	26.10
West Boylston	12.90	18.10	23.20
West Bridgewater	9.70	13.60	17.50
West Brookfield	8.60	12.10	15.60
WESTFIELD	11.00	15.50	19.90
Westford	11.00	15.50	19.90
Westhampton	8.60	12.10	15.60
Westminster	8.60	12.10	15.60
West Newbury	8.60	12.10	15.60
Weston	11.00	15.50	19.90
Westport	8.60	12.10	15.60
West Springfield	14.50	20.30	26.10
West Stockbridge	8.60	12.10	15.60
West Tisbury	8.60	12.10	15.60
Westwood	12.90	18.10	23.20
Weymouth	17.00	23.80	30.60
Whately	8.60	12.10	15.60
Whitman	11.00	15.50	19.90
Wilbraham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Williamsburg	8.60	12.10	15.60
Williamstown	8.60	12.10	15.60
Wilmington	23.50	32.90	42.30
Winchendon	8.60	12.10	15.60
Winchester	14.50	20.30	26.10
Windsor	8.60	12.10	15.60
Winthrop	21.70	30.40	39.10
WOBURN	21.70	30.40	39.10
WORCESTER	15.90	22.30	28.60
Worthington	8.60	12.10	15.60
Wrentham	8.60	12.10	15.60
Yarmouth	8.60	12.10	15.60

Avoid disappointment! Do your Christmas shopping early. Send your gifts before Dec. 1.

Simmons Girls Speeding Drive For War Fund

Simmons College girls are taking an active part in the Greater Boston United War Fund drive today, as 66 volunteer students go from house to house in the Fenway district, soliciting contributions.

In the meantime, the girls held a noonday rally today in an effort to exceed the $2,800 they have pledged to give. Sergeant Ralph Robbins, who saw action in France on D-Day, was their guest speaker.

Six more Boston public schools report they have more than reached their goal, as Fund headquarters announced receipt of $4,281,600 from all sources. The schools are: Dorchester High School for Girls, and the Agassiz, Washington-Allston, Donald McKay Intermediate, Chapman, and Norcross district schools.

News also came that the Garden Club of Greendale Acres, Needham, had helped swell neighborhood totals by a "white elephant swap" sale.

At the Red Feather Rally next Wednesday evening in Boston Garden, Ray Girardin, Production Manager at radio station WEEI, will act as master of ceremonies from 6:45 to 8 o'clock, when some pre-program entertainment is planned. At 8 o'clock General Chairman Henry A. Laughlin will take over for the remainder of the evening.

Gifts of $500 and more acknowledged at Fund headquarters today include the following:

Subscriptions of Individuals

$1,300—Mrs. George A. Lyon.
$1,200—Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Montgomery.
1,000—Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Lowell.
$850—Mr. and Mrs. Allyn B. McIntire.
$700—Mr. and Mrs. Dexter H. Chamberlain; Mrs. Katharine S. Choate.
$525—Gorham Dana.
$500—"Mr. and Mrs. C."; Mrs. Marion D. Lee.

Subscription of Companies and Employees

$3,840—New York Central System.
$1,000—Doelcam Machine Tool Co.
500—The Dampney Co. of America; Delaware & Hudson Railroad Corporation.

'Important' Telephone Calls Keep the Governor-Elect Busy

Up and Down Beacon Hill

Three interesting and "important" telephone calls which throw some light on the multifarious and varied activities of a successful candidate were permitted to go beyond the Mayor's secretaries to Governor-elect Tobin yesterday during a press conference in the Mayor's office.

The calls were from Francis E. Kelly, defeated candidate for Attorney General, who has demanded a recount; the Mayor's wife, as important in the Mayor's estimation as anyone and Postmaster General Frank Walker, apparently calling from Washington, D. C.

The first conversation, with Mr. Kelly, lasted at least 20 minutes, and, as one would expect, the defeated candidate did most of the talking, vainly trying to explore, as one could readily gather from the Mayor's conversation, the reasons for his defeat, especially since Clarence A. Barnes, the successful candidate for Attorney General, had been so vigorously opposed by both the C. I. O. and A. F. of L. political activities committees.

During the entire conversation, Mayor Tobin extended his sympathies to the defeated candidate, and went along with him in agreeing he should ask for a recount.

The paradoxical character of such a "party harmony" conversation is borne out when it is recalled that it was only a few years ago—following the 1941 mayoralty election in which Mayor Tobin for a second time defeated James M. Curley—that Mr. Kelly, vigorously sided with Mr. Curley against Mr. Tobin during a recount.

The second conversation which the beaming Governor-Elect engaged in was a short one with his wife about some home and vacation matters, while the third, from Postmaster General Walker, was taken by the Mayor in his private booth. As their conversation was about to end, Mayor Tobin opened the booth door, and said to Mr. Walker, "Well, I'll see you down there then. I'll be at the Hotel Pennsylvania." The Tobins, according to a long observed tradition, are attending the Notre Dame-Army game in New York tomorrow.

Two Jobs at Once

Although it is being unofficially agreed and noised about that the Governor could not be Mayor of Boston at the same time until March 2, in order to avoid the cost of a special election there is apparently no rule which says that City Councilors, who receive $2,000 per year for their activities, cannot hold down other positions.

Most of them practice law or are engaged in other businesses, and three of them, now that the election results are about complete, have become members of the House of Representatives in the Commonwealth's General Court. They are Michael Paul Feeney of ward 18 and Perlie Dyar Chase of ward 4, who were re-elected and a new comer, Maurice H. Sullivan of ward 22, who was elected without opposition. In addition to the Councilor salaries they will receive $3,000 for the year the Legislature is in session, and $500 in the off-year.

Boston police and firemen, on the other hand, are not allowed to hold any "outside" jobs as most other city employees are, because, it is contended, "they have different loyalties to observe in their positions."

Looks as if its another case of, "That's why it's time for a raise," . . . for the police and firemen.

The Lead Changes

Two traditionally Republican wards in Boston are 4 and 5 of the Back Bay, but tradition was upset in this week's election when President Roosevelt did the "unheard of thing" by winning in ward 4. As a result, City Hall newsmen have agreed that the honor of being "leader of the Republican 'minority' in the City Council" which has been accorded to Perlie Dyar Chase of ward 4 up to now, should shift over to James C. Bayley, Jr., of ward 5, whose ward continued to extend its Republican support for Mr. Dewey, and whose own precinct went overwhelmingly against Governor-Elect Tobin.

The choice was not a hard one for the newsmen to make, as Mr. Bayley who has been dubbed as the new Republican "minority leader and "whip" is the only other Republican Councillor on the 22-man Council, the rest of which is Democratic.—**Bertram B. Johansoon.**

Survey Board Member Answers Mahar Criticism

"Any building with masonry walls and interior construction of wood is not a safe building and there are many such in the Boston school system," William L. Connor of the Strayer School Survey Committee said today.

His statement came as a reply to James J. Mahar, Superintendent of Construction of the Department of School Buildings, who last night said in a 12-page report that "in no instance can I find where the Strayer Committee states specifically that any one of these buildings is structurally unsafe."

Mr. Connor, who is the assistant of Dr. George D. Strayer, said today he didn't care to go into hair-splitting matters, "but the details of the report speak for themselves and the findings are sound."

In the report, the Survey Committee recommends the immediate closing of 35 buildings for various reasons, among which were decreased enrollment, better housing for children and a saving in the cost of maintenance.

Salvage of Tin Still Vital in U. S.

Until the Malay tin-producing areas are captured from the Japanese once again, tin will still remain critical among our national salvage needs, B. G. Waters, Jr., Executive-Secretary of the Massachusetts Salvage Committee, said today.

"The Japanese hold about 70 per cent of the land where we used to get tin," Mr. Waters said as he announced collection dates for Boston communities.

The collection dates are as follows:

Boston, Nov. 13-17 (with paper); Chelsea, Nov. 16; Quincy, Nov. 18-20; Melrose and Everett, Nov. 19; Belmont, Nov. 20-25; Brookton, Nov. 20-21; Dedham, Nov. 20; Medford, Nov. 20-24; Needham, Nov. 20-24 (with paper); Waltham, Nov. 20-22; Watertown, Nov. 20-23; Newton and Winthrop, Nov. 21; Revere, Nov. 22-26 (with paper); Winchester, Nov. 22-23; Arlington, Nov. 27-Dec. 2; Brookline and Norwood, regular rubbish collection days, and Scituate, central depot.

Dorchester Marine Awarded Gold Star

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CHERRY POINT, N. C.—Marine Capt. John A. Kidney, son of John P. J. Kidney, Dorchester, Mass., recently was awarded a Gold Star in lieu of a second Air Medal at the Marine Corps station here. The award was made for his achievements as a pilot and section leader operating against the Japanese in the South Pacific early this year.

He led his section in 18 bombing strikes against Japanese shore installations, frequently encountering intense antiaircraft fire. On March 24 and April 1, while participating in attacks against supply areas and airfields near Rabaul, New Britain, he scored damaging hits on gun positions and aided in the destruction of several buildings.

A graduate of Brown University, Captain Kidney enlisted on Jan. 2, 1942, and completed his flight training at Jacksonville, Fla., receiving his wings on Oct. 2, 1942. He is now on duty at this station as a pilot with a unit of the Ninth Marine Aircraft Wing.

Swedish Minister Coming

Wollmar F. Bostrom, Minister of Sweden to the United States, will arrive in Boston Saturday to attend an evening reception and dinner given in his honor at the Copley-Plaza Hotel, it was announced today by the Swedish American Council of Boston. He will also speak at the Gustavus II Adolphus Festival on Sunday afternoon in Jordan Hall.

Miss Buzzell Joins Group of 4 Women Re-elected to House in Bay State

One newcomer, Miss Fannie R. Buzzell of Hudson (R), will join the group of women who were re-elected to the Massachusetts House of Representatives for the coming term. Her election to represent the Tenth Middlesex District and the re-election of four women incumbents brings the number of women who will sit in the House to five, one less than the past term's total.

A young lawyer, Miss Buzzell has served twice before in public office. In 1939 and in 1941 she was appointed Town Counsel for Hudson. Since her graduation from Portia Law School in Boston nine years ago with an LL. D. degree, she has practiced law in her home town.

One of her principal interests during the term will be veterans' problems, working to provide for the employment and education of returning soldiers, according to Miss Buzzell. Farm measures as well as those dealing with manufacturing will receive her close study, since her district, comprising Maynard, Hudson, Stowe, Boxborough, and Littleton and the country round about, includes both types of industry.

Getting other women interested in government, both by holding office and in discussing public issues, has been another of Miss Buzzell's interests. As chairman oft he Republican Town Committee in Hudson she has worked to bring more women into the political picture.

With Miss Buzzell's election, party lines drawn among the five women Representatives will be four Republicans and one Democrat. The Republicans include Mrs. Margaret L. Spear of Newton, of the Fifth Middlesex District; Mrs. Alyce L. Schlapp of Methuen, of the Fourth Essex District, and Mrs. Leslie B. Cutler of Needham, of the Sixth Norfolk District. The only woman Democrat is Mrs. Florence E. Cook of Boston, representing the Twelfth Suffolk District.

Aircraft Work Briefly Halted

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 10 (AP)—Two work stoppages of short duration, apparently resulting from workers' dissatisfaction

Three Coast Guard Officers Praised for Normandy Service

War Activities in New England

Maneuvering vessels into position off beaches in the Bay of the Seine and sinking them to create artificial harbors for the Normandy invasion have brought letters of commendation to three New England Coast Guard officers, delayed dispatches from a British Port announced today.

On a few hours' notice, the Coast Guard statement relates, these officers were taken from the United States where they were preparing to assume command of cutters and given the assignment in the English Channel.

Operating under German shellfire, the vessels—once in position—were sunk within four to six minutes. A total of 23 ships were sunk, each having an average tonnage of 8,000 tons.

The officers receiving the letters of commendation are Lieuts. Charles O. O'Reilly of Roxbury, Benjamin F. Lombard of Medford and Herbert E. Mister of New London, Conn.

British Grateful

Thoughtful and generous treatment of the crews of British ships in Boston by the British War Relief Society is gratefully acknowledged in a recent letter to the society from Lieut. Commander F. P. Litchfield, R. N. Resident British Naval Officer.

Explaining that the British Section of Fargo Barracks will be closing shortly, Lieutenant Commander Litchfield writes:

"I am sure that you have heard personally from the commanding officers concerned and I only want to add my personal tribute. I shall leave this office with a full admiration for American kindness and thoughtfulness in general and especially for the people of Greater Boston."

Honors Awarded

Winning the Distinguished Service Cross for extraordinary heroism in Italy, Staff Sergeant William H. Eastland of Pittsfield leads a lits of nine New England fighting men whose battle actions have brought them honors, according to reports from Army commands yesterday.

in Italy, Staff Sergeant Eastland's exploit which brought him the second highest award in the Army was his "brilliant leadership and daring initiative in the batlle for Tarquinia."

Another Fifth Army fighting man, First Lieut. Thomas K. LeGuern of Dedham, was honored in receiving a promotion to captain. Captain LeGuern is a company commander with the 894th Tank Destroyer Battalion and already holds the Distinguished Service Cross, Air Medal and Purple Heart medal.

Capt. Francis W. Scofield of Newton has won the Distinguished Flying Cross for "extraordinary achievement while participating as a bombardier in an attack upon a railroad bridge near Ferrara, Italy," according to announcement from the 12th Air Force headquarters. Captain Scofield has flown 63 combat missions and has been overseas since November, 1943.

Four Silver Star medals and one Bronze Star medal have been won by New Englanders in infantry units, the War Department announced today. Those listed for the Silver Star Medal are: Private, first class, John A. Knowlan, posthumous, of Stratton, Maine: First Lieut. Richard E. Cardoze of Falmouth; Staff Sergeant Elmer J. Larock of Brandon, Vt., and Second Lieut. Christopher H. Costello of Malden.

Bronze Star medal was awarded to Private Frank Armano, posthumous, of Roslindale. A Legion of Honor award was announced, also, to First Lieut. Dawson C. Glover of Greenwich, Conn. Private, first class, Francis H. Kempf was awarded the Soldier's Medal for rescuing a soldier from drowning in the Tenaru River, Guadalcanal.

Wacs Honored

Among 16 members of a WAC company stationed in Italy, two New Englanders have received Good Conduct medals, a dispatch from Allied Force Headquarters in Italy, announced recently. All are members of a company made up of telephone operators staffing the largest switchboard in the Italian Theater of Operations.

Commandng the company is First Lieut. Sara L. Kruskall of Dorchester. Winners of the ribbons were Privates, first class, Bertha E. Sproul of Somerville and Ellen F. Van Guilder of Ludlow, Vt.

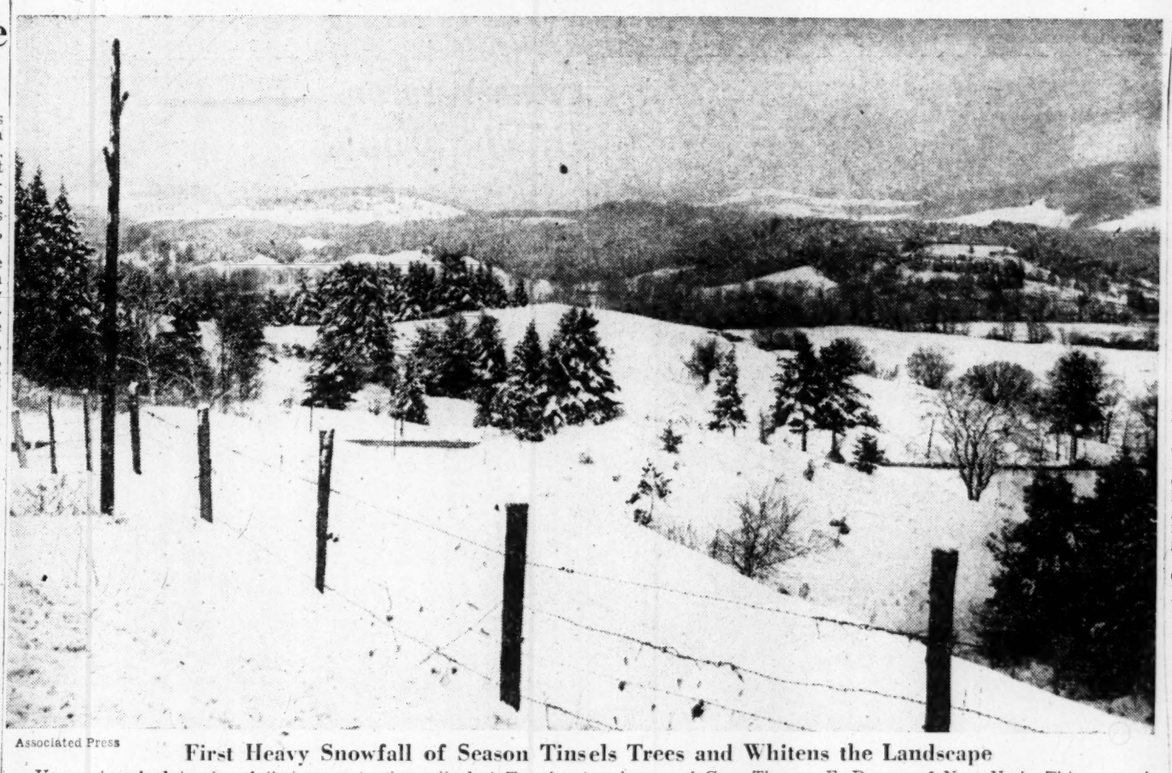
Veteran Selected

More than 150 members of the freshman class at Boston University have elected a war veteran for the class president. Robert Gabine of Cambridge, who served with both the Marine Corps and the Air Corps, was the successful candidate. The class is in the College of Business Administration and Mr. Gabine is the first World War II veteran to be elected to any class presidency, the University announced.

V-Mail Urged

Use V-Mail and maintain the excellency of the mail service to Navy personnel, the First Naval District advises today, explaining that there has been a decline in V-mail use during the past few months. "The Chief of Naval Operations warns that, with forces and operations constantly expanding at this critical time, the exclusive use of air mail will defeat the good service of the past few months," the statement adds.

Vermont Hill and Dale Put On Winter Garb



Associated Press

First Heavy Snowfall of Season Tinsels Trees and Whitens the Landscape

Vermonters had to shovel their way to the polls last Tuesday when a heavy snowfall clogged up roads and paths. But in spite of this, the Republicans were the first out with their shovels and plows, for the Green Mountain State went into the columns of Gov. Thomas E. Dewey of New York. This scene is near Richmond, overlooking the slopes of Mt. Mansfield. The depth was from four to eight inches. In some places this snow will not leave until spring.

Gov. Baldwin of Connecticut Plans 'Friendly Government'

The Week in Connecticut

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 10—Gov. Raymond E. Baldwin will occupy a lonely place in the Connecticut State Capitol during the next two years, but those who know him are predicting an interesting and fruitful administration.

With a Republican House, a Democratic Senate, a Republican Governor and Attorney General, and with Democrats in all the other State offices, Connecticut will have two-party government. It will be a test of Governor Baldwin's "friendly government" idea to maintain friendly relations in his own official family.

There will have to be swaps and compromises, or constant bickering, but the striking demonstration of Governor Baldwin's personal hold on the voters of the State gives him the backing he may need for accomplishing his program.

Connecticut has a recent precedent in the 1930 election of Gov. Wilbur L. Cross, even more isolated than Governor Baldwin is now, since Governor Cross was the only Democratic State official and both houses of the General Assembly were Republican. Governor Cross, by what he liked to call "horse trading," and by going to the people on outstanding issues, managed very comfortably in this unusual political environment and built support that sent him back to the Governor's office for three more terms.

Governor Baldwin, before the election, outlined his specific program for the next two years. Full employment was the first item on his list. He proposes to extend facilities for vocational guidance, training and rehabilitation for war veterans and war workers.

He proposes to expand facilities of the Veterans Home at Rocky Hill, increase State funds for the care of veterans and give State assistance to the Federal programs for care of returning servicemen.

He is pledged to the enactment of a State labor relations law and has promised equalization of State support to local schools.

On finances, his program calls for balancing the budget without new taxes, a plan which is easier of accomplishment now, when the State has a generous surplus, than it was in depression years.

He has said he will encourage private, rather than public, housing construction, will undertake an extensive road construction program and increase the State facilities for public recreation in the parks and forests.

Beano Referendum Loses Out; Biennial Issue Still in Doubt

Continued from Page 1

the beano ban. Only Marlboro and Newburyport voted to remove it. Marlboro by a 2,318 to 2,083 vote in favor while Newburyport voted 1,757 to 1,756 for beano.

To political observers it was interesting that Holyoke favored continuation of the beano ban 6,450 to 5,889, inasmuch as the drive to set aside the anti-beano passed in 1943 was started in Holyoke.

Boston with only one precinct missing of the city's 395 voted for the beano ban 122,241 votes to 61,374.

The biennials question caused more of a split, although 27 cities voted for a return to annual sessions ond 9 favored continuation of biennial sessions.

Cities which favor a return to annual sessions include Attleboro, Boston, Brockton, Cambridge, Chicopee, Everett, Fall River, Gloucester, Haverhill, Holyoke, Lawrence, Leominster, Lowell, Lynn, Malden, Medford, New Bedford, North Adams, Northampton, Peabody, Revere, Salem, Somerville, Taunton, Waltham, Westfield, and Woburn.

Cities backing biennials were Beverly, Fitchburg, Gardner, Marlboro, Melrose, Newburyport, Newton, Quincy, and Worcester.

Boston voted for annual sessions 98,682 to 81,089.

Only Melrose voted against the legislative pardon power extension, all the remaining cities completing their count voting for the pardon proposal. In some communities the margin was narrow.

Thirty-five cities thus far tabulated voted heavily in favor of the simplified ballot question and for the absentee voting by persons physically unable to get to the polls. Boston's tabulation on this issue and on questions No. 2 and 4 was not completed by mid-afternoon.

Lowell Walkout Ends

LOWELL, Mass., Nov. 10 (AP)—Employees of the Merrimac Manufacturing Company have voted to end their week-old walkout and return to work on Monday.

Boston Edison Company says ... use oil wherever and whenever oil is needed. It prolongs the life of electrical appliances. They are priceless today.

Boston Edison Company

School 'Edict' In Cambridge Is Protested

Women's Activities

By Alice Myers

Assistant Woman's Editor of The Christian Science Monitor

While various women's groups in Boston are following with keen interest reports of the Strayer Survey of the Boston school system, the Cambridge League of Women Voters is protesting actions of the Cambridge School Committee which, it says, parallel some of those criticized by the Strayer staff.

In a letter to Mayor John H. Corcoran, Chairman of the Cambridge School Committee, this week, the League protested as "unsound school procedure" the Committee's recent directive addressed to the Superintendent of Schools and to Headmaster Timothy Downey of the High and Latin School. The directive ordered the headmaster to place a certain room at the immediate disposal of the faculty manager of athletics (William Fraser) and ordered the Superintendent to consider revising Mr. Fraser's teaching schedule to facilitate his work as athletic manager.

The League points out in its letter that "educational authorities are agreed that the responsibility for the conduct of the school belongs to administrators chosen by the School Committee." In other words, the League holds, as does the Strayer report, that the duties of a School Committee should be policy-making not administrative. In this case this means that so long as Mr. Downey is retained as headmaster he should be allowed to allocate the rooms in his school and regulate the schedules of his teaching staff as he sees fit.

The directive which the League terms "a precedent for interference in the administration of the schools" originated in the Athletic Subcommittee of the School Committee. According to the League which has been investigating the circumstances, these are the main facts in the case: Mr. Fraser is new as faculty manager of athletics this year. He asked for the job, which carries an additional salary of $500. When Mr. Downey allocated to him a different room than the one which his predecessor had had last year, Mr. Fraser complained to the Athletic Committee which in turn ordered Mr. Downey to give Mr. Fraser the room the latter wanted.

Mr. Downey, however, believing there were good reasons for the different assignment of rooms, wrote a letter to the Athletic Committee asking for a hearing at which he could present those reasons. He never received an answer to this letter, according to the League, and the next thing he knew he received the directive which the League is now protesting.

Concluding its letter to the Mayor, the League says it "wishes to point out that such a directive is not in the best interests of the public schools of Cambridge and hopes that the School Committee will wish to review the matter and rescind its action."

The League is disappointed to report that at the School Committee meeting last Monday a request from Mr. Downey to appear at a public hearing was rejected as it had been earlier by the Athletic Subcommittee.

Junior League

Mrs. Charles Munroe, field director and co-ordinator of community service for the Association of Junior Leagues of America, will be in Boston Nov. 27-30 to conduct a series of institutes for board members, the Boston League announced today. Mrs. Munroe also will meet with community leaders outside the League in the interest of furthering the League's community service.

B. & P. W. Club Heads

New England will be represented among the chairmen of the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs by Miss Marion F. Holmes of Rochester, N. H., Finance Chairman. Other heads of standing committees announced this week by Miss Margaret A. Hickey, President, are: Program Co-ordination, Margaret Culkin Banning of Duluth, Minn.; Health, Dr. Irma Jean Nevins, Pittsburgh, Kans.; International Relations, Miss Josephine Schain; Public Affairs, Mrs. Ellen S. Woodward of Washington; Membership, Miss Wilma L. Zimmerman, Tacoma, Wash.; News Service, Mrs. Grace Allen Bangs, New York City. Chairmen for two special committees were also named: Fact-Finding Service, Helen Baker of Princeton, N. J.; Radio, M. Margariete Ralls, Columbus, Ohio.

Schoolboys Form 'Busy Line' For New-Phone-Book Parade

One of Boston's biggest distribution jobs will begin Nov. 13 when about 475,000 copies of the new 1944-45 issue of the Boston and Vicinity Telephone Directory will be delivered to an estimated 360,000 homes and places of business within an area of approximately 450 square miles.

Due to the manpower shortage this year, delivery of the new phone directories will be made almost entirely by schoolboys, schoolteachers, and housewives, who will work in their spare time under supervision of experienced distributors. Between 400 and 500 boys and from 250 to 350 adults will take over the job normally handled by 300 delivery men working full time for a 10- or 12-day period. It is expected the job will be completed about Dec. 1.

Old Books for Salvage

Many of the boys will work from directory stockpiles delivered to their homes, while others, and most of the adults, will work out of 35 distributing depots set up throughout the directory area, which includes the communities shown on the map in the front of the book.

A very important part of the delivery job this year will be the recovery of old directories for paper salvage. Last year, 70 per cent, or 625 tons, of old books were recovered.

In all, about 7,000 new listings have been added, and many changes have been recorded. Listings start, as with the present volume, with "A. A. A." The first surname is, as in the current book, that of Dr. M. E. Aaberg. But he has moved to 36 Renwick Road, and has a new number. The last name in the present book, Zzyzton, has been replaced in the new directory with Zynsky. Between these two listings are the 387,000 other names.

New Directory Gray

Many telephone customers with more than one phone are forgoing their normal number of directories (one a phone) to help save paper this year, and thus the number of copies has been cut down from nearly 525,000 to about 475,000.

The new directory will have a gray cover. This color and the green of the old directory are used alternately. The 816 white pages contain approximately 387,000 listings. The classified section, with 564 yellow pages, and the cover and introductory pages, make a total of 1,384 pages.

One of the new features this year will be the description of the new audible signal which goes into effect the middle of November as a means of informing dial telephone users when, as occasionally happens, their misdialing gives them a "wrong exchange." The signal is a tone of rising and falling pitch, somewhat like that of a siren. It is called the "no-such-office" signal.

Listings for the United States Government, greatly increased during the war, have been rearranged for greater ease in reference.

About 1,300 tons of paper were required to print the 560,000 directories required for initial distribution and future replacements. The printed number has been held to a minimum, and for this reason the public is being asked to handle the directories carefully to avoid replacements.

Book Widely Distributed

Besides the delivery in the Greater Boston area, the Boston directory is widely distributed in other parts of the country. Altogether, this runs to about 5,500 copies, many of which go to military and naval training centers and hospitals and to Telephone Centers where service men and women may have ready access to them.

When the new directories arrive, and those delivering are unable to recover the old books, the Telephone Company recommends that customers, themselves, see that the old books are promptly put into paper salvage. Before discarding them, it is also recommended that they be looked through for any articles of value that might have been tucked between the pages.

The Company also recommends that each customer check his own listing for accuracy, and notify the Company if it is inaccurate in any respect. Persons who keep lists of numbers are reminded to check them against the new directory and make whatever changes they may find necessary.

Boston Taxes Were 86 P. C. Paid by Nov. I

Boston's favorable showing in tax collections as of Nov. 1 points toward a favorable record for the whole year, the Boston Municipal Research Bureau said today.

In reviewing tax collection experience in Boston within recent years, the Research Bureau noted that $49,944,858 or 86 per cent of the current levy of $58,043,483 had been collected up to deadline time on Nov. 1.

This is slightly better than the collection of $50,018,000 or 83.7 per cent of the 1943 levy of $59,774,862, and is a contrast to the 55.8 per cent collection of only $35,101,499 in the depression year of 1934.

"Good collections mean that city finances are going in the right direction," the Bureau said, but warned that since current collections reflect wartime prosperity, "Tax collections cannot be expected in the postwar period if property valuations are maintained at current levels and real estate taxes are levied at prevailing rates.

"The basic problem in Massachusetts is one of real estate taxation," the Bureau continued. "It is hoped that the special recess commission on real estate taxation will present specific proposals to the next session of the Legislature to relieve the overworked general property tax."

Life Underwriters Head Lists Ways To Avoid Inflation

Seven points for consumers to follow to defend themselves and the nation against inflation were outlined here today by Montague P. Ford, president of the Boston Life Underwriters Association.

The anti-inflation program Mr. Ford cited was this:

(1) Buy and hold War Bonds to lend our country the money it needs now to fight the war to victory. (2) Pay willingly your share of taxes, including increased taxes, that our country needs. (3) Provide for your own and your family's future by adequate life insurance and savings. (4) Reduce your debts as much as possible and avoid making needless new ones. (5) Buy only what you need and make what you have last longer. (6) Live faithfully by the rationing rules to conserve goods of which there are shortages. (7) Co-operate with our Government's price and wage stabilization program.

"Inflation is an economic condition that brings disaster to our standards of living," Mr. Ford added. "It is as much our enemy as the Nazis or Japanese. The war on inflation needs the enlistment of all of us in an army pledged to prevent rising prices.

"In simple language, inflation is the result of too much money and too little goods. The only way to combat this problem is to keep surplus money out of circulation." Mr. Ford decried reckless spending and strongly urged savings.

Few Veteran Applications Filed for Hyannis School

Lack of applications from veterans for training in the Hyannis Technical school has caused an indefinite postponement of its opening, the Massachusetts Department of Education announced today.

The school, first of its kind to be organized in Massachusetts, was scheduled to open on Nov. 7. However, the actual number who desired to enter the school on that date was too small to warrant the operation of the school, the announcement stated.

Mrs. True Worthy White

Mrs. True Worthy White, who passed on in Gloucester yesterday, was a leader and long active in civic and women's affairs in Boston. She was a pioneer in woman's suffrage.

A native of Hopkinson, N. Y., Mrs. White made her home near Boston for more than 50 years. An authority on Russian literature, Mrs. White was for many years chairman of the literature department of the General Federation of Women's Club.

A life-long supporter of woman's suffrage, she organized the first group in Arlington and became publicity director of the Massachusetts Women's Suffrage Association. Besides being the author of a small textbook known as "Massachusetts Primer of Citizenship and Government," for two years she edited a weekly page in a Boston newspaper.

U. S. Forced to Use Jute Sacks As Many Mail Bags 'Take Trip'

Shipment of thousands of mail sacks to American armed forces has made such a dent in the supply of pouches in New England that Uncle Sam has had to seek substitutes, Postmaster Patrick J. Connelly of Boston said today.

Jute bags are appearing at post offices here and it is said to be the first time that such a type of sack has been used for this purpose. While the jute bags pick up dust and dirt and the wearing qualities are not up to the cotton sack, they are "dressed up" with a patent collar and lock, according to Postmaster Connelly.

Farsightedness of postal officials at Washington is credited by Postmaster Connelly with preparation for the shortage of pouches. Cotton is definitely a war material.

Based on experience last year, post office officials estimated that with the substantial increase in armed forces overseas, the national need for pouches to carry Christmas gifts and cards alone to far distant parts of the world would be about 18,000,000 sacks.

With that many pouches taken out of "circulation" in established domestic routes throughout the United States and with small likelihood of their being returned to this country for at least two months, postal officials foresaw the shortage and prepared for it.

Orders have been issued to 60,000 postmasters throughout the land to prevent the holding of any empty mail pouches at any point, and to be sure that every one is promptly returned, Mr. Connelly said.

An average of 12 gift packages are contained in each mail pouch, he said. In all, about 75,000 sacks were sent out of New England alone during the recent movement of Christmas gifts to personnel of the armed forces overseas, said Mr. Connelly. This is far greater than any previous "export" volume in history.

Club to Honor Secretary

The Advertising Club of Boston will devote its entire program at its next Tuesday's luncheon at the Hotel Statler to honoring Jeanette Gold who is celebrating her Silver Anniversary as Secretary of the Club.

6,000 Boston 'Paper Troopers' Aim To Hit New Salvage Record This Month

Determined to have Boston exceed its record paper collection of 1,554,460 pounds which was amassed last month, 6,000 Boston schoolboys, enlisted as Paper Troopers, redoubled their efforts today for next week's campaign.

Canvassing approximately 50 homes each in their respective districts, the boys began reminding families of the date of paper collections in their wards and urging that everyone should set out his much-needed wastepaper, including the valuable waste basket papers.

Twenty-two school principals acting as ward administrators have organized the schoolboy efforts.

"It is particularly important," said George G. Hyland, Chairman of the Boston Salvage Committee, "that we make November paper collections the highest ever, since winter weather usually makes collecting very difficult."

Meanwhile, it was announced by Mr. Hyland that $57,116 have been contributed to charities in the City since the organization of the Boston Salvage Committee. A sum of $10,000 has been pledged to the United War Fund which last year received a like amount, $11,300 was given to the Red Cross, $10,000 for providing hot lunches for undernourished children, and $11,000 contributed for free summer vacations for children whose parents could not afford to send them away. About $2,000, according to the report, has been contributed to the Massachusetts Committee on Infantile Paralysis, and smaller donations made to several other charities.

Ration Dates for Consumers

Meats and Fats—Book No. 4 Red stamps A8 through Z8 and A5 through P5 now valid and worth 10 points each, regardless of numbers printed on them. Good indefinitely. Red tokens may be used as change. No more red stamps will be validated until Dec. 3.

Canned Goods—Blue stamps A8 through Z5, and also A5 through W5 in Book 4, worth 10 points each, now valid, good indefinitely. No more blue stamps then until Dec. 1.

Sugar—Stamps 30 through 33 in Book 4 now valid for five pounds each; good indefinitely.

Stamp No. 40 in Book 4 now valid for five pounds for home canning. Good through Feb. 28, 1945.

Issuance of sugar for home canning ended Oct. 31. A new program for home canning will be announced Jan. 1.

Fuel Oil—Aug. 31, 1945, last day for Period Four and Period Five coupons of 1943-44 issue. Period I coupons of 1944-45 issue now valid. All coupons worth 10 gallons a unit.

Gasoline—No. A13 coupons for four gallons each now valid; expire Dec. 21.

Serially numbered B4, B5, C4 and C5 coupons now good for five gallons each. Expiration dates vary. Each coupon must be indorsed in ink with State and registration number.

Shoes—Stamps 1, 2, and 3 on "Airplane" sheet of Book 3 now valid for one pair each. Both good indefinitely.

Tires—New prewar and synthetic tires now restricted to "B" and "C" gasoline ration bookholders. "A" bookholders now eligible for used tires. Tubes now ration free.

Child Labor Penalty Paid

Violation of the child labor provisions of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act brought payment of $5,040 in liquidated damages by firms in New England last month, it was reported here today by Leo A. Gleason, Regional Director of the Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions of the United States Department of Labor.

OPEN HOUSE
Armistice Day—Saturday
NOVEMBER 11th—1 P. M. to 9 P. M.

MADE IN OUR OWN FACTORY
...New Winter Coats...
Featuring FAMOUS FABRICS—100% Wool With the Most Beautiful FUR COLLARS
In the Newest Shades—Grey, Green, Blues, Brown, Black, Teal
IN THE MOST WANTED STYLES
At Factory-to-You Prices
• TUXEDO STYLES • FITTED STYLES
• CHESTERFIELDS • TAILORED STYLES
Misses' and Women's Suits A Splendid Assortment of Dresses

GORDON Mfg. Co.
FRAMINGHAM CENTRE • Open every evening until 9 P. M.
Branch Salesrooms 2 Foster St., Worcester, Mass. Branch Store 23 Factory St., Nashua, N. H.

NONE OF OUR AGENTS NEED A REDCAP

Quincy Mutual agents carry brief cases—and not overnight bags. The reason? Because they live *right in your community*. That means you can deal with friends and neighbors who know your needs first hand. Then, too, if you have a claim to file, just pick up your phone and your agent's there. For more than 93 years Quincy Mutual has paid all losses promptly, never assessed a policy and has always passed on savings as high as 20%. All policies now issued are non-assessable. Agents everywhere in New England to serve you. See your local agent now.

QUINCY MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
FOUNDED 1861
Quincy 69, Massachusetts
SAVE FOR WAR BONDS TO SAVE AMERICA!

UPTOWN SHOPPING GUIDE
Back Bay Section of Boston

PEPPER GRINDER
An unusual and inexpensive gift made of light wood with steel fittings.
ONLY $2.95
studio shop
uptown 125 mass. ave. copley square 557 boylston street
boston, mass.

Cumberland Drug Co.
A. S. Brown, Prop.
196 Huntington Avenue, Boston
Complete Line of Toiletries
FOUNTAIN SERVICE - LIGHT LUNCHES

PAPPAS BROS.
6 Clearway Street
Fine Shoe Repairing
HATS Cleaned and Blocked

AUTO REPAIRING
Complete Lubrication Service
Special Motor Tune-up
Brake and Battery Service
Washing
FALMOUTH ST. GARAGE
Cor. Falmouth & W. Newton Sts. KEN. 2592

Dependable WATCH REPAIRING
We are also showing a fine selection of Watches for Ladies and Gentlemen
LUND Jewelers 222 Clarendon St. Ken. 7928

Back the Attack with MORE War Bonds

FANEUIL FRUIT EX.
A Conveniently Located Store
259 Mass. Avenue Boston

We invite you to make your next appointment at our new beauty salon.
NOR-WAY BEAUTY SALON
248 Huntington Ave., Boston Com. 9335

GILL BROS.
FRUIT AND VEGETABLES
268 Mass Ave., Boston COM. 9671
The Best in Quality at Right Prices
OTHER STORES IN LYNN AND LOWELL

AMERICA'S BEST KNOWN
Douglas Shoes
191 MASSACHUSETTS AVE.
Opposite Christian Science Publishing House
Open Evenings

For Your Convenience
If the article or service you need is not found in this issue call
COMmonwealth 4330
Hours 8 to 4:45 daily, except Saturday
and information will gladly be given regarding local and general advertisers in this paper.
The Christian Science Monitor
One, Norway Street, Boston 15, Mass.

'Laffing Room Only!'—'Our Hearts Were Young and Gay'—Hollywood Letter

New Olsen and Johnson Show In Premiere at the Shubert

By Edwin F. Melvin

An Olsen and Johnson show is something like a circus. But there is one important difference. An audience merely goes to a circus; at an O. and J. musical jamboree they frequently find themselves right down in the center ring.

"Laffing Room Only!" which the two funny men brought to the Shubert last evening in a joint production with the Messrs. Shubert, is no exception to that rule. Perhaps there is not so much audience participation as in "Hellzapoppin" and "Sons o' Fun." It's difficult to judge those things. But there is enough to satisfy all normal tastes.

Members of the cast are all over the house, falling out of upper boxes, rushing up and down the aisles, leading the audience in song, and inviting them to participate in a bit of dancing. Blank cartridges are being fired every other minute. Florida oranges are distributed as an offset to propaganda from the stage for California. Squirt guns, fortunately confined to the stage, drench the long-suffering Chic Johnson. And even a custard pie, or something of similar consistency, is thrown into action.

The show falls into two rather sharply divided classifications. The dancing, arranged by Robert Alton, who is one of the best in the business, is of high quality. So, too, is the general design of the production, devised by Stewart Chaney and directed by John Murray Anderson. The settings are attractive; and the costumes are colorful and costly. The music by Burton Lane is not remarkable, but most of it is agreeable. The vocal arrangements by Fred Waring, sung by his glee club, are pleasant to hear. But on the other side of the ledger, the humor is what might be described as elemental, frequently resorting to anatomical and plumbing jokes.

The two kinds of entertainment do not mix well. They seem to build up conflicting moods. Perhaps the abrupt contrast between the general tastefulness of the production numbers and the sudden interludes of elaborately boisterous low comedy is the explanation of lack of response which was sometimes to be noted at the first performance. The change in appeal may be too sharp to be bridged with ease. Or perhaps it is because this was a first performance anywhere and the timing still needs attention.

The two comedians do start off with a bang, entering through a hole blown in a brick wall backstage. And when the show is going at its best they have the audience on edge. They take part in more skits than probably even they can remember without a look at the program. The gadgets they employ would stock a Rube Goldberg exhibition.

There are some other capable people in the company, too. Two of the cleverest of them are Mati and Hari, pantomimic dance team, who have a satirical Hindu number and an ingenious imitation of an Olympic sports newsreel. Betty Garrett does most of the singing and does it well. Perhaps the best of her melodies is "Stop That Dancing," accompanied by a series of ballet sketches arranged by Mr. Alton. There is also an attractively costumed ballet number based on the Boston Tea Party, and another effectively mounted dance in a throw-back to "Tobacco Road." Ida James has a couple of songs which she does cleverly, but her voice is hardly large enough.

Willie, West, and McGinty are on hand with their bricklaying routine, and the piano movers find a place in the program. A trained bear puts in appearance. A balloon man comes on for some Italian dialect comedy. Acrobats are going through their feats of strength at the same time that a singer and harpist, (Frank Libuse) are presumably trying to get through a bit of music. Mr. Libuse rushes on and off during the show and even keeps up his labors in the intermission. A group of so-called Russian art players pop up at intervals with an execution which never is completed. In short it's another Olsen and Johnson kaleidoscope running through an evening that seems about as consecutive as a dream.

'Laffing Room Only!'

At the Shubert — Musical show presented by the Messrs. Shubert and Olsen and Johnson, starring Ole Olsen and Chic Johnson, and featuring Frank Libuse, Betty Garrett, Mata and Hari, Willie, West and McGinty, Ethel Owen, William Archibald, Kathryn Lee, Pat Brewster, Ida James, Charles O'Donnell, Lou Wills, Jr., Harry Burns, Margot Brander, Penny Edwards, Kenny Buffett, Frances Henderson, Catherine Johnson, and Fred Waring's Glee Club. Staged by John Murray Anderson, dances by Robert Alton, production designed by Stewart Chaney, costumes designed by Billy Livingston, comedy directed by Edward Cline.

Vandamm

Fredric March

As Major Joppolo in "A Bell for Adano," due at Wilbur Monday

'Sweet Land' Music By Elie Siegmeister

Elie Siegmeister, who arranged the score, composed special music, and will conduct the orchestra for "Sing Out, Sweet Land," the Theater Guild musical which comes Monday to the Colonial, is a composer with many orchestral, choral, dramatic, and chamber work to his credit.

A native New Yorker, he spends most of each year in Brooklyn and the Catskills. The rest of the time he travels about the country, giving concerts with his American Ballad Singers.

Traces of jazz, boogie woogie, cowboy tunes, old white spirituals, and Negro folk blues are found, it is said, in his new "American Sonata." His recently published "Ozark Set" has "Morning in the Hills" as a first movement, and finally "Saturday Night."

He has written music about such figures as Johnny Appleseed, Paul Bunyan, Davy Crockett, Nancy Hanks, Abraham Lincoln, and Walt Whitman.

He was born in New York in 1909, earned a Phi Beta Kappa key at Columbia, won a three-year fellowship at the Juilliard Graduate School of Music, and continued his work in Paris. He studied and traveled in France, Germany, Austria, and Italy. When he came back to America in the early 1930's he gave concerts of new American music in empty lofts and abandoned stores to shipping clerks, house painters, stenographers, and college students. These people heard first performances of his "Strange Funeral in Braddock," "North Pole Flight," and other compositions later performed over radio networks.

He has directed radio, concert, and choral ensembles, conducted music for films and his own scores for "Created Equal" (the Federal Theater's Living Newspaper), the operetta, "Maid in Japan," and the pageant, "Golden Doors," staged at Madison Square Garden. He has taught at Brooklyn College and the New School.

He is the founder, arranger, and conductor of the American Ballad Singers.

Film Version Of Kimbrough-Skinner Story

A slender but bright and amusing comedy about the adventures and misadventures of Cornelia Otis Skinner and Emily Kimbrough as a pair of innocent European tourists back in the 1920's has been made from their autobiographical book, "Our Hearts Were Young and Gay." The film, which is now at the Metropolitan, does not attempt to relate all of the incidents described in the book but it includes enough of them to give a faithful impression of the tenor of the original story. Occasionally perhaps the picture tends to make the humor more obvious than it was on the printed page. And at times the ingenuousness of the young ladies may seem a bit on the incredible side. But the general result is entertaining.

The film benefits from the choice of Gail Russell and Diana Lynn to play the roles of the youthful Miss Skinner and her even more inexperienced fellow traveler, Miss Kimbrough. Miss Russell looks enough like Miss Skinner so that she might easily be taken for the now famous daughter of Otis Skinner. Miss Lynn does not have to cope with a similar problem of resemblance, but she has an engaging naivete that adds considerably to the amusement.

The adventures of the two girls on shipboard are described at considerable length. Much, for instance, is made of the concealed handbags in which they carry their money and passports. Their difficulty in trying to restore unobserved the pocketbook of an elder passenger provides the material for a lengthy sequence. Their innocent romances with a pair of likable young men receive a fair share of attention. And their surprise when they are met at the dock in England by Mr. and Mrs. Skinner is amusingly depicted.

Most of the emphasis during their English visit is given to their effort to solve the problem of heating water in a coin-in-the-slot gas machine, their purchase of a couple of immense white cloaks which shed handfuls of rabbit fur wherever they go, and their difficulties with the maze at Hampden Court.

Their adventures in Paris turn chiefly on their predicament when they are marooned on a tower at Notre Dame for the night, and the misunderstandings which follow when they return to their hotel the next morning.

Charles Ruggles gives an impressive appearance as Otis Skinner, and Dorothy Gish portrays the understandable concern of Mrs. Skinner. The two young men whom the girls meet on shipboard are likably set forth by James Brown and Bill Edwards. Beulah Bondi and Alma Kruger add to the general effect with their impersonation of two elder travelers.

The other feature, "National Barn Dance," is based on the radio program of that name. The cast includes Jean Heather, Charles Quigley, Robert Benchley, Mabel Paige, and Charles Dingle.

E. F. M.

'Barbary Coast Gent'

M-G-M offers a comedy version of a standard Western plot—the regenerate road agent whose past overtakes him—in "Barbary Coast Gent," at the State and Orpheum.

Wallace Beery plays a reformed stage coach robber. He is fond of Lil Damish, who runs a gambling house in San Francisco, and goes to Nevada to prove that he can make good as an honest man. He discovers a mine that makes everybody in Goldtown, Nevada, rich; lays the cornerstone of a new jail, and becomes its first inmate. For, although he is the town's first citizen, he gets a token sentence for holding up six stages to obtain money to finance the mine. Lil assures him that she will be waiting for him.

The director, Roy Del Ruth, and everybody in the cast evidently had a holiday in making this picture. Every Western stock item is given a slight push sideways. Mr. Beery plays his unctuous and expansive role with gusto; Binnie Barnes is humorously dashing as Lil, and John Carradine sardonically cheerful.

M-G-M's latest addition to the Maisie series, "Maisie Goes to Reno," the other feature, proves passable entertainment for a serial.

Ann Sothern as sprightly Maisie gives a trick story animation and considerable credibility, though she is called upon to put over some cumbersome and none-too-palatable material in the course of Maisie's vacation in Reno from her job as riveter in a plane factory. She spends her vacation singing with a night club band, falling in love with the dealer in a gambling house (John Hodiak), and rescuing a bride from schemers who try to get hold of some of her millions. All turns out well, though Maisie for a time has to struggle against the general belief that she is mildly deranged.

Mr. Hodiak goes through most of the story showing the gambler in a state of exasperation caused by the queer behavior of Maisie. Even less rewarding is the part of Maisie in the latter half of the picture, when the plot requires a drunken forger, impersonations, and mistaken identity to make it work. Only Miss Sothern's gift for casual comedy makes this mechanical melodramatic farce tolerable. The good cast includes Ava Gardiner, Tom Drake, Marta Linden, Paul Cavanaugh, and Donald Meek.

© Loew's, Inc.

Ann Sothern and Tom Drake

In "Maisie Goes to Reno," film at the State and Orpheum

At the Telepix

Short subjects at the Telepix beginning today include "Greece Liberated," "Bonnie Lassie," a film on aluminum, color cartoon, "The Wacs," Walt Disney's "Pluto," a picture on wrestling, and another on Hawaii, and a digest of world news.

Victory Concert

Edith Stearns, pianist, and Camille Girouard, baritone, will be the artists for the Victory Concert for members of the Armed Forces at the Museum of Fine Arts Sunday at 3 p. m. Alice Girouard will be the accompanist for the singer.

Today on Short Waves

Melbourne—8:00 a. m.—News. VLC6, 9.51 meg., 31.4 m.

Chungking—12:15 p. m.—Talk in English. XGOY, 9.61 meg., 31.1 m.

London—6:00 p. m.—Freedom Forum. GSU, 7.26 meg., 41.3 m.; GRH, 9.82 meg., 30.5 m.; GVX, 11.93 meg., 25.1 m.; GSL, 6.11 meg., 49.1 m.

Moscow—6:47, p. m.—Program in English. 15.2 meg., 19.7 m.

Caracas—7:00 p. m.—Music and Comedy. YV5RN, 4.92 meg., 60.9 m.

Moscow—8:00 p. m.—Comments in English. 11.94 meg., 25.11 m.

London—8:30 p. m.—World Affairs. A talk by Wickham Steed. GSU, 7.26 meg., 41.3 m.; GRH, 9.82 meg., 30.5 m.; GVX, 11.93 meg., 25.1 m.; GSL, 6.11 meg., 49.1 m.

Melbourne—9:45 p. m.—News; Talks; Music. VLC7, 11.84 meg., 2.53 m.

Guatemala—11:15 p. m.—Comedy in Spanish. TGWA, 9.68 meg., 31 m.

London—11:30 p. m.—Band of R. A. F. Bomber Command. GSU, 7.26 meg., 41.3 m.; GRH, 9.82 meg., 30.5 m.; GSL, 6.11 meg., 49.1 m.; GRC, 2.88 meg., 104.2 m.

Owing to conditions abroad, some of these programs may be subject to change.

'Susie Slagle' In Production At Paramount

By Frank Daugherty

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Hollywood, Calif.

After flirting with several title changes, Paramount has decided to release Augusta Tucker's novel, "Miss Susie Slagle," under its own name. The picture is now in production with Sonny Tufts, Veronica Lake, Lillian Gish, Joan Caufield, and about 35 young contract players in the cast.

The novel dealt with a rooming house and a group of college students in Baltimore in the years from 1910 to 1914. It related what happened to each of the students. The picture will dispense with Baltimore, and will be laid in "just any eastern city." The stories of the students will still be related.

The story is essentially one of young people. But it also gives Miss Gish the best role she has had since her return to the screen a few years ago. She plays Miss Slagle.

Lillian Gish is one of the most famous of all motion picture names. She was the central figure in such pictures as "The Birth of a Nation," "Intolerance," "Broken Blossoms," and "Way Down East." It has been estimated that pictures in which she has appeared have earned nearly 70 million dollars.

She left the screen in 1930 to act on Broadway and abroad, and spent eight years overseas. Her stage vehicles included Chekhov's "Uncle Vanya," Ophelia in John Gielgud's production of "Hamlet," Sean O'Casey's "Within the Gates," and Maxwell Anderson's "Star Wagon." She returned to Hollywood for "The Commandos Strike at Dawn."

John Houseman, producer of the present picture, is a former writer with Orson Welles in the Mercury Theater, of which he was a co-founder. Scenarists are Hugo Butler, Anne Froelich, and Ted Strauss. The director is John Berry.

Mr. Berry also worked with Mr. Houseman and Mr. Welles in the Mercury Theater and subsequently acted and directed in the summer theaters, after he refused to accompany the Messrs. Welles and Houseman to Hollywood for "Citizen Kane."

He had directed the Welles production of "Native Son" in Chicago, and was directing "Cry Havoc" there when he was seen by a Paramount scout and was brought on to Hollywood last year. The intervening time he has spent on the sets of other directors. This is his first production.

'Laffing Room' Extended

The Boston engagement of "Laffing Room Only!" has been extended for another week, carrying the booking at the Shubert now up to Saturday, Dec. 9.

Christian Science Program

For Saturday, November 11

12:00 noon—WNAC (1260 kc)—Special, transcribed program presented under the auspices of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts.

AMUSEMENTS

BOSTON (MOVIES)

LOEW'S STATE & ORPHEUM
Doors: Orpheum 9:15 a. m. Open: State 11:15 a. m.
M-G-M's Terrific Western Thriller!
WALLACE BEERY
"BARBARY COAST GENT"
with
BINNIE BARNES
JOHN CARRADINE
TWO M-G-M HITS IN ONE BIG SHOW
Fun and Kisses!
"MAISIE GOES TO RENO"
starring
ANN SOTHERN
John Hodiak • Tom Drake

KEITH MEMORIAL
JUNE HAVER • DICK HAYMES
MONTY WOOLLEY
IRISH EYES ARE SMILING
IN TECHNICOLOR
JEANNE CRAIN in "IN THE MEANTIME, DARLING"

NOW! METROPOLITAN
Gail RUSSELL • Diana LYNN
'Our Hearts Were Young & Gay'
plus: "THE NATIONAL BARN DANCE"

PARAMOUNT • FENWAY
Hedy LAMARR • Paul HENREID
"THE CONSPIRATORS"
Plus "DARK MOUNTAIN"

EXETER KEN 7067
HELD OVER!
ANN BARDING EDWARD ARNOLD JOYCE REYNOLDS
"JANIE"
"SECRET MISSION"
HUGH WILLIAMS JAMES MASON CARLA LEHMANN

UPTOWN Hunt. & Mass. Aves. Very Popular Prices
DON AMECHE-DANA ANDREWS
'WING and a PRAYER'
Jerry Colonna-"ATLANTIC CITY"

BOSTON (Kenmore Sq.)

KENMORE 777 BEACON ST. AIR CONDITIONED
ERROL FLYNN UNCERTAIN GLORY PAUL LUKAS
Latest Burgess Meredith Three Men in White

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

UNIVERSITY KIR. 4580 HARVARD SQ.
Spencer Tracy "The SEVENTH CROSS"
PHIL BAKER in "TAKE IT OR LEAVE IT"

Managers of *Theaters* advertised in The Christian Science Monitor appreciate your identifying yourself as a reader of the Monitor.

BOSTON (STAGE)

PLYMOUTH Eves. 8:30—Mat. Tom'w
MAX GORDON Presents "THE LATE GEORGE APLEY"
by JOHN P. MARQUAND-GEO. S. KAUFMAN
A Play of American Life Based on Mr. Marquand's Pulitzer Prize Novel
Staged by Mr. Kaufman • Settings by Stewart Chaney

SHUBERT • Eves. 8:30—Mat. Tom'w
SEATS NOW AT BOX OFFICE THROUGH SAT. DEC. 9
OLSEN & JOHNSON in "LAFFING ROOM ONLY"

WILBUR BEG. MON. NOV. 13 Seats NOW at Box Office
LELAND HAYWARD presents
FREDRIC MARCH in A Bell for Adano
by PAUL OSBORN
Based on JOHN HERSEY'S Best-Selling Novel
with MARGO
Eves.: $3.60, 3.00, 2.40, 1.80, 1.20. Mats. Wed. (Nov. 15) and Thurs. (Nov. 23): $2.40, 1.80, 1.20. Sat. Mats.: $3, 2.40, 1.80, 1.20.

COLONIAL—LAST 3 TIMES EVES. 8:30
TOMORROW THE WORLD
Stephen CHASE—Barbara ROBBINS
Eves. 1.20 to 3.00. Mat. Sat. 1.20 to 2.40

COLONIAL • NOV. 13 • SEATS NOW
The THEATRE GUILD presents
THE ALL-AMERICAN MUSICAL
Sing Out, Sweet Land!
By WALTER KERR
with ALFRED DRAKE
Evenings: $1.20 to $4.20 (Tax inc.)—Mats. Thurs. & Sat. $1.20 to $3.00

BOSTON
NOTICE/
Due to Unforeseen Circumstances
Richard CROOKS' Concert Is POSTPONED to
SAT. EVE., DEC. 9, at Symphony Hall
Tickets for Sun. will be good on above date

Jordan Hall Box Office 10:30 to 5:30
Tonight 8:30-Tom'w 2:30
ARGENTINITA
And Entire Company
SPANISH DANCERS
WILLIAM KAPELL—Sun. Aft., Nov. 19

BOSTON (CONCERTS)

SYMPHONY HALL — COM. 1492
TODAY 2:30—TOM'W 8:30
Boston Symphony ORCHESTRA
SERGE KOUSSEVITZKY—Conductor
Soloist—WILLIAM PRIMROSE—Viola

DANCING

TOTEM POLE
Norumbega Park, Auburndale, Mass.
DANCING TONITE and Tomorrow
THANKSGIVING WEEK
4 Big Nites of Dancing
Wed., Thurs., Fri. and Sat.

NEW YORK (STAGE)

"A ROARING HIT"—Time Magazine
BLOOMER GIRL
—HAROLD ARLEN—E. Y. HARBURG, Songs
CELESTE HOLM MARGARET DOUGLAS JOAN McCRACKEN DAVID BROOKS
DOOLEY WILSON MABEL TALIAFERRO MATT BRIGGS
SHUBERT Theatre, West 44th St. CI. 6-5990
Evgs. 8:30—Mon. thru Thur. $1.20 to $5.40; Fri. & Sat. $1.20 to $6. Tax Incl. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

THE THEATRE GUILD presents
ETHEL BARRYMORE in EMBEZZLED HEAVEN
A New Play by L. BUSH-FEKETE & MARY HELEN FAY. Based on a novel by FRANZ WERFEL
with ALBERT BASSERMAN
NATIONAL Thea., 41st West of Broadway
Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Thursday and Saturday 2:30

BROCK PEMBERTON presents
FRANK FAY in HARVEY
A New Comedy by MARY CHASE
with JOSEPHINE HULL
Directed by ANTOINETTE PERRY
48th ST. THEATRE, E. of B'way. BR. 9-4566
Evgs. 8:40-$1.20 to 4.20 tax incl. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:40

"DAZZLING . . . GORGEOUS."—Brown, Sun.
Sonja Henie & Arthur M. Wirtz present
HATS OFF TO ICE
75c, $1.25 and $1.65 Plus Tax
Saturday Eves. Only: 75c to $2.40 Plus Tax
Eves. 8:40; Sun. 8:15 No Monday Perf.
Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:40; Sun. 3 Mail Orders
CENTER THEA., Rockefeller Center. CO. 5-5474

RODGERS and HAMMERSTEIN present
Mady CHRISTIANS Oscar HOMOLKA
in JOHN van DRUTEN'S
I REMEMBER MAMA
from Kathryn Forbes' "Mama's Bank Account"
with JOAN TETZEL
MUSIC BOX, 45 St. W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:35 Sharp
Matinees THURS. and SAT., 2:35 Sharp

THE THEATRE GUILD presents
(In association with Jack H. Skirball)
JACOBOWSKY AND THE COLONEL
The FRANZ WERFEL-S. N. BEHRMAN COMEDY
Staged by ELIA KAZAN
LOUIS CALHERN—OSCAR KARLWEIS
MARIANNE STEWART
MARTIN BECK Thea., 45 West of 8th Avenue
Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. and Sat. at 2:30.

6th Year! A PERFECT COMEDY —Atkinson, Times
LIFE WITH FATHER
ARTHUR MARGETSON & NYDIA WESTMAN
EMPIRE Theatre, B'way & 40th St. PE. 6-9540
Evgs. 8:40. Matinees WED. and SAT. 2:40
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED

THE THEATRE GUILD'S MUSICAL HIT
OKLAHOMA!
Music by RICHARD RODGERS
Book and Lyrics by OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN 2d
Directed by ROUBEN MAMOULIAN
Dances by AGNES de MILLE
BETTY GARDE HARRY STOCKWELL JOSEPH BULOFF EVELYN WYCKOFF
ST. JAMES Theatre, 44th West of Broadway
Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. and Sat. at 2:30

"A simple story that strikes deep into the lives of our times."—E. C. Sherburne, The Christian Science Monitor.
ROSE FRANKEN'S Comedy Hit
SOLDIER'S WIFE
with MARTHA SCOTT & MYRON McCORMICK
GOLDEN, W. 45. CI. 6-6740. Mail Orders Filled
Evgs. 8:40. $1.20-3.60, tax inc. Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:40
SEATS SELLING 12 WEEKS IN ADVANCE

CURTAIN AT 8:30. PLEASE
NO ONE SEATED DURING PROLOGUE
"As beautifully produced a musical play as you can hope to see."—Chapman, News
Edwin Lester presents The New Operetta Triumph
SONG OF NORWAY
IMPERIAL THEATRE, 45th West of Broadway
Evenings at 8:30 Sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
Evgs. $6-$1.20. Mats. $3.60-$1.20. All Incl'g Tax.

CHERYL CRAWFORD presents
MIRIAM HOPKINS
VICTOR JORY
A new play by SAMSON RAPHAELSON
THE PERFECT MARRIAGE
BARRYMORE Thea., 47th W. of B'way
Evgs. 8:30. Next Matinee Saturday at 2:30.

"A dramatic thunderbolt."—Winchell
LILLIAN HELLMAN'S NEW PLAY
CORNELIA OTIS DENNIS DUDLEY
SKINNER KING DIGGES
THE SEARCHING WIND
FULTON, W. 46. Evgs. 8:40. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:40
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED

NEW YORK (MOVIES)

June HAVER • Dick HAYMES • Monty WOOLLEY
'IRISH EYES ARE SMILING'
A 20th Century-Fox Picture In Technicolor!
PLUS ON STAGE—RAY BOLGER • GRACIE BARRIE
WALTER NILSSON • CARR BROTHERS
BUY MORE BONDS ROXY 7th Ave. & 50th St.

RADIO CITY MUSIC HALL
50th St. & 6th Ave.
Greer Garson • Walter Pidgeon
in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
"MRS. PARKINGTON"
Edw. Arnold-Agnes Moorehead-C. Kellaway
Spectacular Stage Presentation
1st Mezzanine Seats Reserved Circle 6-4300

Entertainment Timetable

Theaters

Colonial—"Tomorrow the World," by James Gow and Arnaud d'Usseau. Featuring Stephen Chase and Barbara Robbins. 8:30. Matinee Saturday at 2:30. (Last week.)

Shubert—"Laffing Room Only!" new Olsen and Johnsen musical. Featuring Frank Libuse, Betty Garrett. 8:30. Matinees Wednesdays and Saturdays at 2:30.

Wilbur—"In Bed We Cry," by Ilka Chase. Presented by John C. Wilson. Featuring Ilka Chase, Frederic Tozere and Paul McGrath. 8:30. Matinee Saturday at 2:30. (Last week.)

Plymouth—"The Late George Apley," presented by Max Gordon. Featuring Leo G. Carroll and Janet Beecher. 8:30. Matinees Thursday and Saturday at 2:30.

Dance

Jordan Hall—Dance program by Argentinita and her entire company of Spanish dancers. 8:30. Matinee Saturday at 2:30.

Dance Orchestra

Totem Pole, Norumbega Park, Auburndale. Dancing tonight.

Films in Boston

Exeter—"Janie," Ann Harding and Joyce Reynolds. Edward Arnold. 3:10, 6:15, 9:25. "Secret Mission," Carla Lehmann. 1:50, 5, 8:10.

Fenway—"Conspirators," Hedy Lamarr, Paul Henreid. 12:40, 3:30, 6:20, 9:10. "Dark Mountain," Robert Lowery, Ellen Drew. 11:35 a. m., 2:25, 5:15, 8:05.

Keith Memorial—"Irish Eyes are Smiling," June Haver, Dick Haymes and Monty Woolley. 10:40 a. m., 1:30, 4:15, 6:55, 9:50. "In the Meantime Darling," Jeanne Crain. 9:30 a. m., 12:15, 3:05, 5:40, 8:25.

Kenmore—"Uncertain Glory." Errol Flynn, Paul Lukas. 2:52, 6:11, 9:30. "Three Men in White," Lionel Barrymore. 1:15, 4:34, 7:53.

Majestic—"Wilson," Alexander Knox, Charles Coburn, Geraldine Fitzgerald. 10 a. m., 12:44, 3:28, 6:12, 8:56.

Metropolitan—"Our Hearts Were Young and Gay," Gail Russell, Diana Lynn. 10 a. m., 12:55, 4:05, 7:05, 10:05. "National Barn Dance," Jean Heather, Charles Quigley. 11:30 a. m., 2:40, 5:35, 8:35. Diana Lynn in person at 2:30 and 8:25.

Modern—"Mademoiselle Fifi," Simone Simon, Kurt Kreuger. 10:45 a. m., 1:50, 5, 8:05. "Casanova Brown," Gary Cooper, Teresa Wright. 9 a. m., 12:05, 3:10, 6:20, 9:25.

Orpheum—"Barbary Coast Gent," Wallace Beery, Binnie Barnes. 9:30 a. m., 12:40, 4, 7:10, 10:30. "Maisie Goes to Reno," Ann Southern. 11:10 a. m., 2:20, 5:40, 8:55.

Paramount—"Conspirators," Heddy Lamarr, Paul Henreid. 10:25 a. m., 1:10, 3:55, 6:40, 9:25. "Dark Mountain," Robert Lowery, Ellen Drew. 9:30 a. m., 12:15, 3, 5:45, 8:30.

RKO-Boston—"Tall in the Saddle," John Wayne, Ella Raines. 10:40 a. m., 1:35, 4:30, 7:25, 10:15. Stage Show: 12:25, 3:20, 6:20, 9:15.

Scollay—"Arsenic and Old Lace," Cary Grant, Raymond Massey. 11 a. m., 2:30, 6, 9:30. "Till We Meet Again," Ray Milland, Barbara Britton. 9:30 a. m., 1, 4:30, 8.

State—"Barbary Coast Gent," Wallace Beery, Binnie Barnes. 1, 4:10, 7:15, 10:25. "Maisie Goes to Reno," Ann Sothern. 11:30 a. m., 2:35, 5:45, 8:50.

South Station Theater—"Eagle vs. Dragon," "To the Ladies," "Hawaiian Music," "Travel," "Occupations," "National and War News." Continuous from 9:30 a. m. to midnight.

Telepix—"Greece Liberated," "Bonnie Lassie," "Aluminum," "The WACS," "Disney's Pluto," "Wrestling," "Hawaii," "Digest of News," color cartoon. Continuous 10:30 a. m. to midnight.

Uptown—"Wing and a Prayer." Don Ameche, Dana Andrews. 2:35, 6, 9:25. "Atlantic City." Constance Moore, Bradford Taylor. 1:05, 4:30, 8.

Washington Street Olympia—"Arsenic and Old Lace." Cary Grant, Priscilla Lane. 10:40 a. m., 2:15, 5:45, 9:20. "Till We Meet Again." Ray Milland, Barbara Britton. 9:10 a. m., 12:45, 4:15, 7:50.

Films in Suburbs

ALLSTON — Capitol: "Rainbow Island." "Atlantic City." 1:45, 7:45.

Allston: "Kid from Spain." Eddie Cantor. "Dead End." Humphrey Bogart, Joel McCrea. 1:45, 8.

ARLINGTON — Capitol: "Step Lively." Frank Sinatra, George Murphy. "The Last Ride." Richard Travis.

Regent: "Pin Up Girl." "Hour Before the Dawn."

BRAINTREE—Braintree: "In Society." "The Scarlet Claw." 1:45. Continuous from 6:45.

BRIGHTON — Egyptian: "Step Lively." "Wing and a Prayer." 1:50, 7:30.

BROOKLINE—Brookline Village: "Wing and a Prayer." "The Big Noise."

Coolidge Corner: "Gypsy Wildcat." "Pearl of Death."

Cleveland Circle: "Wing and a Prayer." "The Big Noise." 1:45, 7:45.

CAMBRIDGE—Central Square: "Rainbow Island." "Mask of Dimitrios." 1:45, 8.

Harvard: "Dragon Seed." "Take It Big." 2, 8.

University: "The Seventh Cross." 2:45, 6:05, 9:20. "Take It or Leave It." 1:30, 4:45, 8:05.

EVERETT—Capitol: "Dragon Seed," "Falcon in Mexico."

Park: "Marine Raiders." "The Scarlet Claw."

JAMAICA PLAIN—Jamaica: "Janie." "The Last Ride." 1:30, 7:45.

MALDEN—Granada: "Casanova Brown." "Three Little Sisters."

Mystic: "Atlantic City." 1:52, 7:30. "Storm Over Lisbon." 3:33, 9:28.

Maplewood: "Secret Command." 3:29, 9:29. "Twilight on the Prairie." 2:22, 8:22.

Strand: "Are These Our Parents." 2:10, 7, 9:48. "Greenwich Village." 2, 3:28, 8:25.

Orpheum: "Double Indemnity." "Three of a Kind."

MEDFORD—Medford: "Mr. Skeffington." "Girl Who Dared."

Fellsway: "In Society." "Scarlet Claw."

MELROSE—Melrose: "Christmas Holiday." "Secret Command."

NATICK—Colonial: "Janie." Black Magic." 1:45, 8.

NEEDHAM—Paramount: "Seventh Cross." "Meet the People." 2.

NEWTON—Paramount: "Wing and a Prayer." "The Big Noise." 2, 8.

QUINCY—Capitol: "The Song of Bernadette."

Strand: "Rainbow Island."

Alhambra: "Double Indemnity." "Take It or Leave It."

SOMERVILLE — Central Square: "The Imposter." "Hi, Good Lookin'."

Strand: "The Whistler." "Leave It to the Irish."

Capitol and Ball Square: "I Love a Soldier." "Block Busters."

SOUTH WEYMOUTH—Cameo: "In Society." "Three Russian Girls." 1:45. Continuous from 6:45.

WAKEFIELD—Wakefield: "Days of Glory." 2:05, 7:50. "Up in Mabel's Room." 3:40, 9:25.

WATERTOWN—Watertown Square: "White Cliffs of Dover." "Prairie Chickens."

Coolidge Corner: "Double Indemnity." "Make Your Own Bed."

WELLESLEY HILLS—Community Playhouse: "The Seventh Cross." "Meet the People."

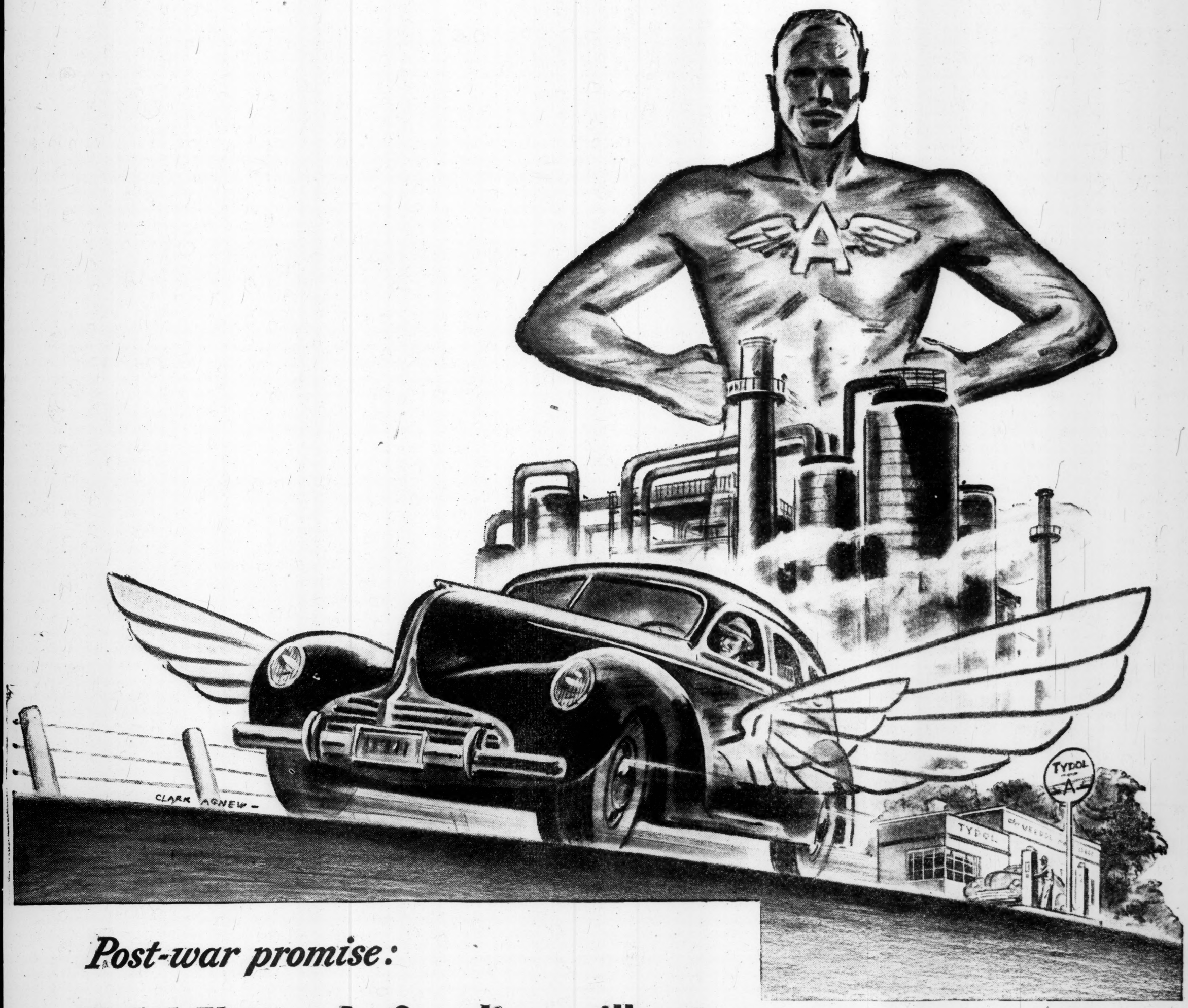
WEST NEWTON—West Newton: "Seventh Cross." "Meet the People."

WINCHESTER—Winchester: "Hour Before the Dawn." "Twilight on the Prairie."

Radio Timetable

(Feature Programs Appear in Blackface)

WEEI-590kc-CBS	WHDH-850kc-BLUE	WBZ-1030kc-NBC	WNAC-1260kc-MBS	WMEX-1510kc-199m
3:00 "Mary Marlin"; sk..	Morton Downey, songs.	"A Woman of America"	Bob Rhodes' Orch.	Irish music
3:15 "Tena and Tim"..	Hollywood Star Time ..	"Ma Perkins"; sketch	Concert orchestra	News service
3:30 News; Snapshots .	"Air Express"; music ..	'Pepper Young's Family'	Vocal Rhythm Trio	"Cowboy Jamboree"
3:45 Parade; Interview	Music; Listen, Milady	"Right to Happiness"	Musical Roundup	"Cowboy Jamboree"
4:00 "Melody in the	"Air Express"; music ..	"Backstage Wife"	Walter Compton, news	News; T. Tucker's Or.
4:15 Sky"; "Lullaby"...	Newscast	"Stella Dallas"; sketch	Jane Cowl, talk	Will Bradley's Or.
4:30 "Interview Time".	Westbrook Van Voorhis	'Lorenzo Jones'; sketch	Zeb Carver's Orch.	Larry Clinton's Or.
4:45 Help Wanted: News	"Hop Harrigan"	"Young Widder Brown"	"Musical Roundup"	J. Manning, troubadour
5:00 Five O'Clock Follies	"Terry and the Pirates"	"When a Girl Marries"	Fred Foye; H. S. Sports	News; Dolly Dawn's Or.
5:15 Evelyn Howe, mc.	"Dick Tracy"; sketch	"Portia Faces Life"	"Chick Carter"; sketch	Round-Up Time
5:30 Notes for Victory..	Jack Armstrong; sketch	'Just Plain Bill'	"Superman"; sketch ..	Round-Up Time
5:45 'Inside MGM'; int.	'Captain Midnight'; sk..	'Front Page Farrell'; sk.	"Tom Mix"; sketch	News service
6:00 News comment ..	Jack Rogers, songs	News; Geoffrey Harwood	News service	Sports; Musicale
6:15 Lynn Murray's Or.	Newscast; Music	'The King's Men"	Digest; Snapshots	Moment Musicale
6:30 Band; "Facts"	"Jerry and Sky"	"Pleasure Parade"	The Answer Man"	March to Victory
6:45 News; 6:55 J Harsch	Concert music; Talk	Lowell Thomas, news	Music; "Parade'	Sports of the Day
7:00 'I Love a Mystery'	Ed Wynn's Happy Island	Johnny Mercer's Orch.	Fulton Lewis, Jr., news	Ella Fitzgerald, songs
7:15 U. S. Marine Corps	Orchestra; soloists	J. W. Vandercook, news	Vincent Lopez' Orch.	News service
7:30 Friday on B'dway;	'The Lone Ranger'; dr.	"Yankee Yarns'	"Quiz of Two Cities"	Doug Garron's Orch.
7:45 soloist; orchestra	'The Lone Ranger'; dr.	"Frontline Headlines"	"Quiz of Two Cities"	Joseph Tall; variety
8:00 "Aldrich Family,"	Clifford Prevost, news.	Paul Lavalle's Orch.;	Cecil Brown, news	Joseph Tall; variety
8:15 with Dickie Jones	"Parker Family"; dr.	Choir, Lawr'ce Brooks	Sunny Skylar Serenade	Eddie Barry's Orch.
8:30 "Adventures of the	Famous Jury Trials; dr	Ed "Archie" Gardner's	'Freedom of Opportuni-	Tommy Carr's Orch.
8:45 Thin Man"; News	Famous Jury Trials; dr	Show; Rob't Benchley	ty'; drama; guests	Beyond Victory
9:00 "It Pays to Be Ig-	"Gang Busters"; sketch	Frank Munn; Evelyn	Gabriel Heatter, news..	Classical Album; Bee-
9:15 norant"; guest	"Gang Busters"; sketch	M'Gregor; choir; orch.	"Screen Test Time"	thoven: D major Con.
9:30 That Brewster Boy	Freddy Martin's Orch.	People Are Funny";	Double or Nothing; Quiz	Dorchester High School
9:45 That Brewster Boy	Dance orch.; Drama	Quiz; Art Linkletter	Show; J. R. King, mc	for Boys
10:00 Moore-Durante	Earl Godwin, news	Amos 'n' Andy; guests.	Network sports	Local sports
10:15 Show; com; music	Ted Malone, comment	Jack Benny; Rochester	Network sports	Local sports
10:30 Stage Door Canteen	The Symphonette, with	Bill Sterns; Sports	Network sports	Local sports
10:45 Stage Door Canteen	M. Piastro, conductor	George Meany, W. L. B.	Network sports	News service
11:00 News; Weather	Newscast



Post-war promise:

Tydol Flying A Gasoline will put wings on your car!

Immediately after Victory, we'll present a strong new lift, an exciting new fleetness, to your car.

Because an almost limitless power, when no longer needed exclusively for fighting equipment, will lend wings to your highway travel. It is the giant power of petroleum, revealed in its new and greater strength by Tide Water Associated's catalytic cracking methods. It will come to you in post-war Tydol *Flying-A* gasoline.

And we promise you a thrill. You'll be master of an eager power that will seem to make your car spurn the ground. You'll accelerate with incredibly smooth swiftness, sweep up stiff grades with effortless ease.

And when advanced engine designs are produced, that same Tydol *Flying-A* gasoline will have more than enough power to realize every last ounce of their capabilities.

Look, this new fuel is no dream. It exists *now* — but every drop we're producing is needed for war. We know you don't begrudge it being devoted solely to the air, land and sea fighters it is serving so brilliantly today.

But *tomorrow* — even before Johnny comes marching home — you'll have it. You may count on it: a big day on your car calendar after "V-Day" will be "*Flying-A* Day".

TIDE WATER ASSOCIATED OIL COMPANY
17 Battery Place, New York 4, N. Y.

TIDE WATER ASSOCIATED OIL COMPANY

SUPPORT YOUR OWN COMMUNITY WAR FUND...REPRESENTING THE NATIONAL WAR FUND — FOR OUR OWN — FOR OUR ALLIES

Patton Pushes Major Offensive Around Metz

Continued from Page 1

villages, a total advance of 10 miles was made at places in the three-day drive along a 55-mile arc around Metz.

Artillery pounded on both sides of the Maas in Holland as the enemy displayed uneasiness at the possibility of a new offensive into northern Holland.

Lieut.-Gen. Courtney H. Hodges' United States First Army prodded the Germans with local attacks in the Hürtgen and Schmidt areas southeast of Aachen.

General Patton's attack, swinging from a hinge at a point nine miles south of fortress Metz, moved across sodden forests, hills, and valleys in a northeasterly direction toward Germany's industrial Saar border 25 miles away and threatened to cut across the rear communications of Metz.

North of Metz, an enveloping movement was in progress at points 18 and 22 miles north of the city, where bridgeheads across the Moselle were deepened by three miles. Here the Germans put in their first sizable counterattack against General Patton's drive now in its third day. But the enemy infantry and two tanks which tried to halt the 90th American Infantry Division were recked back on their heels, despite German claims to the recapture of Königsmacker in this area just below the Luxemburg border. Haute-Ham, only 11 miles from the Aar Basin, was captured by the Americans.

South of Metz and northeast of Nancy General Patton's slashing attack was reminiscent of the initial stages of his whirlwind sweep through Normandy and Brittany to the Moselle last July and August.

Here German resistance continued light to moderate, with the Germans apparently withdrawing behind a screen of road blocks and mines and endeavoring to retrieve most of their artillery for emplacement farther back in parts of the old French Maginot Line.

Heavy rains of the first two days of the drive eased off overnight, giving promise of a repetition of the aerial onslaught of Nov. 9.

The American 4th Armored Division, veterans of the St. Lô break-through in Normandy, advanced three more miles beyond Delme for a total gain of 10 miles in the offensive, and crossed heavily-gunned Delme Ridge just northwest of Château-Salins.

October U-Boat Toll Is Smallest of War

By the Associated Press

Washington, Nov. 10

German U-boats sank fewer United Nations merchant vessels in October than in any other month of the war.

This was reported in a joint Anglo-American statement issued last night by the Office of War Information.

"Although the number of German U-boats destroyed was less than what has come to be considered a good monthly 'bag,' it compares very favorably with the number of Allied merchant vessels sunk by U-boats."

China:

Japs Claim Capture Of Kweilin-Liuchow

Japanese radiocasts claimed the capture of Kweilin and Liuchow in China.

The Japanese official news agency Domei said the Chinese 31st Army had "completely surrendered" at noon Nov. 10 in Kweilin, Capital of Kwangsi Province and defense pivot for southeastern China.

The dispatch, in Romanized Japanese to enemy-occupied Asia and recorded by United States Government monitors, said news of capture was carried in a dispatch from the Kwangsi front. The Chinese have said Kweilin would be "China's Stalingrad."

The Japanese radiocast, recorded by the Federal Communications Commission, asserted that the Japanese forces had penetrated Liuchow from the north and "completely occupied it after smashing the powerful defenders in hand-to-hand fighting."

There was no immediate confirmation from Chinese sources. Dispatches from Chungking Nov. 9, however, said the invaders were within 15 miles of the city and steadily encircling it.

Tokyo said the vanguard of a Japanese mobile unit captured the Liuchow airfield at 5 p. m. Nov. 9.

Leyte:

35,000 Jap Troops Reinforce Island

Running a gantlet of harassing American planes and PT boats, 35,000 veteran Japanese troops have joined the sanguine battle for Leyte, Allied Headquarters declared today in an announcement which indicates the battle for the Philippines may be long and hard.

The disclosure that despite all American efforts, the Japanese had succeeded in replacing their heavy losses suffered in 22 days of fighting, is having a sobering effect on the optimism which followed the comparatively easy initial landing.

Gen. Douglas MacArthur indicated that he had at hand more than enough troops to handle the enemy forces now arrayed against him, but he made it clear that the great advantage gained by the surprise landings on Leyte's east coast has about run its course.

The Japanese have been able to recover from the initial shock, although with only their west coast stronghold at Ormoc still remaining. But they recovered in time to make at least a determined stand for the remainder of Leyte.

General MacArthur's communiqué said American troops broke a four-day stalemate in the battle for Ormoc "with substantial gains on a wide front." Ormoc is in flames as the result of artillery and aerial bombardment and its "usefulness to the enemy as a supply base has been greatly reduced."

American planes, in the air again after being grounded by a 100-mile-an-hour typhoon, strafed and bombed Japanese installations and shipping, destroying two barges and a coastal ship and damaging other enemy craft.

Elements of the United States 96th Infantry Division, advancing east into the foothills of the range east of Ormoc, captured enemy strong points as patrols pushed deep into the hills.

The value which the Japanese place on this rain-soaked island in the center of the Philippines group is shown further in the communiqué statement that the "35th Army is being deployed to this front."

Air Over Reich:

Allied Planes Blast Nazi Transportation

Allied bombers were over western Germany again Nov. 10, the German Radio reported.

RAF Mosquitoes attacked a number of targets during the night and shot up several trains, barges, and other transport targets in Germany and Holland.

Fourteen United States heavy bombers and 19 fighters out of a force of more than 2,000 planes failed to return from the Nov. 9 attack on Nazi front-line positions in the Metz sector. Several of the planes probably landed in France.

A small force of Flying Fortresses also bombed the Saarbrüken railroad yards with good results, and 250 fighters, capitalizing on the lack of enemy opposition, reported destroying or damaging 61 locomotives, 225 freight cars, five parked airplanes, and numerous ground installations inside Germany.

Italy:

British Troops Capture Forli

British troops have captured Forli, Po Valley communications center 38 miles southeast of Bologna an the Bologna-Rimini highway; Allied Headquarters announced Nov. 10.

Capture of the old fortress city, which has a population of approximately 65,000, was accomplished by a pincer movement. One force moved directly up the Rimini-Bologna highway, while the second advanced up a road from the airfield to the southeast, penetrating into the town.

In addition, other Eighth Army troops have loosened Nazi positions in the hills south and southwest of Forli. Approximately 250 prisoners were taken as the town fell.

Snipers were still active in Forli, but leading British troops pushed through the town and reached the ruins of the main bridge over the Montone River on the west. The Germans were holding the west bank of the Montone in strength.

The village of Sadurano in the hills between the Montone and Rabbi Rivers was captured, and Eigth Army troops pushed on to positions east of Castrocaro, an enemy-held junction point six miles below Forli on the highway leading through Forli to Ravenna.

American Negro troops on the west coast sector of the Fifth Army front occupied three more villages amid the towering peaks east of Massa.

Eastern Front:

Soviet Wedge Perils Nazis in Budapest

Russian troops under Marshal Rodion Y. Malinovsky drove a wedge across the enemy's last direct railway communications between Budapest and northeastern Hungary after shattering the west-bank defenses along the upper Tisza River.

A big infantry and armored salient extending westward beyond Mezokereszies, approximately 70 miles east-northeast of Budapest, curved dangerously toward the rear of German panzer forces which have been counterattacking east and southeast of the Hungarian Capital in an attempt to prevent it from being outflanked.

A Moscow announcement said the main Budapest-Miskolcz rail line had been severed. The Russian communiqué said the Second Ukrainian Army, advancing on a wide front across the middle Tisza had captured 50 towns and villages.

There was no official news about Marshal Malinovsky's left flank, which has dug into Budapest's southern suburbs, or about the extreme right flank of his army, which previously crossed the upper Tisza in the direction of the southern borders of Czechoslovakia.

The Russian war bulletin said Marshal Malinovsky's army since Oct. 6 had killed or captured 142,000 German and Hungarian defenders of Budapest.

From the German viewpoint, Marshal Malinovsky's new breakthrough carried a double danger—the arrival of a powerfully strengthened force to join the siege of the Hungarian Capital and the serious threat that the Russians might by-pass the city to the north in the direction of Vienna and Bratislava.

Japanese Plan Supply Line

By a Staff Artist

Nipponese About to Fulfill Scheme in China

The last remaining 50-mile gap in the Japanese plan for a continuous supply line from north to south in China was about to be closed, with the Japanese claiming the capture of Kweilin, capital of Kwangsi, and Liuchow in the south of China.

French Start Way Back To Popular Rule

Continued from Page 1

form, was far and away the dominant figure of the scene.

At the same time, however, the general temper of the Assembly made it plain that the appointed representatives felt that it was their mission to exercise control over the Government despite its consultative character.

The most novel feature of the session was to see eight women delegates sitting in seats in the Senate Chamber whence all women were strictly excluded before the war. The ninth woman, Mme. Gabriel Peri, was even on the platform beside the President's desk. She had been elected as one of the Secretaries of the Assembly.

The new "Assembly" is the successor of the "Consultative Assembly," set up by General de Gaulle late in 1943, and the role of the new body will again be an advisory one. However, if the French Government was not bound to carry out decisions of this non-elected parliament, the indirect influence of the assembly has proved to be indeed great.

During their Algiers sessions, the representatives showed remarkable independence of the de Gaulle Administration. More than once they bitterly criticized the activities of the "Committee of National Liberation," they rejected proposals submitted by the Committee, they thoroughly transformed laws and decrees, elaborated by government experts. In almost every case, the "Committee of National Liberation" had to give in to the pressure of the advisory body.

Most of the members of the Algiers "assembly" will again sit in the metropolitan "Consultative Assembly." However, the number of deputies has been greatly increased; instead of 85 in Algiers the new body has 248 members.

The nomination statute of the "Consultative Assembly" again secures a comfortable majority to the members of the "resistance movement. No less than 176 members have been chosen by the metropolitan Underground and the "resistance" movements in Corsica and abroad.

Only 60 representatives are former Senators and Deputies in the Parliament of the Third Republic, while 12 members represent the French colonies.

The 19 members of the "National Resistance Council" are ex-officio members of the "assembly."

The new Paris assembly will prepare the way for the coming National Assembly which will be elected by the French people. Its transitory role will not prevent the present "assembly" from strengthening the authority of the "Provisional Government" and from helping it to speed up the recovery of the liberated country.

Assembly Opens

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

By amnestying Maurice Thorez, leader of the French Communist Party; for his desertion from the French Army in 1939, Gen. Charles de Gaulle's Provisional Government has permitted one of the most active propagandists of Communism in France to return from Moscow and take a seat in the new French Consultative Assembly.

This move is apparently aimed at placating the French Communists who revolted against the Government's order to disarm the Patriotic Militia and, at the same time, at stressing the importance of the office of representative in the new assembly to which M. Thorez was nominated by his Party. M. Thorez is considered as the protagonist of the pro-Russian trend among the French Communists.

A friendly gesture toward Soviet Russia was also considered in the inauguration speech of the venerable Senator Paul Cuttoli who was elected senior president of the new assembly. Senator Cuttoli praised the United States and Russia for their contribution to the cause of liberation.

The division of seats between the Resistance and the representatives of the old political parties would seem to indicate that the role of the old political organizations may be only a very limited one. Actually, it is very improbable that the delegates of Resistance will cast their votes as a bloc. In Algiers the trend was shown, as Resistance members lined up with the different political parties with which they had been affiliated previously.

Today, the political division among the Resistance has become still more accentuated. Attempts on the part of the Communists to keep a unified Resistance front were simply aimed at lining up the entire Resistance behind the Communist Party. These maneuvers apparently have failed.

The reorganization of the political parties in France has made considerable progress in recent weeks. The spirit of the Resistance is likely to be transformed more and more into the memory of a heroic past, without determining the political attitude of the affiliated members of the movement.

Drive Near For Battle Of Maginot Line

Continued from Page 1

been taken by direct assault and the French met a historic disaster there in 1870. General Patton's hard-driving troops are making end runs north and south of the fortress.

The southern push is on a broken front of 20 miles, and a score of villages thereabouts have been liberated. North of Metz forces which crossed the Moselle have widened and strengthened their bridgehead. Strong air support is a significant feature of the attack. Two thousand 8th Air Force bombers and fighters which yesterday subjected the Metz and Saarbrücken area to a heavy pounding were doing tactical but not close-support bombing, the nearest bursts being no closer than 10 miles from the foot-slogging infantry.

Planes Blast Nazis

Planes made a good beginning, however, in isolating German forward forces by pounding vital communication lines. Saarbrücken, which was bombed visually, is the center of five main railroad lines connecting north and east Germany with battle-front towns and cities and has—or had—marshaling yards capable of handling 6,000 cars daily.

The 9th Air Force, meanwhile is spreading general confusion in the German rear by shooting up rail and road traffic, knocking out guns southeast of Metz, and putting several tanks out of action.

The weakness of the German resistance, however, is probably due chiefly to the fact the enemy hasn't sufficient reserves to man adequately 500 miles of the twisting West Front. The threat of forward Allied positions, from Arnhem to the Vosges, now is such that the Wehrmacht chiefs fear to go all out in opposing even as dangerous a thrust as that which is developing under General Patton. And this despite the fact that they know General Patton, who is a tank expert, is nearing more favorable tank country as he approaches the West Wall, 35 miles away.

Pearl Harbor Report To Reach Public Soon

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP)—Navy Secretary James V. Forrestal said yesterday that some action on the report of a board of inquiry which investigated circumstances of the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor may be expected within two weeks.

He made the estimate at a news conference saying "we may hear within the next fortnight."

The report was submitted to the Navy Secretary Oct. 20 after a long series of hearings at which it is understood that Rear Admiral Husband Kimmel and Maj. Gen. Walter C. Short, Navy and Army commanders at the time of the attack, gave their version of the circumstances before the Japanese struck.

Both Admiral Kimmel and General Short were relieved shortly after the attack.

Churchill Says in Commons V-2 Damage So Far Is Slight

Continued from Page 1

England. After two weeks, Mr. Churchill announced that more than 2,500 robots had already hit London and southern England, killing more than 2,500 persons and injuring a far larger number.

Yesterday's New York World-Telegram is reported here asking in a banner headline: "Are robots smashing London?"

Mr. Churchill's answer to the Commons today was that he didn't propose to comment upon highly colored German accounts of the effects of the new weapon except to say that they were a good reflection of what the German Government would wish its people to believe and of its desperate need to afford them some encouragement.

Explosive Weighs Ton

The rocket, Mr. Churchill said, contained approximately the same quantity of high explosive as a flying bomb, although it was designed to penetrate rather deeper before exploding. The weight of a flying bomb explosive charge is normally about one ton.

Because of its high speed, no reliable or sufficient public warning could in the present circumstances be given, the Prime Minister admitted.

There was, however, no need to exaggerate the danger. The scale and effect of the attacks had not hitherto been significant.

Some rockets had been fired at Britain from the island of Walcheren, which is now in Allied hands. London could not be certain that the enemy would not be able to increase the range of rockets either by reducing the weight of the war-head or other methods.

Attacks Morale

Use of this weapon was another attempt by the enemy to attack the morale of Britain's civil population in a vain hope that he might somehow stave off the defeat which faced him in the field.

Doubtless, the enemy hoped by the announcement that he was using a new weapon to induce London to give him information he had failed to get otherwise. The Prime Minister said he was sure that the House of Commons, the press, and the public would refuse to oblige the enemy in this respect.

So far as Britain itself is concerned, the Prime Minister's statement today, though it tells the enemy very little, goes some way to clear up a confusing and rather ridiculous situation which was growing from the official policy of silence.

Weeks of Silence

This policy of complete silence involved a refusal to admit the existence of missiles which for several weeks have brought a Jules Verne fantasy to parts of England.

A rocket hit England. Somebody put in an official claim for damage done, only to be told the rockets didn't exist.

In some cases, form fillers were instructed to attribute the damage to "Government experimental work"; in other cases, to "explosions in coal-gas mains."

Damage Forms Hit

People in England have put up a very tough endurance under bombs. They have had plenty of practice. But some of them drew the line at the Alice-in-Wonderland game of filling out forms about Government experimental work and explosions in gas mains.

Some folk just laughed. Others got angry.

In any case, everyone in Britain has been talking about rockets for some weeks. It is so queer the way folk seem to have an aunt or a cousin who was near where a rocket landed and wrote and told Uncle John about it in Glasgow.

Mr. Churchill said today rockets have landed at scattered places. Maybe the censor today will allow me to say these rockets cause an explosion which is heard an amazingly long distance away and which is unmistakable. If, as the Prime Minister says, they have arrived over a scattered area, it stands to reason a large number of persons have heard them.

Churchill Reports

Mr. Churchill said:

"For the last few weeks the enemy has been using his new weapon, the long-range rocket, and a number have landed at widely scattered points in this country.

"In all, the casualties and damage have so far not been heavy, though I am sure the House will wish me to express our sympathy with the victims of these attacks.

"No official statement about the attack has hitherto been issued. The reason for this silence was that any announcement might have given information useful to the enemy, and we were confirmed in this course by the fact that until two days ago the enemy had made no mention of this weapon in his communiques.

Germans Cite Attacks

"Last Wednesday an official announcement followed by a number of highly colored accounts of attacks on this country was issued by the German high command.

"I do not propose to comment upon it except to say the statements in this announcement are a good reflection of what the German Government would wish their people to believe and of their desperate need to afford them some encouragement.

"May I mention a few facts: The rocket contains approximately the same quantity of high explosive as the flying bomb. However, it is designed to penetrate rather deeper before explosion. This results in somewhat heavy damage in the immediate vicinity above the crater with rather less extensive blast effect around it.

"The rocket flies through the stratosphere, going up to 60 to 70 miles and outstrips sound. Because of its high speed, no reliable or sufficient public warning can in present circumstances be given.

Effect Discounted

"There is, however, no need to exaggerate the danger. The scale and effect of these attacks have not hitherto been significant. Some rockets have been fired at us from the island of Walcheren. This is now in our hands. Other areas from which rockets have or can at present be fired against this country will doubtless be overrun by our forces in due course.

Battle Fronts on Continent Resolving Political Issues

Continued from Page 1

other important issue. It is expected that Mr. Churchill's coming visit to Paris will clear the way for the admission of France to membership of the European Advisory Commission.

Word 'Bloc' Avoided

Whether or not the visit will also result in the establishment of some closer rapprochement between northwest European states awaits the future. The bracket term "bloc," sometimes applied to such a development, is hardly accurate and would be unfortunate because it would only lead to the creation of rival counterblocs.

The problem of Poland also awaits satisfactory solution. In recent conversations in Moscow Premier Stanislaw Mikolajczyk couldn't be persuaded to accept the proposed Russian frontier—an extended Curzon Line in which Russia was to receive Lwow and Polish oilfields.

Despite Mr. Churchill's effort Premier Mikolajczyk maintained that no Polish Government could dare face the Polish people with such a condition.

Polish problems await Mr. Roosevelt's presence at the next meeting when there is expected to be a comprehensive study of the full issue involved.

For there still appears doubt as to whether President Roosevelt at Teheran consented to the Curzon Line frontier proposal.

[Bern radio dispatches indicated that the Polish Government in London was now ready to accept the Curzon Line, provided Lwow were included on the Polish side. Though there have been some indications that the Russians might not be intransigient on this disputed city, there was no indication that the Russians have encouraged the idea that Lwow would remain a Polish city.]

Decision on Far East

In some Polish circles the idea of a guarantee from the "Big Three" for Poland's new frontiers has been suggested.

The "Big Three" may also be faced with some major decisions in the Far East—particularly since Marshal Stalin has gone to the extent of classifying Japan as an aggressor. The discussions may stop short of the question of Russia's ultimate participation in the war against Japan, but the situation in China is of major concern to the three conferring powers.

Future of Austria

Britain and the United States will have some work to do in reconciling their position which followed the recall of Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell from Command of the China-Burma-India theater. As far as the United States is concerned the position of the Ambassador to China is open as a result of the resignation of Clarence E. Gauss. Meanwhile, Britain has moved to strengthen the position of both its diplomatic and military representatives in China.

Other problems still outstanding in diplomatic spheres concern the future of Austria, especially now that Archduke Otto of Hapsburg is in Europe.

It is also likely that the "Big Three," especially President Roosevelt, may like to re-examine the problem of Yugoslavia. Since Belgrade was liberated there is little evidence for the view that King Peter has gained any active support of the Serbs up to the present.

Judging by the time he has been away the negotiations between Premier Subasic and King Peter have not been easy, and there can be little doubt that much will be achieved until an understanding appears with some of the more reasonable Serb leaders.

Moscow Interested

MOSCOW, Nov. 10 (AP)—Moscow heard with interest today of Prime Minister Churchill's assertion in London yesterday that it is "high time" that he, Premier Stalin and President Roosevelt get together for another conference.

While there was no official comment, there seemed reason here to believe that Premier Stalin is as anxious to meet again with Mr. Churchill and Mr. Roosevelt as they are to meet him.

Such a conference is generally regarded in Moscow as a logical sequel to President Roosevelt's re-election.

London Invitation

LONDON, Nov. 10 (AP) — Marshal Stalin is believed to have been invited to London for the "Big Three" talks expected before Christmas, but the best available information today was that he likely would agree to meet President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill somewhere in the Middle East.

There was speculation that Mr. Roosevelt might come first to London and accompany Mr. Churchill to Paris, and that they would go from there to the rendezvous with Marshal Stalin.

New Mayor of Plymouth, Eng.

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

PLYMOUTH, England, Nov. 10—Induction here yesterday of Alderman H. G. Mason as new Lord Mayor brings to a close Viscount Astor's five-year term of office—five eventful years, even in a city with as long and eventful a history as that from which the Pilgrim fathers sailed in 1620.

While Lord Astor was in office at the Guildhall, the fabric of the city, including the centuries-old Guildhall itself, has been shattered by German bombs. Destruction is so extensive that the Lord Mayor's banquet had to be held in a communal restaurant, the only room left intact in the civic center. As chairman of the Reconstruction Committee, Lord Astor has seen a bold new plan evolve for rebuilding of the city and the surrounding district.

One doesn't have to talk to the residents of Plymouth for many minutes to find out how they have been helped in the time of their ordeal by the personal example of Lord and Lady Astor.

"I shall forget the air raids in time," one elderly woman told me, "but I'll not forget those summer nights when we danced on the green under the statue of Sir Francis Drake. Lady Astor and a bluejacket started us off, and soon we were forgetting our ruined homes."

As Lord Mayor, Lord Astor has taken a special interest in youth. Virginia House Settlement, a gray stone building in old Plymouth endowed by Lord Astor and named after Lady Astor's home State, has continued to be the center of social work. From this settlement workers go out to staff youth centers and youth clubs—practically the only alternative to streets for those growing up in the overcrowded city.

Visiting servicemen and service women also are indebted to Lord Astor for the number of clubs which he has established for them. Most appreciated by the hard-working people who run these clubs are the Astors' unexpected visits.

The Astors' associations with Plymouth date back to Dec. 7, 1910, when as the Hon. Waldorf Astor he was first returned as joint Unionist Member for the parliamentary division.

Lady Astor was elected in the by-election in 1919, when her husband succeeded to the Peerage and went to the House of Lords.

They thus have a remarkable record of 34 years of unbroken parliamentary service for the city.

Tomboy-Girls Called Best As Material for Teachers

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 10 (AP)—Dr. Bruce B. Robinson, director of the Child Guidance Bureau of the Board of Education, says girls should be encouraged to be "tomboys."

Dr. Robinson told a Child-Parent Relationship Forum that "tomboys" make the best school teachers.

CARDIFF, WALES

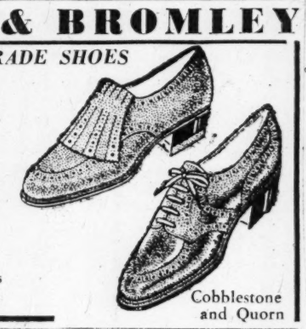
The Cardiff Drapers
Over 100 DEPARTMENTS
FASHIONS—FOOD—FURNITURE
GARAGE and SHOWROOMS
JAMES HOWELL & CO.
LIMITED
St. Mary Street

Allder's Ltd
The Store that is always Interesting
Is Also Always the House for Women's Wear and Home Furnishing
NORTH END AND GEORGE ST. CROYDON, ENGLAND
Agents for
CHILPRUFE for CHILDREN

CROYDON, ENGLAND
LECTURE POSTERS
Owing to Paper Restrictions during the War we are unable to supply the giant 16 sheet posters but will be pleased to supply posters 40"x60", in any quantity.
SCOTT'S POSTER SERVICE
19, Tamworth Road, Croydon

RAINCOATS for Women & Children
Now is the time to buy a Lady's or Child's Raincoat, while our stocks—and your coupons—are able to cope with demand.
KENDALL Umbrellas
It's also a good time to have your old Umbrella repaired or recovered. New ones are scarce—and likely to be.
85 Branches in England and Wales

ENGLAND
TORBAY HOTEL TORQUAY
SOUTH DEVON
100 Bedrooms. Private Suites.
Special Terms for Members of H. M. FORCES
Lifts to all floors.
Apply for Brochure "M"
TEL. 2218

RUSSELL & BROMLEY
EXCLUSIVE HIGH GRADE SHOES
Branches at:
Bedford, Broadstairs, Bromley, Chichester, Clacton, Croydon, Ealing, Eastbourne, Guildford, Herne Bay, Leytonstone, Margate, Ryde, St. Leonards, Sevenoaks, Southampton, Streatham, Torquay, Tunbridge Wells, Winchester, etc.

Cobblestone and Quorn

BISCUIT GUILDHALL
The Trades Guilds of Carlisle (the Hall is seen above) housed many ancient crafts but none more famous than that of biscuit-making, invented in 1831 by Carr's of Carlisle. In 1831 Carr's of Carlisle invented the process. The first Royal Warrant for supplying biscuits to the Royal Household was granted to them in 1841. For over one hundred and ten years Carr's of Carlisle have continued to make quality biscuits for those who still prefer the very best.
CARR'S BISCUITS
MADE ONLY BY
Carr's of Carlisle
NOTE—The needs of the Navy, Army and Air Force have priority. Production is controlled by the Government and distribution is confined to certain areas. You may not be able to obtain Carr's Biscuits in your locality until after the war. ©C72R

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND

BARROW
STORES—CAFE
Birmingham, England

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND
Walter Austin Ltd.
Millinery
Gowns
Costumes
Etc.
and everything for the well-dressed woman.
71-79 Corporation Street, Birmingham.

See that it's a
MAYFAIR
Portrait
The name MAYFAIR ensures the high artistic standards . . . the vital, life-like qualities that are the hall-mark of distinctive portraiture.
Your genuine individual Mayfair Portraits can be obtained from any of the following addresses:
London—25 Piccadilly, W. 1.
Blackpool—The Promenade & Springfield Road.
Brighton—127 Western Road.
Bristol—10 St. Augustine's Parade.
Bromley (Kent)—4 High Street.
Croydon (Surrey)—139 North End.
Ealing—51a New Broadway, W. 5.
Harrow (Middx.)—4 Manor Parade.
Leeds—34 New Briggate.
Palmers Green—354 Green Lanes, N. 13.
Staines (Middx.)—13a Clarence St.
Wimbledon—83 The Broadway, S. W. 12.
Wolverhampton—44 Victoria Street.

Shop at Bobbys
FASHIONS
FURNISHINGS
DEAFERY
RESTAURANT
Bobby's Restaurant is the ideal spot to meet your friends for Morning Refreshments, Lunch and Tea.
Each Branch of Bobby's is a wonderful store full of interest and activity—a shop you can enter with a feeling that you are very welcome whether you want to buy anything or just look around.
The Brightest Spot in the South of England
BOBBY & COMPANY
LIMITED
Terminus Road EASTBOURNE
The Square BOURNEMOUTH
Also at
MARGATE, FOLKESTONE, TORQUAY, EXETER and LEAMINGTON SPA
Also Associated Houses:
Handleys Ltd., Southsea
J. K. Hubbard Ltd., Worthing
Wallsteads Ltd., Reading
Dust & Co. Ltd., Tunbridge Wells

Czechoslovaks Want Justice: Not Revenge, but Security

Who shall say what shall be done with Germany?
Many plans are being evolved—mostly on the part of the great powers whose armies carry the banners of liberation.
But what of the peoples who have suffered most? What do the nations, now being freed from Nazi slavery believe should be the pattern of future Germany?
The second of a series of articles today presents a Czechoslovak view.

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON, Nov. 10—The Czechoslovaks, like all other people who have suffered from German occupation, naturally think first of the kind and amount of compensation forthcoming from defeated Germany when this war is over.

President Eduard Beneš, in a statement to the State Council last February, declared, "The whole of our people must demand at the moment of victory that all this [what was done to the Czechoslovaks by the Germans] must not be forgotten and must not remain unpunished. . . . It will be my endeavor to ensure that we are granted the justice due—and complete justice, not revenge."

Such must be decided through negotiations between Czechoslovaks and the great powers, and it probably will seen soon that Czechoslovakia's claims will be moderate and justified by the facts. For what will be much more important in the eyes of the Czechoslovak will be to secure proper assurance that certain developments which occurred between the two World Wars and ultimately led to the upbreak of the Republic shall not recur.

No. 'Mittel Europa'

Czechoslavaks, therefore, will require that Germany be placed in such a position that it cannot again start its expansionist ideas under a form of "mittle Europa." This always has included Bohemia and Moravia as part of German Lebensraum, and during this war the Nazis have shown their determination to hold onto the protectorate as part of the new Reich.

In addition, arrangements must be made to make it impossible for any new Germany to utilize the plea of the rights of German-speaking peoples in neighboring states as a step toward aggressive action.

Therefore, there must be new, drastic treatment of all the minority conceptions in the future. Czechoslovakia will not tolerate within its frontiers any German or other minority to which is granted special rights and privileges which can enable it to form a state within a state and to undermine the very existence of the Republic.

In fact, Czechoslovakia wants nothing more or less from Germany than that respect for itself as an independent sovereign state which allows it to develop its own way of life unhindered by outside interference—in other words simply application of the policy of "live and let live."

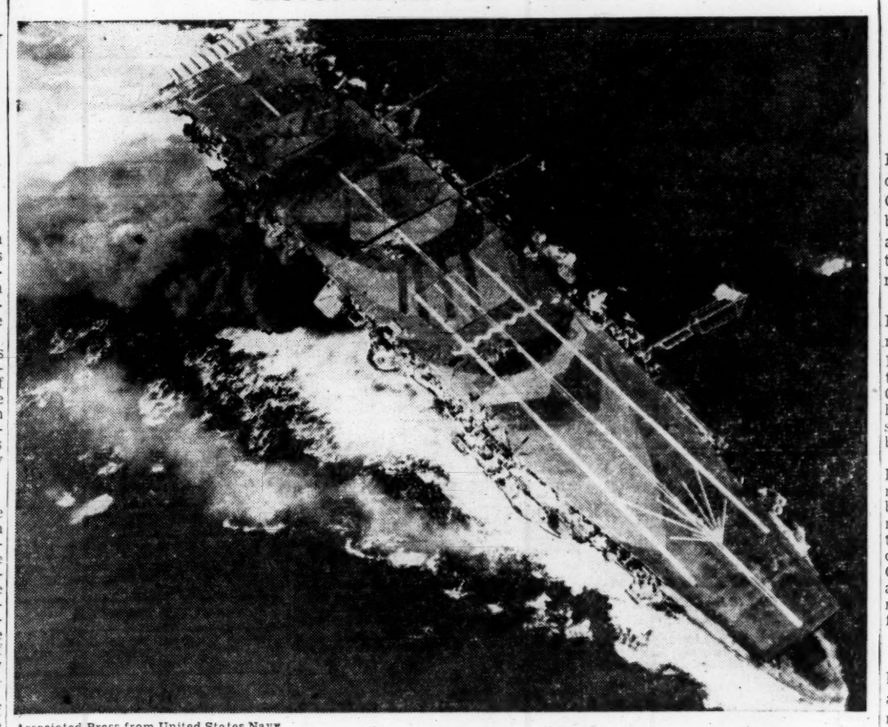
Look to Big Three

Unfortunately, however, the Germans have not hitherto shown themselves capable of understanding such a viewpoint except in the short interval after defeat. Czechoslovaks, therefore, look to the greater Allies to work out a system of security within the framework of which Germany will be compelled to respect the rights of other nations even though they are smaller neighbors and maintain peace.

The Czechoslovaks, because of their position in central Europe and their age-long contacts with the Germans, know they cannot live in permanent enmity with them, and as practical business people, realize the possibilities of again being able to trade with the Germans on a large scale. But this does not run counter to the Czechoslovak demand that the coming peace guarantee that any German attempts to become outlaws again in Europe shall be checked in time.

This is a task which can be undertaken satisfactorily only on a European, if not on a world-wide, scale. Czechoslovakia, therefore, is deeply concerned that the big three powers shall evolve a workable system for the treatment of Germany and postwar security. And if the Big Three agree not only regarding terms but also continue in co-operative agreement in carrying them out, then hopes of a long duration of peace in Europe are well founded.

Aftermath of Attack



Associated Press from United States Navy

Japanese Carrier Flees American Planes

Her flight deck buckled by the force of a torpedo explosion below, and punctured by bombs from American dive-bombers, a Zuiho-class Japanese carrier maneuvers violently in vain effort to escape just before she was sunk in the Philippine naval battle. Note camouflage effort to make the flight deck resemble a battleship.

Allied Air-Ground Operations Defended in Slow Holland Push

By Lieut. Gen. Sir Douglas Brownrigg
Former Adjutant General to the British Field Forces
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON, Nov. 10—One reason given for the hitherto comparatively slow progress of British and Canadian troops in Holland has been lack of sufficient close air support, due to weather.

This has led to the comment that the Germans, who surrendered air superiority a long time ago, seem to have done very well without it.

It is a difficult argument to refute without going into technicalities.

Air operations cover two spheres of activity—tactical and strategic; and it is hard to draw a hard and fast line between the two.

Combined Operations

Tactical co-operation may be defined as comprising those operations where ground and air forces have the same target. This is an oversimplification, because tactical air forces attack near the approaches to the battlefield and enemy reserves behind it. Strategic air operations are those directed against targets out of range of field weapons.

Close co-operation in battle with the land forces below demands a very high degree of accuracy in bombing. Good visibility is therefore necessary. Owing to modern instruments of precision, it is unnecessary for an airman to see his target, except in cases where pinpoint accuracy is essential.

But in close co-operation with land forces, pinpoint accuracy is absolutely essential, and good visibility becomes a prerequisite for the successful performance of the task.

Winter weather in Holland produces conditions of fog and mist which make close air support uncertain; it cannot be relied upon for any particular operation being planned.

Germans are on the defensive. Their troops enjoy the benefits of slit trenches, deep dugouts, concrete pillboxes, and cunning camouflage.

The attackers have none of these advantages when they are advancing in the open under fire from their concealed opponents.

When the Germans have come into the open to deliver a counter-attack, they have fared worse than the British or Canadians under similar circumstances.

Nazi Defensive Role

The reason the Germans do not seem to have suffered so much owing to the lack of close air support for the Allies is because of the defensive role they have been able to adopt. It is not attributable to an inferiority in Allied tactics.

There is a tendency to regard close air support as just another kind of artillery barrage in which bombs take the place of shells. But there is one very great difference, and it is seldom rememberd.

An artillry cover is provided by hurling inanimate missiles into the enemy's lines.

Air cover carries highly skilled airmen over the same places and may result in heavy casualties to the attackers. Close air support may sometimes be the only means of letting infantry and tanks get forward, but it is not a cheap method.

Anti-Nazi Textbooks Prepared To Re-educate German Youth

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK, Nov. 10—Designed to help redirect the thinking of Nazi German youth along democratic lines, a series of anti-Nazi textbooks is being prepared here by German scholars and educators who fled to America when Hitler rose to power, it became known today.

Embracing the fields of literature, biology, history, geography, mathematics and elementary school subjects, the books, all planned especially to help correct the mis-teaching of official Nazi texts, will appear in six graded volumes, published by Bermann-Fischer Verlag, one of the few anti-Nazi publishing firms that survived the Hitler regime.

Many of the books, which will be available as soon as Germany is defeated, will include the writing of such men as Heinrich Heine and other authors whose work has been banned by the Nazis.

Poetry and prose of the world, including that of Germany, will be the scope of the volumes.

When the extent of the warping of ideas and ideals brought about under Nazi "education" is realized, a clearer view of the work of these books will have to do is more fully visualized. G. B. Fischer, president of the publishing house, disclosed that excerpts in the books will have to stress appreciation for family ideals, family relationships, social responsibility, racial tolerance, and relation. All this will be "new" to the Nazi youth.

Mr. Fischer said today that the attempt of his publishing concern to "re-educate" the Nazi youth is being done primarily "not in the German interest, but in our interest," as believers in democracy and world peace.

He said that thus far the project is one of "private enterprise," but that when the manuscripts are completed next month, he will be prepared to submit them to "the proper authorities" for their approval or rejection. In any event, the books will not be published until the end of the war.

Because he thought the plan was unique, Mr. Fischer said there was a good likelihood that the books would be accepted, as "there will be a great need."

Prepared under the direction of Dr. Fritz Karsen, former Director of the Experimental Institutions of the German Republic, a one-time professor of comparative education at Berlin University and now lecturing on education at City College here, the texts will employ all the latest teaching techniques utilized in modern American education, including graphs, pictures, comparative charts, in order to encourage individual, critical thinking.

So complete and so false has been the indoctrination of Nazi doctrines in German schools that, according to Mr. Fischer, "the entire German textbook field needs thorough revision."

Typical of current teaching technique in Germany, he added, is the use of military symbols, such as machine guns and troops trains to teach German children arithmetic, the subordination of German cultural, economic and social history to their political and diplomatic evolution and the emphasis on the false theory of "racial superiority."

A "world history" is now in preparation, planned to put the Prussian-German evolution back into its proper relation to the history of mankind, meanwhile placing emphasis on the cultural, economic, and social history of the German people, thereby reversing the tendency of Nazi texts.

Among the contributors to the readers are Dr. Susanna Englemann, German language authority, now a lecturer on modern languages at Smith College; Dr. Hedda Korsch, formerly teacher in Neukoelin, a suburb of Berlin, and a professor in a Berlin teachers' college and now professor of German at Wheaton College, and Joachim Maas, author, now instructor in German literature at Mount Holyoke College.

Mr. Fischer dissolved his Berlin publishing house in 1933, moving it to Vienna. Again fleeing the Nazis, he went to Stockholm, where the company was reorganized. He plans to resume publishing in Germany when the Nazis are defeated. He said he is ready to issue "millions" of revised textbooks when the war ends.

Eisenhower Pledges 'Force'

BRUSSELS, Nov. 10 (AP) — Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower told the Belgian Parliament yesterday that the Allies were fighting "an enemy who understands only one thing—force—and we intend to apply force to the utmost."

The Allied Supreme Commander received a tumultous ovation as he entered the packed Chamber of Deputies to address both Houses.

General Eisenhower was accompanied by top Allied Army, Navy, and Air Force commanders including Lieut. Gen. Omar N. Bradley, Air Chief Marshal Sir Arthur Tedder, Admiral Sir Bertram Ramsey, Air Marshal Sir Arthur Coningham, Lieut. Gen. W. B. Smith, Maj. Gen. S. W. E. J. Erskine and Maj. Gen. F. W. de Guingang.

"We are sensible of sacrifices you have made," General Eisenhower said, "and as far as possible consistent with military operations I pledge that you will get everything we can bring you. I only ask that you understand we are doing our best."

The General's promise of aid was interpreted as indicating his concern over the current shortage of civilian supplies in Belgium, where the bulk of the people face the prospect of a heatless and hungry winter.

The Chamber was crowded to the top tier of its white-columned balconies and it resounded with spontaneous cheers at the mention of President Roosevelt's re-election.

"The fact that the American people have elected him to a fourth term as head of the United States is definite proof the country will support him in the task of international reconstruction," said Frans van Cauwelaert, President of the Chamber.

After a rousing farewell, General Eisenhower and his aides went to the tomb of Belgium's unknown soldier and stood at attention in a driving rainstorm while a bugler sounded "The Last Post."

M. P.'s Round Up Rome Gangs

ROME, Nov. 10 (AP)—Two gangs, composed in part of deserters from the American and Canadian Armies and the French Foreign Legion, have been rounded up by military police after terrorizing Rome and Naples for several weeks, it was announced yesterday.

Allied headquarters said in an official announcement that the gangs were charged with kidnaping military policemen, stealing their motorcycles, and committing "many other holdups and robberies."

One of the gangs, led by a 23-year-old American soldier from Pennsylvania, was made up entirely of soldiers — six Americans and two Canadians, all A. W. O. L.

The second, led by a Yugoslav and a Corsican, both deserters from the French Foreign Legion, included five other deserters from the Legion, one American deserter, and five Italian and Spanish civilians.

The American and Canadian soldiers face court-martial.

The all-soldier gang is accused of a number of holdups and other acts of violence, including the theft of the automobile of Lieut. Gen. Wladyslaw Anders, Commander of the Polish Army Corps, and the kidnaping of several military policemen between Rome and Naples.

Lieut. Col. Geoffrey White, Deputy Provost Marshal in Rome, said the fact that many men A. W. O. L. were stranded in Rome without funds was responsible for the crimes. He said that even though these two gangs were broken up, it was probable that similar gangs in Rome and other cities remained.

Soldiers Sentenced

THATCHAM, Eng., Nov. 10 (AP) —Nine American Negro soldiers were senteneed to life imprisonment by a U. S. Army courtmartial today on murder charges over the shooting of an Englishman, an American military policeman and a soldier early in October.

A 10th soldier was acquitted of murder but sentenced to 10 years hard labor for being absent without leave.

Eisenhower Stars Up as Bond Prize

By the Associated Press

New York, Nov. 10

Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower's four stars—the insignia of a full general which he wore during the invasions of Africa, Italy and France—will be awarded as a prize to New York State's top War Bond salesman during the Sixth War Loan.

Dutch Queen Is Heartened By Roosevelt

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP)—President Roosevelt in a message to Queen Wilhelmina yesterday predicted that Allied forces would soon accomplish the total liberation of the Netherlands.

The President sent this message to the Queen at London:

"I have been inexpressibly shocked by the reports which have reached me of the savage and wilful destruction being carried out by the Nazi barbarians in the Netherlands.

"I am confident, however, that the blows being struck by our united forces will soon result in the total liberation of your country and in the meantime you may be sure that all possible steps are being taken to ensure that relief will be made available to the people of the Netherlands."

Dutch View Rubber

LONDON, Nov. 10 (AP)—The Dutch Government was described today as believing there is ample room in the postwar world for both natural and synthetic rubber and expects only "healthy competition" between the two markets.

"American, British and Dutch Government representatives will meet in the United States the first of the year for mutual discussion on postwar supply and demand of natural rubber," said P. H. Westermann, Trade Commissioner of the Netherlands East Indies. "Although the synthetic rubber industry has become colossal, especially in the United States, we do not look for it to disturb greatly natural rubber production. There is plenty of room for both, and America and Britain are in full accord with us.

"One important difference it will make to Dutch interests is that before the war customers came to use for our raw rubber but after the war we shall have to go to them."

Nazis Kill Dutch

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP)—The Dutch News Agency Aneta reported yesterday that the Germans killed from 125 to 150 Dutch citizens of Heusden Saturday night by blowing up the town hall where they had taken refuge in cellars from Allied shellfire.

Third of Stores for Food

One out of every three retail stores in the United States is a food outlet.

Dewey and Family Going to Sea Island

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 10 (AP)—Governor Dewey said today he would leave tomorrow morning for Sea Island, Ga., where he will spend about two weeks resting from his presidential campaign.

Mrs. Dewey and their two sons, Thomas, Jr., and John Martin, will accompany the defeated Republican presidential nominee.

Others in the party will be Paul E. Lockwood, the Governor's secretary, and Mr. and Mrs. Carl T. (Pat) Hogan, friends of the Deweys, who will join them in New York City.

An aide said the Governor was pleased with his large popular vote in the presidential race. President Roosevelt's margin—so far slightly more than 3,000,000 votes—was the smallest in any presidential election since 1916.

Cabinet Crisis Now Strikes Switzerland

By the Associated Press

Switzerland joined Iran and Finland today among nations undergoing cabinet crises and the Germans in effect admitted trouble in their relations with Spain and Portugal with the statement that the Nazi envoys to the Iberian Peninsula might be changed.

Dr. Marcel Pilet-Golaz, former President of the Swiss Republic, resigned as his nation's Foreign Minister. Berlin made the most of this and of the fall of the Iranian Government of Premier Mohamed Maraghei Saed, trying to show that both were brought about by Soviet pressure.

The Bern dispatch announcing Dr. Pilet-Golaz' resignation gave no indication that it was prompted by the refusal of the Russians to resume diplomatic relations with the Swiss. The Swiss Council recently formally denied that its Government was hostile to Russia, as Moscow contended, and announced it would continue to press for recognition.

View in Berlin

Berlin, however, radiocasting a DNB dispatch from Bern, quoted an "official statement" of the Cabinet officer saying he had made his decision earlier, but did not want to publish it "before discussions on relations between Switzerland and the Soviet Union had taken place." Berlin has insinuated that the Soviet Union virtually was dictating to Switzerland.

The resignation of Premier Saed and his Iranian Cabinet, who have been criticized by the Russians for refusal to grant oil concessions to the Soviet Union, was viewed by DNB as prompted by Moscow's refusal to negotiate further with Premier Saed's government.

The Turkish home radio said the resignation of Premier Saed took place yesterday and was accepted by the 25-year-old ruler of Iran, Mohammed Reza Pahlevi.

DNB itself gave the indication that all was not well in Germany's relations with Spain and Portugal. The agency radiocast a report that changes in the German diplomatic representations in Madrid and Lisbon might be expected.

German Leaves Madrid

Hans Heinrich Dieckhof, German Ambassador to Madrid, left the Spanish capital in September, and there was speculation that Hitler's utility man, Franz Von Papen, might succeed to the post.

Dr. Oswald Baron von Hoyningen-Hüne, Minister to Lisbon flew to Berlin Sept. 11, when reports were current in Portugal that other high Nazi officials accredited to the Portuguese capital also had been recalled.

The Finnish Radio said today that Party groups of the Finnish Diet met last night to discuss a "Government crisis."

The radiocast, recorded by U. S. Government monitors, said that "although some groups voiced the opinion that the time was not appropriate for major changes, it was realized that the re-forming of the Government could not be avoided."

Nobel Literature Prize Won By Copenhagen Playwright

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 10 (AP)—Nobel prizes worth approximately $29,000 each were awarded yesterday to two natural scientists now in the United States, to a Hungarian now in Stockholm, and to a Danish novelist and poet.

The 1944 literature prize went to Johannes V. Jensen of Copenhagen, author of more than 60 volumes of plays, short stories, and novels who for 20 years has been among the candidates for the award.

Dr. Isidor Isaac Rabi of Columbia University, New York, was the recipient of the 1944 prize for physics, while the 1943 physics award was made to Otto Stern of Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh.

Dr. George Hevesy of Stockholm received the 1943 prize for chemistry.

The committee reserved the 1944 chemistry prize for possible award next year. The peace prize, best-known Nobel award, has not been distributed since 1938.

[In New York, the Swedish Minister, Wollmar F. Bostrom, said he had been requested to distribute the Nobel prizes for 1943 and 1944 to the winners who are residents of the United States. A reception and luncheon for this purpose was arranged for Dec. 10 in New York.]

Dr. Rabi, a native of Austria who was taken to the United States in infancy and in recent years has made his home in Cambridge, Mass., received the 1944 award for his research in the resonance method of registering the magnetic quality of atoms.

Dr. Stern, who was born in Germany and forced by the Nazis to flee to the United States in 1933, was given the 1943 prize, reserved last year, for his contribution in the development of the molecular ray method of detecting the magnetic momentum of protons.

Dr. Hevesy received the award for his work in the use of isotopes as indicators in studying chemical processes.

Three Americans already had won Nobel prizes in medicine announced last month. They were Dr. Joseph Erlanger of St. Louis, Dr. Herbert Spencer Gasser of New York, and Edward Adelbert Doisy of St. Louis.

Honor for M. I. T.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 10 (AP)—Prof. Isidor Isaac Rabi, now at work at Massachusetts Institute of Technology for the Government, was delighted last night to hear that he had been awarded the Nobel prize in physics for 1944.

The professor, on leave from the Physics department at Columbia University for the past four years, has delved into the field of the atom's electro-magnetic properties for 10 years.

The professor is a soft-spoken likable man—married and father of two daughters, 15 and 10 years old — who was brought to this country from his native Austria when he was about one year old.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.
QUALITY FLOWERS
Superior Service
Reasonable Prices
DELIVERED ANYWHERE
COVIN
Harvard Square Kirk. 1212

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.
Thanksgiving Greetings
to Readers of
The Christian Science Monitor From
Egan's Market
Order Early!
221 Concord Ave. Kir. 9300

Thanksgiving Greetings from Sage's
Co-operate with us by ordering early
Finest Assortment of Thanksgiving Cut Flowers and Plants
Edwin R. Sage Co.
Cambridge Harvard Square TRO. 2211
Belmont Belmont Center BEL. 4500

SHOP NOW for CHRISTMAS
GIFTS for the Entire Family
FURNITURE • TABLES • LAMPS
JEWELRY • WATCHES • DIAMONDS
Largest Selection of Toys, Dolls in New England. From 89c
Use Our Lay Away Plan Shop at Nearest Store
Royal Furniture Company
Watertown 70 Main Street
Somerville 90 Broadway
Woburn 390 Main Street

THIRD NATIONAL BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
Complete Banking Service
Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
MAIN STREET at HARRISON AVE SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

GIFTS
• for Men
• for Boys
Make November Your Christmas Shopping Month at
HAYNES
1302 Main St. • Springfield

No "PAINTY" odor when you use Kem-Tone miracle wall finish
COSTS ONLY $2.98 GALLON
LOWE BROTHERS
1182 Main Street Tel. 3-3012
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

FORBES & WALLACE
BOOKS
for Everyone on Your Gift List
From story books for the tiniest tot to current best sellers . . our Book Shop abounds with good gift ideas.
TOLL HOUSE . . . . Recipes . . 2.50 — Ruth Wakefield
JUST FOR TWO . . . Recipes . . 2.00 — Lilly Wallace
SING FOR CHRISTMAS Carols for Children . . 2.50 — Opal Wheeler
NEW ENGLAND CALENDAR . . 1.00 — Engagement Book
F & W Books—Main Floor
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Gifts to Wear
• for Men • for Boys
Make November Your Christmas Shopping Month at
WARE PRATT CO.
Main Street at Pearl • Worcester

TOYLAND OPENS
for your convenience
SHOP IN NOVEMBER
Denholm's
WORCESTER
6th Floor

Picture Framing
We frame pictures, paintings and mirrors with true Miller craftsmanship that brings an added touch of beauty to your home.
Fine Selection of Greeting Cards
Gift Wrapping Paper and Ribbon Ties
We advise early buying
J. H. MILLER CO., Inc.
21 Harrison Avenue, Springfield, Mass.

STORE HOURS 9:30 to 5:45
long-time love of women
YARN-DYED TWEEDS
Yes, they're wonderful companions . . these yarn-dyed town and country tweeds of ours, in rich blue, brown, tan and heather mixtures. Sizes 34 to 44. Many a woman bases her wardrobe on one good wool tweed suit!
$29.95
SUIT SHOP 2ND FLOOR
ALBERT STEIGER COMPANY
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

your winter coat must be important-looking
ULIAN COATS priced from $45.00 up
Ulian
Main Street at Walnut
WORCESTER 8, MASS.

LEO J. SIMARD
Jeweler
54 SUFFOLK STREET
Holyoke, Massachusetts

Your Treasure House
of ORNAMENTAL and USEFUL GIFTS
Fine Jewelry — Beautiful Silverware
Crystal Clear Glassware
London Herb Farm Cosmetics
Shop now for your Christmas Gifts
Lundborg's
JEWELRY · STATIONERY · GIFTS
310 MAIN STREET
WORCESTER, MASS.

LEGAL NOTICES

THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
DEPARTMENT OF BANKING AND INSURANCE
DIVISION OF INSURANCE

Pursuant to the Massachusetts General Laws (Tercentenary Edition) Chapter 175, Section 113B, as amended by Acts of 1935, Chapter 459, Section 4, NOTICE is hereby given that a public hearing will be held before the Commissioner of Insurance at ten o'clock in the forenoon of Tuesday, the twenty-first day of November, 1944, in the Auditorium, fourth floor, 100 Nashua Street, Boston, on the following schedule of premium charges and classifications of risks proposed to be fixed and established by the Commissioner for use in connection with the issue or execution of motor vehicle liability policies and bonds for the year 1945, both as defined in the Massachusetts General Laws (Tercentenary Edition) Chapter 90, Section 34A, as amended by the Acts of 1935, Chapter 459, Section 2, and in Executive Order No. 21 of His Excellency, the Governor.

PRIVATE PASSENGER AUTOMOBILES

The general class of Private Passenger Automobiles shall be subdivided into the following classifications:

Class 1—Private Passenger Automobiles for which the owner is limited to a Basic "A" gasoline ration book.

Class 2—Private Passenger Automobiles for which the owner is limited to a "B" ration book or is limited to an "A" ration book and a "B" ration book.

Class 3—All Private Passenger Automobiles not contained in Class 1 and Class 2.

Gas Ration Changes

Rates based on the Gas Ration classification in effect on the date of signing the registration application are subject to change when the Gas Ration classification changes.

COMMERCIAL AUTOMOBILES

This general class shall be divided into two groups, to be determined by rated load capacity, to be known as Heavy and Light.

The Heavy class shall include any motor vehicle having a rated load capacity of over two tons and any motor vehicle with more than four wheels. It shall be deemed to have more than four wheels within the meaning of the classification Heavy Load Capacity if it has more than two axle-trees. A Commercial Automobile with only two axle-trees carrying a pair of wheels on each rear axle shall not be considered a six-wheel motor vehicle.

The Light class shall include those having four wheels and a rated load capacity of two tons or less.

Commercial Automobiles equipped with tank bodies shall be classified in accordance with the capacity of the tank body, as follows:

Heavy—Tanks over 500 gallons capacity.
Light—Tanks having 500 gallons capacity or less.

RATING TERRITORIES

It is proposed to establish the following rating territories and that the premium charges for motor vehicle liability policies shall be determined according to the territory in which the motor vehicles covered thereby are principally garaged:

1. There shall be sixteen territories which shall apply to:
   (a) Private Passenger Automobiles
   (b) Motorcycles
   (c) Hearses
   (d) School Buses
   (e) Buses (Restricted Use)
   (f) Buses (Not Otherwise Classified)
   (g) Demonstrating Automobiles
   (h) School Buses—Not Registered for Carrying Passengers for Hire
   (i) Buses (Restricted Use)—Not Registered for Carrying Passengers for Hire

Territory 1
Chelsea

Territory 2
Boston — Revere
Everett — Somerville

Territory 3
Wilmington
Burlington — Malden
Cambridge — Winthrop
Woburn

Territory 5
Billerica — Hull
Dracut — Medford
Tewksbury

Territory 6
Brookline — Saugus
Randolph — Stoneham
Watertown

Territory 7
Bridgewater — Dedham — Medway — Peabody
Brockton — Lowell — Middleton — Stoughton
Canton — Lynn — Norwood — Waltham
Cohasset — Marlborough — Oxford — Weymouth

Territory 8
Quincy

Territory 9
Worcester

Territory 10
Agawam — Chicopee — Lexington — Salem
Arlington — Framingham — Lynnfield — Sharon
Avon — Hingham — North Reading — Wakefield
Braintree

Territory 11
Acushnet — Fall River — Lawrence — Nahant — Walpole
Auburn — Franklin — Leicester — Natick — Westborough
Belmont — Holbrook — Medfield — Newton — West Springfield
Carlisle — Holliston — Melrose — Plympton — Winchester
Chelmsford — Holyoke — Millis — Reading
Clinton — Hudson — Milton — Sudbury

Territory 12
Springfield

Territory 13
Abington — East Longmeadow — Lincoln — Rockland — Swampscott
Ayer — Gloucester — Methuen — Salisbury — Tyngsborough
Bedford — Haverhill — Milford — Scituate — Wayland
Beverly — Hopkinton — Needham — Shrewsbury — West Boylston
Dartmouth — Leominster — New Bedford — Somerset — Westwood
Norfolk — Southborough

Territory 14
Ashland — Danvers — Hanover — Marshfield — Swansea
Barre — Dover — Hanson — Maynard — Wareham
Belchertown — Duxbury — Holden — Merrimac — Webster
Bellingham — Falmouth — Ipswich — Middleborough — Wellesley
Berlin — Fitchburg — Kingston — Northampton — Westfield
Boylston — Grafton — Littleton — Northborough — Westford
Carver — Groveland — Longmeadow — Palmer — Weston
Charlton — Halifax — Ludlow — Pembroke — Whitman
Concord

Territory 15
Amesbury — Foxborough — Newburyport — Rutland — Sutton
Deerfield — Gardner — Northbridge — Sandwich — Taunton
Dighton — Hamilton — Norwell — South Hadley — West Bridgewater
East Bridgewater — Marion — Pittsfield — Spencer
Millbury — Plymouth — Stow

Territory 16
Remainder of State

2. There shall be seven territories which shall apply to:
   Commercial Automobiles

Territory 1
Boston — Chelsea — Revere

Territory 2
Brookline — Everett — Somerville
Cambridge — Malden — Winthrop
Medford

Territory 3
Arlington — Quincy — Watertown
Ashland — Saugus — Wilmington
Burlington — Wakefield — Winchester
Lynn — Waltham — Woburn
Milton — Worcester

Territory 4
Framingham — Lowell — Springfield
Haverhill — Weymouth

Territory 5
Belmont — Holyoke — Nahant — Salisbury
Billerica — Hull — Natick — Sharon
Braintree — Lawrence — Needham — Stoneham
Bridgewater — Lexington — New Bedford — Stoughton
Canton — Lynnfield — Newton — Swampscott
Chicopee — Marblehead — Norwood — Tewksbury
Danvers — Medfield — Peabody — Walpole
Dedham — Melrose — Randolph — Wayland
Dover — Methuen — Reading — Wellesley
Fall River — Middleton — Salem — West Springfield
Westwood

Territory 6
Abington — Clinton — Hudson — Northbridge
Amesbury — Cohasset — Leicester — Pittsfield
Andover — Dracut — Leominster — Rockland
Auburn — Fitchburg — Littleton — Scituate
Avon — Gloucester — Ludlow — Sherborn
Ayer — Grafton — Marlborough — Shrewsbury
Bedford — Hingham — Medway — Southborough
Berlin — Holbrook — Milford — Sudbury
Beverly — Holden — Millbury — Upton
Bolton — Holliston — Millis — Westborough
Boylston — Hopkinton — Newburyport — West Boylston
Brockton — Northborough — Westford
Chelmsford — Whitman

Territory 7
Remainder of State

3. There shall be ten territories which shall apply to:
   (a) Taxicabs and Public Livery Automobiles
   (b) Driverless Cars

Territory 1
Chelsea — Somerville — Fall River

Territory 2
Everett — Revere — Fitchburg

Territory 3
Brookline — Lowell — Malden
Worcester

Territory 4
Boston

Territory 5
Lynn — New Bedford — Medford

Territory 6
Arlington — Springfield
Haverhill — Watertown
Marlborough — Winthrop

Territory 7
Brockton — Gardner
Cambridge — Southbridge
Clinton — Waltham

Territory 8
Belmont — Leominster
Holyoke — Reading
Lawrence — Weymouth

Territory 9
Adams — North Adams
Framingham — Norwood
Quincy — Wakefield

Territory 10
Remainder of State

4. There shall be four territories which shall apply to:
   Private Livery

Territory 1
Chelsea — New Bedford
Everett — Revere

Territory 2
Boston

Territory 3
Arlington — Milton
Cambridge — Northampton
Lawrence — Somerville
Lowell — Springfield
Malden — Taunton

Territory 4
Worcester
Remainder of State

Garage, Dealers' and Manufacturers' Automobiles

5. The territories for Garage, Dealers' and Manufacturers' Automobiles for 1945 are the same as those for 1944.

SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL RATES AND MINIMUM PREMIUMS

It is proposed to establish annual rates and minimum premiums for motor vehicle liability policies covering motor vehicles in accordance with the territorial locations thereof as set forth in SECTION B, as follows:

PRIVATE PASSENGER AUTOMOBILES

Annual Rates Per Car

Territories	Base Rates	Rates After Application of War and Emergency Discounts Class 1	Class 2	Class 3
1	$63.50	$31.80	$44.40	$57.20
2	53.70	26.80	37.60	48.30
3	47.00	23.50	32.90	42.30
4	42.40	21.70	30.40	39.10
5	41.80	20.90	29.30	37.60
6	37.40	18.70	26.20	33.70
7	34.00	17.00	23.80	30.60
8	32.10	16.00	22.50	28.90
9	31.80	15.90	22.30	28.60
10	31.20	15.60	21.80	28.10
11	29.00	14.50	20.30	26.10
12	27.20	13.60	19.00	24.50
13	25.80	12.90	18.10	23.20
14	22.10	11.00	15.50	19.90
15	19.40	9.70	13.60	17.50
16	17.50	8.60	12.10	15.60

MOTORCYCLES

Annual Rates Per Car

Territories	Base Rates Group AA	Group A	Groups B & C	Rates After Application of War and Emergency Discounts Group AA	Group A	Groups B & C
1- 9	$20.00	$35.00	$75.00	$13.00	$22.80	$48.80
10-16	13.00	20.00	45.00	8.40	13.00	29.20

Motorcycles

The minimum premium for Motorcycles shall be one-third the annual rate specified herein regardless of the term of the policy.

Guest Occupant Insurance

The annual rate per car for Private Passenger Automobiles in each Private Passenger car rating territory shall be $2.00.

The annual rate per car for Motorcycles in each Private Passenger car rating territory shall be—

Group AA—$1.00 — Groups A, B and C—$25.00

The minimum premium for Motorcycles shall be one-third the annual rate specified herein regardless of the term of the policy

Private Passenger Automobiles Electrically Operated

Private Passenger Automobiles electrically operated shall be written at a reduction of 25 per cent from the Statutory (Compulsory) and Guest Occupant annual rates for Class 3 Private Passenger Automobiles, specified herein.

COMMERCIAL AUTOMOBILES

Annual Rates Per Car

BASE RATES

TERRITORIES		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Classifications:								
Class 3	Heavy	$107.80	$108.50	$106.10	$79.80	$74.70	$72.10	$54.10
	Light	77.00	72.10	53.50	46.50	43.10	37.30	25.10
Class 4	Heavy	86.80	78.70	69.50	52.60	43.80	41.50	22.90
	Light	77.70	61.30	43.10	41.40	32.30	26.10	13.40

RATES AFTER APPLICATION OF WAR AND EMERGENCY DISCOUNT

TERRITORIES		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Classifications:								
Class 3	Heavy	$97.00	$97.60	$95.50	$71.80	$67.20	$64.90	$48.70
	Light	70.10	64.90	48.20	41.80	38.80	33.60	22.60
Class 4	Heavy	78.20	70.80	54.40	46.80	39.40	37.40	20.30
	Light	69.90	55.20	40.60	37.30	29.10	23.50	13.90

BASE RATES

TERRITORIES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Farmers' Trucks excluding retail delivery	$77.70	$61.30	$45.10	$41.40	$32.30	$26.10	$15.40

RATES AFTER APPLICATION OF WAR AND EMERGENCY DISCOUNT

TERRITORIES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Farmers' Trucks excluding retail delivery	$69.90	$55.20	$40.60	$37.20	$29.10	$23.50	$13.90

The rate per car for Dock and Industrial Trucks, Farm Tractors and Lawn Mowers (Gasoline, Steam or Electric) shall be $10.00 in each Commercial car rating territory.

HEARSES

The annual rate for Hearses shall be sixty per cent of the annual rate for a Class 3 Private Passenger Automobile in each rating territory.

GUEST OCCUPANT INSURANCE

The annual rate per car for Commercial Automobiles, Classes 3 and 4, all weights, and for Farmers' Trucks excluding retail delivery in each Commercial car rating territory shall be $2.50.

The annual rate per car for Dock Trucks, Industrial Trucks, Hearses, Farm Tractors and Lawn Mowers (Gasoline, Steam or Electric) in each rating territory shall be $1.00.

COMMERCIAL AUTOMOBILES ELECTRICALLY OPERATED

Commercial Automobiles (except Dock Trucks, Industrial Trucks, Farm Tractors and Lawn Mowers) electrically operated shall be written at a reduction of 25 per cent from the Statutory (Compulsory) and Guest Occupant annual rates for Commercial Automobiles specified herein.

PUBLIC AUTOMOBILES

Guest Occupant Insurance

The annual rate per car shall be $1.00 for all Public Automobiles.

Annual Rates Per Car

BASE RATES

TERRITORIES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Taxicabs and Public Livery	$385	$350	$315	$305	$275	$230	$190	$150	$115	$85

RATES AFTER APPLICATION OF WAR AND EMERGENCY CHARGES

TERRITORIES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Taxicabs and Public Livery	$481	$438	$394	$381	$344	$288	$238	$188	$144	$106

Private Livery

Annual Rates Per Car

TERRITORIES	1	2	3	4
Private Livery	$100	$90	$70	$30

The annual rates for Garage, Dealers' and Manufacturers' Automobiles for Statutory (Compulsory) and Guest Occupant coverages shall be based in part upon the payroll of all officers and employees of the Insured and in part upon the number of registration plates issued to the Insured by the Registry of Motor Vehicles which are covered under the Garage Liability policy. The number of registration plates shall include all plates whether they be dealers' plates, private passenger plates or any other provided the insurance coverage is afforded to the vehicle to which they are attached under the Garage Liability policy issued to the Insured.

The rates per $100 payroll shown below shall be applied to the payrolls of the Insured; to this premium shall be added the premium derived from applying the rate per plate to the number of registration plates as defined above. The minimum premiums shall apply only to the premium derived from payrolls.

Overtime payrolls shall be excluded from all the premium charges.

Statutory (Compulsory) Rates

TERRITORIES	1	2	3	1	2	3
Rate per $100 Payroll	$ .86	$ .71	$ .57	$ .60	$ .50	$ .40
Rate per Plate	18.00	15.00	12.00	12.60	10.50	8.40
Minimum Premium	140.00	95.00	50.00	98.00	66.50	35.00

Guest Occupant Insurance

The rate for Guest Occupant Insurance in each Garage rating territory for Garage, Dealers' and Manufacturers' Automobiles shall be $.12 for each $100 payroll and $.80 per plate with a minimum premium of $15.00.

All persons and insurance companies desiring to be heard on the proposed classifications or risks and schedule of premium charges for Statutory (Compulsory) and Guest Occupant coverages as hereinbefore set forth, should appear as aforesaid, and they may then and there show cause, if they have any, why the proposed classifications and schedule of premium charges for Statutory (Compulsory) and Guest Occupant coverages should not be fixed and established for use in connection with the issue or execution of motor vehicle liability policies and bonds for the year 1945, both as defined in Massachusetts General Laws (Tercentenary Edition) Chapter 90, Section 34A, as amended by Acts of 1935, Chapter 459, Section 2.

Written communications will be given consideration if received at the office of the Commissioner of Insurance, 100 Nashua Street, Boston, before the hearing.

DATED at Boston this ninth day of November, 1944.

CHARLES F. J. HARRINGTON,
Commissioner of Insurance

HELP WANTED—MEN

ELECTRONIC-MANUAL WRITERS

Must have technical knowledge of radio and a facile command of English. Certificate of availability is essential.

SUBMARINE SIGNAL CO.
175 State Street, Boston

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN
For layout and detail work
The Thompson-Gibb Electric Welding Co.
161 Pleasant St. Lynn, Mass.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN
Inventor wants crackerjack draftsman, familiar with machine-shop practice; future brilliant, present exciting, working conditions ideal, in New York studio; salary open. Write Box M-44, Suite 1550, 500 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.

MANUFACTURER of record and index cards, filing supplies, wants man familiar with E.I Harris press. INDEX CARDS, INC., 28 Howard Street, New York, N. Y.

MAN, GENERAL WORK, capable, highest wages; light driving, simple cooking; Christian Scientist preferred; 2 adults. Com 4494, Boston.

HELP WANTED

WANTED IMMEDIATELY HELPER SHIPFITTERS

Experience Not Necessary

Buses direct to yard from Quincy Square every 30 minutes. Special Trains direct to shipyard daily from South Station at 6:25 a. m.

Apply at

BETHLEHEM-HINGHAM SHIPYARD, INC.
OR U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

COUPLE

To live with 20 boys as cottage parents. Wife supervise boys' performance of household tasks. No cooking, no dishwashing, no laundry. Husband for part-time work outside cottage depending on his ability or trade experience. Salary $125—$175 month and board, room, laundry. A pleasant home in a congenial group. Harold F. Strong, Exec. Director, will interview Sunday p. m. and all day Monday. Phone HAN. 2044.

CIRCULATION MANAGER
Prominent business paper wants man or woman who understands preparations of A. B. C. reports. Box B-3, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

HELP WANTED—WOMEN

SECRETARY—Permanent and interesting 5-day week; opportunity for one who has sales sense; rapid shorthand and ability to handle correspondence and compose sales letters; small office, location Rockefeller Center; state age, nationality, education, positions held and salary expected. Write Box X-87, Suite 1550, 500 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

FINE opportunity for young girl as file clerk, some typing; midtown New York; good salary. Apply by letter only, stating age, religious affiliation and experience. The Christian Science Monitor, 500 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. 18, N. Y.

WANTED—Biller with knowledge of bookkeeping for office in Park Sq. Bldg.; must be accurate with figures; state age, experience, and salary expected. Box R-24, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

WORKING housekeeper. Protestant, 5 days a week; reliable person with knowledge of good plain cooking; no heavy cleaning; small American family; live out. G. E. HOWE, 25 Willard Road, Brookline, Mass. Asp. 7377.

2 BUSINESS women desire helper, 3-room apt., 1-2 days weekly; time arranged to suit helper's convenience. Write Box S-44, Suite 1550, 500 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

GENERAL maid; good home; room and bath; 2 adults; 2 school-age children; salary $25. Call Beacon 0815, Brookline, Mass.

WOMAN for afternoon work in rooming house near Harvard Square, 1 p. m.-5:30 p. m. Call after 6 p. m. Eliot 9147 (Mass.).

WANTED — Experienced white couple to, alone, take complete charge of 11-room house including cooking, laundry with Bendix washer and ironer; salary $200 a month; family of 2 adults and one 4-year-old boy; good reference required. 109 Brookside Drive, Washington 15, D. C.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

EXECUTIVE AND MANAGER
Operating executive, 26, draft exempt, experienced in purchases, production, distribution and general management, familiar with regulations of WPB, OPA, renegotiating agencies, now located in Midwest. I want opportunity in East where integrity and ability may be demonstrated in position of prime responsibility or as assistant to key executive. Box B-2, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

ACCOUNTANTS

Remote Control Bookkeeping and Tax Service
for the smaller business firms, by reputable accountants and tax consultants; financial statements rendered monthly; $3 and upward weekly. Ask for full information—TODAY!
George W. Derby Company
142 Main Street, Brockton 22, Mass.

ANTIQUES

VISITORS TO BOSTON—SEE OUR Most Unusual Collection of Fine Porcelains and China
Windsor Art Galleries, 68 Arlington St., Boston

HINGHAM ANTIQUE SHOP
AT THE HARBOR
HINGHAM, MASS.

ANTIQUES WANTED

CASH paid for antique furniture, glass, china, bric-a-brac, silver, etc. HENRY POSTAR, 58 Market Street, Brighton, Mass. Stadium 7866.

AWNINGS AND SCREENS

SHADES, Wedding Canopies, Tents, Venetian Blinds, Storm Windows comp. Weatherstripping. HOME SPECIALTIES, BIGelow 3900, Worcester 4-2897, Milford 1900, Framingham 3131 (Mass.).

"FIX IT"

Electrical Appliances and RADIOS repaired
PETERS MUSIC SHOP
1719 Mass. Ave., Lexington, Mass. Lex. 0509

EXPERT WORK WHILE YOU WAIT
Fountain Pen Repairing
Personal Pen 333 Wash. St., Boston, Room 306 LAF. 3087

FIREPLACES REPAIRED
CHIMNEYS CLEANED
W. E. SMITH CO., Jamaica Plain, Mass. BUILT
16 CHILCOTT PLACE END. 6660

FOUNTAIN PENS REPAIRED
Prompt service. Boston's Finest Pen Shop
We Carry a Complete Stock of All Standard Makes. Pens, Pencils, Sets, Engraving.
PENCRAFT INC.
3rd Floor, 5 Bromfield St., Boston LIB. 3913

TYPEWRITERS Repaired, Rented, Bought, Boylston
Typewriter, Little Building, Boston HUB 3564

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

DEDHAM, MASS.—7 rooms, bath, oil heat, modern kitchen; just renovated; garage; landscaped; near all services; $7500. MARSH & RICE, 35 Marsh St., Dedham 2300.

REAL ESTATE—INSURANCE

GEORGE GILES & SON
INSURANCE SPECIALIZING—REALTORS
689 Mass. Avenue, Cambridge, Mass. KIR. 2248

OFFICES TO LET

N. Y. C.—Practitioner's office available Tues., Thurs., Sats.; exceptionally light, windows each room. 18 East 41st St. Ra 9-7965.

APARTMENTS WANTED

RESPONSIBLE young couple desire conveniently located unfurn. small modern house; or 3 to 4 room apt. in adjacent suburb or in Boston for immediate occupancy of 1 year at least. Liberty 5100, Mr. Tehan.

WANTED—3- or 4-room furnished apartment with kitchenette; middle-aged couple, no children, pets; excellent references. Tel. Lib. 8453 or Walpole 250; preferred location between Charles and Dartmouth Sts., Boston.

RESPONSIBLE young couple desire rent or sublease unfurnished or furnished 2-3-4-room apartment in N. Y. C. Please phone RI 9-4634 or write E. C. KLUMPP, 34 W. 96 St., N. Y. C.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Two adults with baby desire one bedroom, furnished or unfurnished apt. Mrs. Sara Kinney, 4416-A, Third St., S. E.

WANTED TO RENT

MIAMI, FLA.—Professional couple (no children) in urgent need of suitable house for rental on yearly basis; prefer Miami Beach, north of 41st Street; will consider Miami Shores or Northeast; Call 7-6239 or 2-2583.

ROOMS TO LET

BOSTON, 51 Hereford St.—Furnished double rooms, one block from Mass. Station; electric plate; $8.00-$10.00 week. Com. 8486.

N. Y. C., 532 West 111th Street, Apt. 6G—Attractive light single front room; elevator; near church, subway. CA 8-3210.

ROOMS AND BOARD

FENWAY — Single and double room with meals; business women only. Tel. Ken. 1374.

ROOMS WANTED

GIRL, Christian Scientist, desires room with facilities for practicing voice in N. Y. C. or suburb close by. Write Box 2E15, Suite 1550, 500 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

HOMES WITH ATTENTION

PLEASANT OUTLOOK HOME
Transient, permanent, for rest or study; elderly people welcome; attention if desired. Hollis 7, N. Y. Ho. 5-9464.

BROOKLINE, MASS. — Home conveniently located for rest and study; a little attention if needed; 1st floor. Call Beacon 5728.

MOVING AND STORAGE

I DEEM it a privilege to offer the services of my fireproof warehouse to the readers of The Christian Science Monitor in addition to local and long distance moving. NOBLE R. STEVES, 24 Sharp St., Boston 24, Mass. Tel. Talbot 2400

CLARK MOVING CO.
Packers & Movers—Asp. 4681, Brookline, Mass.

BEAUTY SHOPS

EDNA BEAUTY SHOP, 4197 Washington St., Roslindale Square, Mass., near Rialto Theatre. All lines of beauty craft. PAR. 7532.

CHURCH FURNITURE

HUNTINGTON SEATING CO.
Pews, Reader's Desk and Chairs
480 Lexington Avenue, New York, N. Y.

CLOTHING

ORIGINAL MAX KEEZER CO., ONLY ONE STORE. WE BUY USED CLOTHING, BRIC-A-BRAC, JEWELRY AND SILVER. 1109 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, CAMBRIDGE, MASS. TRO. 0302

DOGS FOR SALE

GRAFMAR KENNELS, Hopkinton, Mass. Tel. 272—For sale, German Shepherds, $75 up. Weimaraners $100 up; all breeds trained to be well mannered; $75 per mo.; folder on request.

DRESSMAKING

BETSY JANE WORTLEY, 29 Gainsboro St. Ken. 0848. Opp. Jordan Hall, Boston. Custom Gowns, Suits, Remodeling. Prices Reasonable.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS

GENTLEMAN'S eastern mink-lined fur coat, with mink collar; perfect condition. Call KENmore 8280, Boston.

SILVER—GORHAM PLATE—Service for 6, 47 pieces old Gorham pattern, $125. GR 7-8635. Write GUYER, 210 Sullivan St., N. Y. C.

FURNITURE WANTED

WE BUY all kinds of household furniture and dishes. BRESLAU FURNITURE COMPANY 109 Warren Street, Boston. Hig. 1016

FURS

ALMA ARMAND, FURRIER, Restyling, Repairing Specialist. Custom and Ready-made Furs. 136 East 57th, EL 5-1142, N. Y. C.

HOSIERY

BIJOU RAYON HOSE
Sweaters to Size 46
DEBS, 9 Corinth Street, Roslindale, Mass.
Blouses, Junior Sportswear

INFORMATION WANTED

ANYONE possessing information with respect to the passing, around 1906, of William John Staines Thorp, formerly of N. Y. C., please communicate with Dwight, Harris, Koegel and Caskey, 100 Broadway, N. Y. C. Phone BA. 7-5100.

INVISIBLE MENDING

INVISIBLE MENDING SERVICE Moth Holes, Tears, etc. Renoven. Little Bldg., R. 26, Boston. Lib. 7606

JEWELERS

BEAD RESTRINGING
WIDMER, 31 WEST STREET, BOSTON

JEWELRY—WATCH REPAIRING

AMERICAN and Swiss watches and clocks; diamond mounting and repairing. HERBERT A. SIMPSON, 333 Washington St., Boston.

INFORMATION

About Placing Classified Advertisements

Classified advertisements are accepted for publication in any ONE edition of The Christian Science Monitor or in ALL three editions. The ATLANTIC edition circulates in the New England and Atlantic Seaboard States of U. S. A., Canada, West Indies, Central and South America, Great Britain, Ireland, Continental Europe, Africa, Asia, Australia and New Zealand. CENTRAL edition in the Central States of U. S. A. PACIFIC edition in the Pacific Coast and Mountain States of U. S. A., Alaska, Hawaii and Mexico.

Rates Per Agate Line Per Day for Help Wanted, Real Estate and other headings except Situations Wanted:

	One Edition	All Editions
1 or 2 insertions	.35	.70
3 insertions within 7 consecutive days	.30	.60
1 insertion a week for 6 consecutive weeks	.30	.60
3 insertions a week for 4 consecutive weeks	.25	.50
6 consecutive daily insertions	.25	.50
1 insertion a week for 52 cons. weeks (on contract)	.25	.50

For Situations Wanted Advertising:

	One Edition	All Editions
1 or 2 times	.18	.35
3 times within 7 consecutive days	.15	.30
6 consecutive days	.12	.25

MINIMUM SPACE ACCEPTABLE

All advertisements must occupy at least 3 lines, set in agate type. To estimate space required for agate type, count six words for each line. When ALL CAPITAL letters are desired count four words to the line. For more detailed information, send postcard for booklet, "Classified Advertising Rates and Information," to The Christian Science Monitor, One, Norway Street, Boston, Massachusetts.

LITERARY SERVICES WANTED

WANTED—Services of ghost writer by individual trying to write a book. Box B-4, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

MATTRESSES

MATTRESSES REMADE $5 and up (using old ticking). Box springs repaired. Prompt service. Phone Com. 2821. New Custom-made Mattresses $24.50 up. WELLS & CO., 393 Boylston Street, Boston

MUSIC

$150.00 SACRED SONG CONTEST
Closing date Nov. 30
For details, write
THE HARMONY MUSIC PUBLISHERS
Box 743, Chicago 90, Illinois

PAINTING AND DECORATING

Painting, Papering ARNold 2368
EDWARD PARKER (Mass.)

PECANS FOR SALE

SEMI-SHELLED PECANS, 1 lb., $2.24. 10 lbs. $3.99, prepaid to you. 1944 crop, big budded pecans, finest varieties. Surplus shells removed. Satisfaction guaranteed. PHILS PECAN PLANTATION M, Camilla, Ga. Delivery Nov. 1st to 15th.

RADIO REPAIRING

RADIO REPAIRING
EXPERT WORK—TUBES TESTED AT STORE —GEORGE'S, 171A MASSACHUSETTS AVE., BOSTON. COM. 8630.

RUGS WANTED

We pay GOOD PRICES for GOOD RUGS in GOOD CONDITION. ARMORY RUG CO., 869 Boylston Street, Boston. Com. 4045.

SEWING MACHINES

ALL MAKES Sewing Machines, Washers, Vacuum Cleaners & Radios, expert repairs; bought and sold. Call PAR. 8197. Guild Service Shop, 4197 Washington St., Roslindale, Mass.

UPHOLSTERING

THE NEW PLASTI-KOTE PAINT
Transparent and Colors
WARFIELD'S, 110 Broad St LY. 2-3730

WANTED TO BUY

WANTED — 35 mm. camera in good condition for use by a chaplain (Christian Scientist) overseas; essential to his program. Write MRS. H. E. RIEKE, 1221 West Wayne, Ft. Wayne, Indiana.

BEST prices paid furniture, rugs, silver, bric-a-brac, books, etc. LAWNER'S, 81 University Pl., GRamercy 5-1618, N. Y. C.

Parley in Chicago on Travel To Stir Peregrination Urge

Tourabouts

By Leavitt F. Morris
Travel Editor of The Christian Science Monitor

Such enticing subjects as Postwar Railroad Travel, Postwar Air Travel, Financing Postwar Trips, Postwar Auto Travel and Postwar Steamship Travel are only a few of the vital topics to be discussed at the annual meeting of the National Association of Travel Officials in Chicago, Nov. 15 and 16 at the Hotel Sherman.

Leading travel officials from scattered sections of the country are planning to attend this meeting and set in motion the travel wheels of a postwar era which it is predicted will surpass anything yet experienced in the tourist industry.

Many look to the travel industry to take top place among the nation's industries. Many even look to the travel industry to stimulate an era of prosperity after the war. It is certain, however, that when travel restrictions are lifted and boats, trains, busses and airplanes are free to return to their normal business of transporting people for pleasure Americans will rush to get aboard for that vacation trip so long postponed. Already leading steamship and air lines report that they have long lists of persons seeking reservations on the first plane or ship to go abroad.

Don Thomas, hard-working President of the Association, is also managing director of the All-Year Club of Southern California. The program he has worked out for the Association's annual meeting is one of the most contructive ever put before a group of American travel and tourist officials.

Canada Meets, Too

Approximately one week after the meeting of the National Association of Travel Officials the Canadian Association of Tourist and Publicity Bureaus will hold its 10th annual meeting in Vancouver, British Columbia. The dates are Nov. 23, 24, and 25. At this meeting, according to its president, D. W. Griffiths, from New Brunswick, every phase of the tourist industry will be discussed. One of the main reasons for the meeting, however, is to arrange plans, now, for the rehabilitation of the men and women in the armed services.

Sheraton-Plaza at Daytona

Formerly known as the Clarendon, the new, completely redecorated and refurnished Sheraton-Plaza at Daytona Beach, Fla., will reopen for the winter season on Dec. 31. It is one of the largest beach-front hotels on the Florida coast north of West Palm Beach. In addition to the entertainment program to be provided by the hotel, guests will be able to enjoy the Civic Music and Open Forum programs being planned by the City of Daytona Beach for the winter season.

'St. Pete' Plans

St. Petersburg, Florida's "Sunshine City," is thoroughly organizing to meet problems attendant upon the tremendous expansion of population which seems inevitable in the immediate postwar period. A department of postwar planning under the direction of an expert industrialist has been installed at City Hall and a comprehensive program of improvements eventually costing many millions of dollars is being prepared. These improvements include a deep-water port, additional airports large enough to accommodate any type of passenger and freight transport plane, a municipal auditorium, sports and recreational stadium and an enlarged park and land development program, designed to utilize a greater part of the 55 square miles of area within the city limits.

Washington Cheers Roosevelt On Chief's Triumphal Return

House Complete Except Four Missouri Polls

By the Associated Press

Membership in the House of Representatives of the 79th Congress, convening in January, has been decided in every District except four in Missouri, according to conclusive returns today following the Nov. 7 election. Elected were 242 Democrats, a gain of 18; 187 Republicans, a drop of 25; and two minor parties—aside from the Missouri four which may be decided by tomorrow, after count of soldier and other absentee ballots. Three indicated winners in Pennsylvania also may be affected by service ballots.

Total membership, 435. Necessary for a majority, 218. Present political classification in the 78th Congress: Democrats, 214; Republicans, 212; Progressive, 2; Farmer-Labor, 1; American Labor, 1; Vacancies, 5.

Key: Symbols after candidates' names: (x) Means re-elected; (D) Democratic; (R) Republican; (FL) Farmer-Labor; (I) Independent; (S) Socialist; (SL) Socialist-Labor; (AL) American Labor; (V) Vacancies; (P) Progressive. (*) Indicates subject to change by soldier and other absentee votes. (†) Indicates undecided.

Symbols before candidates' names: AL means At Large; District numbers are listed.

Alabama: (D 9)
1 Frank W. Boykin (x) (D)
2 George M. Grant (x) (D)
3 George W. Andrews (x) (D)
4 Sam Hobbs (x) (D)
5 Albert Rains (D)
6 Pete Jarman (x) (D)
7 Carter Manasco (x) (D)
8 John J. Sparkman (x) (D)
9 Luther Patrick (D)

Arizona: (D 2)
(Two to be elected at large.)
AL Richard F. Harless (x) (D)
AL John R. Murdock (x) (D)

Arkansas: (D 7)
1 E. C. Gathings (x) (D)
2 Wilbur D. Mills (x) (D)
3 J. W. Trimble (D)
4 Fadjo Cravens (x) (D)
5 Brooks Hays (x) (D)
6 W. F. Norrell (x) (D)
7 Owen Harris (x) (D)

California: (D 12; R 10; V 1)
1 Clarence F. Lea (x) (D and R)
2 Clair Engle (x) (D)
3 Leroy Johnson (x) (R and D)
4 Franck R. Havenner (D)
5 Richard J. Welch (x) (R and D)
6 George P. Miller (D)
7 John H. Tolan (x) (D)
8 John Z. Anderson (x) (R)
9 Bertrand W. Gearhart (x) (R and D)
10 Alfred J. Elliott (x) (D and R)
11 George E. Outland (x) (D)
12 Jerry Voorhis (x) (D)
13 Ned R. Healy (D)
14 Helen Gahagan Douglas (D)
15 Gordon L. McDonough (R)
16 Ellis E. Patterson (D)
17 Cecil R. King (x) (D and R)
18 Clyde G. Doyle (D)
19 Chet Holifield (x) (D)
20 Carl Hinshaw (x) (R)
21 Harry R. Sheppard (x) (D)
22 John Phillips (x) (R and D)
23 Ed V. Izac (v) (D)

Colorado: (Reps. 4)
1 Dean M. Gillespie (x) (R)
2 William S. Hill (x) (R)
3 J. Edgar Chenoweth (x) (R)
4 Robert F. Rockwell (x) (R)

Connecticut: (Reps. 6)
AL Joseph F. Ryter (D)
1 Herman P. Kopplemann (D)
2 Mrs. Chase Going Woodhouse (D)
3 James P. Geelan (D)
4 Mrs. Clare Booth Luce (x) (R)
5 Joseph E. Talbot (x) (R)

Delaware: (Rep. 1)
AL Philip L. Traynor (D)

Florida: (Dems. 6)
1 J. Hardin Peterson (x) (D)
2 Emory H. Price (x) (D)
3 Robert L. F. Sikes (x) (D)
4 Pat Cannon (x) (D)
5 Joe Hendricks (x) (D)
6 Dwight Rogers (D) (new district)

Georgia: (Dems. 10)
1 Hugh Peterson (x) (D)
2 E. E. Cox (x) (D)
3 Stephen Pace (x) (D)
4 A. Sidney Camp (x) (D)
5 Robert Ramspeck (x) (D)
6 Carl Vinson (x) (D)
7 Malcolm C. Tarver (x) (D)
8 John S. Gibson (x) (D)
9 John S. Wood (D)
10 Paul Brown (x) (D)

Idaho: (D 1; R 1)
1 Compton I. White (x) (D)
2 Henry C. Dworshak (x) (R)

Illinois: (D 6; R 19; V 1)
AL Emily Taft Douglas (D)
1 William L. Dawson (x) (D)
2 William A. Rowan (x) (D)
3 Edward A. Kelly (D)
4 Martin Gorski (x) (D)
5 Adolph J. Sabath (x) (D)
6 Thomas J. O'Brien (x) (D)
7 William W. Link (D)
8 Thomas S. Gordon (x) (D)
9 Alexander J. Resa (D)
10 Ralph E. Church (x) (R)
11 Chauncey W. Reed (x) (R)
12 Noah M. Mason (x) (R)
13 Leo E. Allen (x) (R)
14 Anton J. Johnson (x) (R)
15 Robert J. Chiperfield (x) (R)
16 Everett M. Dirksen (x) (R)
17 Leslie C. Arends (x) (R)
18 Miss Jessie Sumner (x) (R)
19 Rolla C. McMillen (x) (R)
20 Sid Simpson (x) (R)
21 Evan Howell (x) (R)
22 Melvin Price (D)
23 Charles W. Vursell (x) (D)
24 James V. Heidinger (x) (D)
25 C. W. (Runt) Bishop (x) (R)

Indiana: (D 2; R 9)
1 Ray J. Madden (x) (D)
2 Charles A. Halleck (x) (R)
3 Robert A. Grant (x) (R)
4 George W. Gillie (x) (R)
5 Forest A. Harness (x) (R)
6 Noble J. Johnson (x) (R)
7 Gerald W. Landis (x) (R)
8 Charles M. La Follette (x) (R)
9 Earl Wilson (x) (R)
10 Raymond S. Springer (x) (R)
11 Louis Ludlow (x) (D)

Iowa: (R 8)
1 Thomas E. Martin (x) (R)
2 Henry O. Talle (x) (R)
3 John W. Gwynne (x) (R)
4 Karl M. LeCompte (x) (R)
5 Paul Cummingham (x) (R)
6 James I. Dolliver (R)
7 Ben F. Jensen (x) (R)
8 Charles B. Hoeven (x) (R)

Kansas: (R 6)
1 Albert M. Cole (R)
2 Errett P. Scrivner (x) (R)
3 Thomas D. Winter (x) (R)
4 Edward H. Rees (x) (R)
5 Clifford R. Hope (x) (R)
6 Frank Carlson (x) (R)

Kentucky: (D 7; R 2)
1 Noble J. Gregory (x) (D)
2 Earle C. Clements (D)
3 Emmett O'Neal (x) (D)
4 Frank L. Chelf (D)
5 Brent Spence (x) (D)
6 Virgil Chapman (x) (D)
7 Andrew J. May (x) (D)
8 Joe B. Bates (x) (D)
9 John M. Robison (x) (R)

Louisiana: (D 7; V 1)
1 F. Edward Hebert (x) (D)
2 Paul H. Maloney (x) (D)
3 James Domengeaux (x-resigned) (D)
4 Overton Brooks (x) (D)
5 Charles E. McKenzie (x) (D)
6 James H. Morrison (x) (D)
7 Henry D. Larcade, Jr. (x) (D)
8 A. Leonard Allen (x) (D)

Maine: (R 3)
(Following were elected Sept. 11)
1 Robert Hale (x) (R)
2 Mrs. Margaret C. Smith (x) (R)
3 Frank Fellows (x) (R)

Maryland: (D 4; R 2)
1 Dudley G. Roe (D)
2 H. Streett Baldwin (x) (D)
3 Thomas D'Alesandro, Jr. (x) (D)
4 George H. Fallon (D)
5 Lansdale G. Sasscer (x) (D)
6 J. Glenn Beall (x) (R)

Massachusetts: (D 4; R 10)
1 John W. Heselton (R)
2 Charles R. Clason (x) (R)
3 Philip J. Philbin (x) (D)
4 Pehr G. Holmes (x) (R)
5 Mrs. Edith Nourse Rogers (x) (R)
6 George J. Bates (x) (R)
7 Thomas J. Lane (x) (D)
8 Angier L. Goodwin (x) (R)
9 Charles L. Gifford (x) (R)
10 Christian A. Herter (x) (R)
11 James M. Curley (x) (D)
12 John W. McCormack (x) (D)
13 Richard B. Wigglesworth (x) (R)
14 Joseph W. Martin, Jr. (x) (R)

Michigan: (D 5; R 12)
1 George G. Sadowski (x) (D)
2 Earl C. Michener (x) (R)
3 Paul V. Shafer (x) (R)
4 Clare E. Hoffman (x) (R)
5 Bartel J. Jonkman (x) (R)
6 William W. Blackney (x) (R)
7 Jesse P. Wolcott (x) (R)
8 Fred L. Crawford (x) (R)
9 Albert J. Engel (x) (R)
10 Roy O. Woodruff (x) (R)
11 Fred Bradley (x) (R)
12 Frank E. Hook (D)
13 George D. O'Brien (x) (D)
14 Louis C. Rabaut (x) (D)
15 John D. Dingell (x) (D)
16 John Lesinski (x) (D)
17 George A. Dondero (x) (R)

Minnesota: (R 8; F-L 1)
1 August H. Andresen (x) (R)
2 Joseph P. O'Hara (x) (R)
3 William J. Gallagher (D—F-L)
4 Frank T. Starkey (D—F-L)
5 Walter H. Judd (x) (R)
6 Harold Knutson (x) (R)
7 H. Carl Andersen (x) (R)
8 William A. Pittenger (x) (R)
9 Harold C. Hagen (x) (ex F-L) (R)

Mississippi: (D 7)
1 John E. Rankin (x) (D)
2 Jamie L. Whitten (x) (D)
3 William M. Whittington (x) (D)
4 Thomas G. Abernethy (x) (D)
5 William Arthur Wimstead (x) (D)
6 William M. Colmer (x) (D)
7 Dan R. McGehee (x) (D)

Missouri: (D 5; R 8)
1 S. W. (Wat) Arnold (x) (R)*
2 Max Schwabe (x) (R)*
3 William C. Cole (x) (R)*
4 C. Jasper Bell (x) (D)
5 Roger C. Slaughter (x) (D)
6 Marion T. Bennett (x) (R)
7 Dewey Short (x) (R)
8 A. S. J. Carnahan (D)*
9 Clarence Cannon (x) (D)
10 Orville Zimmerman (x) (D)
11 John B. Sullivan (D)
12 Walter C. Ploeser (x) (R)
13 John J. Cochran (x) (D)

Montana: (D 2)
1 Mike Mansfield (x) (D)
2 James F. O'Connor (x) (D)

Nebraska: (R 4)
1 Carl T. Curtis (x) (R)
2 Howard H. Buffett (x) (R)
3 Karl Stefan (x) (R)
4 A. L. Miller (x) (R)

Nevada: (D 1)
AL Berkeley L. Bunker (D)

New Hampshire: (R 2)
1 Chester E. Merrow (x) (R)
2 Sherman Adams (R)

New Jersey: (D 3; R 11)
1 Charles A. Wolverton (x) (R)
2 T. Millet Hand (R)
3 James C. Auchincloss (x) (R)
4 D. Lane Powers (x) (R)
5 Charles A. Eaton (x) (R)
6 Clifford P. Case (R)
7 J. Parnall Thomas (x) (R)
8 Gordon Canfield (x) (R)
9 Harry L. Towe (x) (R)
10 Fred A. Hartley, Jr. (x) (R)
11 Frank L. Sundstrom (x) (R)
12 Robert W. Kean (x) (R)
13 Mrs. Mary T. Norton (x) (D)
14 Edward J. Hart (x) (D)

New Mexico: (D 2)
(Two to be elected at large)
AL Clinton P. Anderson (x) (D)
AL Antonio M. Fernandez (x) (D)

New York: (D 22; R 22; AL 1)
(Note: State redistricted since last election.)
1 Edgar A. Sharp (R)
2 Leonard W. Hall (x) (1st) (R)
3 Henry J. Latham (R)
4 William B. Barry (x) (2nd) (D & AL)
5 James A. Roe (D & AL)
6 James J. Delaney (D & AL)
7 John J. Delaney (x) (D & AL)
8 Joseph L. Pfeifer (x) (3rd) (D & AL)
9 Eugene J. Keogh (x) (D)
10 Andrew L. Somers (x) (6th) (D & AL)
11 James J. Heffernan (x) (5th) (D & AL)
12 John J. Rooney (x) (4th) (D & AL)
13 Donald L. O'Toole (x) (8th) (D & AL)
14 Leo F. Rayfiel (D)
15 Emanuel Celler (x) (10th) (D & AL)
16 Ellsworth B. Buck (x) (11th) (R)
17 Joseph C. Baldwin (x) (R)
18 Vito Marcantonio (x) (20th) (AL, D & R)
19 Samuel Dickstein (x) (12th) (D & AL)
20 Sol Bloom (x) (19th) (D & AL)
21 James H. Torrens (x) (D & AL)
22 Adam C. Powell, Jr. (D, R & AL)
23 Walter A. Lynch (x) (22nd) (D & AL)
24 Benjamin J. Rabin (D & AL)
25 Charles A. Buckley (x) (23d) (D & AL)
26 Peter A. Quinn (D & AL)
27 Ralph W. Gwinn (R)
28 Ralph A. Gamble (x) (25th) (R)
29 Augustus W. Bennet (D & AL, Good Gvt., & Liberty)
30 Jay LeFevre (x) (27th) (R)
31 Bernard W. Kearney (x) (30th) (R)
32 William T. Byrne (x) (28th) (D & AL)
33 Dean P. Taylor (x) (29th) (R)
34 Clarence E. Kilburn (x) (31st) (R)
35 Hadwen C. Fuller (x) (32d) (R)
36 Clarence E. Hancock (x) (35th) (R)
37 Edwin A. Hall (x) (34th) (R)
38 John Taber (x) (36th) (R)
39 W. Sterling Cole (x) (37th) (R)
40 George F. Rogers (D & AL)
41 James W. Wadsworth (x) (39th) (R)
42 Walter G. Andrews (x) (40th) (R)
43 Edward J. Elsaesser (R)
44 John C. Butler (x) (42nd) (R)
45 Daniel A. Reed (x) (43rd) (R)

North Carolina: (D 12)
1 Herbert C. Bonner (x) (D)
2 John H. Kerr (x) (D)
3 Graham A. Barden (x) (D)
4 Harold D. Cooley (x) (D)
5 John H. Folger (x) (D)
6 Carl T. Durham (x) (D)
7 J. Bayard Clark (x) (D)
8 W. O. Burgin (x) (D)
9 Robert L. Doughton (x) (D)
10 Joe W. Irwin (D)
11 Alfred L. Bulwinkle (x) (D)
12 Zebulon Weaver (x) (D)

North Dakota: (R 2)
(Two to be elected At Large)
AL William Lemke (x) (R)
AL Charles R. Robertson (R)

Ohio: (D 3; R 20)
AL George H. Bender (x) (R)
1 Charles H. Elston (x) (R)
2 William E. Hess (x) (R)
3 Edward J. Gardner (D)
4 Robert F. Jones (x) (R)
5 Cliff Clevenger (x) (R)
6 Edward O. McGowen (x) (R)
7 Clarence J. Brown (x) (R)
8 Frederick C. Smith (x) (R)
9 Homer A. Ramey (x) (R)
10 Thomas A. Jenkins (x) (R)
11 Walter E. Brehm (x) (R)
12 John M. Vorys (x) (R)
13 Elvin F. Weichel (x) (R)
14 Walter B. Huber (D)
15 P. W. Griffiths (x) (R)
16 William R. Thom (D)
17 J. Harry McGregor (x) (R)
18 Earl R. Lewis (x) (R)
19 Michael J. Kirwan (x) (D)
20 Michael A. Feighan (x) (D)
21 Robert Crosser (x) (D)
22 Mrs. Frances P. Bolton (x) (R)

Oklahoma: (D 7; R 1)
1 George B. Schwabe (R)
2 W. G. Stigler (x) (D)
3 Paul Stewart (x) (D)
4 Lyle H. Boren (x) (D)
5 A. S. Mike Monroney (x) (D)
6 Jed Johnson (x) (D)
7 Victor Wickersham (x) (D)
8 Ross Rizley (x) (R)

Oregon: (R 4)
1 James W. Mott (x) (R)
2 Lowell Stockman (x) (R)
3 Homer D. Angell (x) (R)
4 Harris Ellsworth (x) (R)

Pennsylvania: (D. 13; R 20)
(Note: State redistricted since last election).
1 William A. Barrett (D)
2 William T. Granahan (D)
3 Michael J. Bradley (x) (D)
4 John Edward Sheridan (x) (2d) (R)
5 William J. Green, Jr. (D)
6 Herbert J. McGlinchey (D)*
7 James Wolfenden (x) (8th) (R)*
8 Charles L. Gerlach (x) (9th) (R)
9 J. Roland Kinzer (x) (10th) (R)
10 John W. Murphy (x) (11th) (D)
11 Daniel J. Flood (D)*
12 Ivor D. Fenton (x) (13th) (R)
13 Daniel K. Hoch (x) (14th) (D)
14 Wilson D. Gillette (x) (15th) (R)
15 Robert F. Rich (R)
16 Samuel K. McConnell, Jr. (x) (17th) (R)
17 Richard M. Simpson (x) (18th) (R)
18 John C. Kunkel (x) (19th) (R)
19 Leon H. Gavin (x) (20th) (R)
20 Francis E. Walter (x) (21st) (D)
21 Chester H. Gross (x) (22nd) (R)
22 D. Emmert Brumbaugh (x) (23d) (R)
23 J. Buel Snyder (x) (24th) (D)
24 Thomas E. Morgan (D)
25 Louis E. Graham (x) (26th) (R)
26 Harve Tibbott (x) (27th) (R)
27 Augustine B. Kelley (x) (28th) (D)
28 Robert L. Rodgers (x) (29th) (R)
29 Howard E. Campbell (R)
30 Robert J. Corbett (R)
31 James G. Fulton (R)
32 Herman P. Eberharter (x) (31st) (D)
33 Samuel A. Weiss (x) (30th) (D)

Rhode Island: (D 2)
1 Aime J. Forand (x) (D)
2 John E. Fogarty (x) (D)

South Carolina: (D 5, V 1)
1 L. Mendel Rivers (x) (D)
2 John J. Riley (D)
For unexpired term ending Jan. 3, 1945:
Mrs. Hampton P. Fulmer (D)
3 Butler B. Hare (x) (D)
4 Joseph R. Bryson (x) (D)
5 James P. Richards (x) (D)
6 John L. McMillan (x) (D)

South Dakota: (R 2)
1 Karl E. Mundt (x) (R)
2 Francis Case (x) (R)

Tennessee: (D 8; R 2)
1 B. Carroll Reece (x) (R)
2 John Jennings, Jr. (x) (R)
3 Estes Kefauver (x) (D)
4 Albert Gore (x) (D)
5 Harold H. Earthman (D)
6 J. Percy Priest (x) (D)
7 Wirt Courtney (x) (D)
8 Tom Murray (x) (D)
9 Jere Cooper (x) (D)
10 Clifford Davis (x) (D)

Texas: (D 21)
1 Wright Patman (x) (D)
2 J. M. Combs (D)
3 Lindley Beckworth (x) (D)
4 Sam Rayburn (x) (D)
5 Hatton W. Sumners (x) (D)
6 Luther A. Johnson (x) (D)
7 Tom Pickett (D)
8 Albert Thomas (x) (D)
9 Joseph J. Mansfield (x) (D)
10 Lyndon B. Johnson (x) (D)
11 W. R. Poage (x) (D)
12 Fritz G. Lanham (x) (D)
13 Ed Gossett (x) (D)
14 John E. Lyle (D)
15 Milton H. West (x) (D)
16 R. Ewing Thomason (x) (D)
17 Sam M. Russell (x) (D)
18 Eugene Worley (x) (D)
19 George H. Mahon (x) (D)
20 Paul J. Kilday (x) (D)
21 O. C. Fisher (x) (D)

Utah: (D 2)
1 Walter K. Granger (x) (D)
2 J. W. Robinson (x) (D)

Vermont: (R 1)
AL Charles A. Plumley (x) (R)

Virginia: (D 8; V 1)
1 S. Otis Bland (x) (D)
2 Ralph H. Daughton (D)
3 Dave E. Satterfield, Jr. (x) (D)
4 Patrick H. Drewry (x) (D)
5 Thomas G. Burch (x) (D)
6 Clifton A. Woodrum (x) (D)
7 A. Willis Robertson (x) (D)
8 Howard W. Smith (x) (D)
9 John W. Flannagan, Jr. (x)

Washington: (D 3; R 3)
1 Hugh DeLacy (D)
2 Henry M. Jackson (x) (D)
3 Charles Savage (D)
4 Hal Holmes (x) (R)
5 Walter F. Horan (x) (R)
6 John M. Coffee (x) (D)

West Virginia: (D 3; R 3)
1 Matthew M. Neely (D)
2 Jennings Randolph (x) (D)
3 Cleveland M. Bailey (D)
4 Hubert E. Ellis (x) (R)
5 John Kee (x) (D)
6 G. C. Hedrick (D)

Wisconsin: (D 3; R 5; P 2)
1 Lawrence H. Smith (x) (R)
2 Robert K. Henry (R)
3 William H. Stevenson (x) (R)
4 Thad F. Wasielewski (x) (D)
5 Andrew J. Biemiller (D)
6 Frank B. Keefe (x) (R)
7 Reid F. Murray (x) (R)
8 John W. Byrnes (R)
9 Merlin Hull (x) (P)
10 Alvin E. O'Konski (x) (R)

Wyoming: (R 1)
AL Frank A. Barrett (x) (R)

Delegates

Alaska: (D 1)
(Elected Sept. 12, 1944)
AL Edward L. Bartlett (D)

Hawaii: (R 1)
AL Joseph R. Farrington (x) (R) (unopposed)

Resident Commissioner

Puerto Rico: (Incumbent, Coalitionist)†
Coronel Manuel Font (Coalition)
Jesus T. Pinero (Popular Democratic)

The NORTHFIELD OPEN ALL YEAR
You'll really relax, have a good time at this friendly country Inn. Modern hotel comfort. Good Food. Train and Bus Direct to Hotel
A. Gordon Moody, Manager
EAST NORTHFIELD · · · MASS.

KNOWN AROUND THE WORLD
THE Copley-Plaza BOSTON
Fine Living
WITHOUT EXTRAVAGANCE
One Block from Back Bay Station
Uniformed Porters Meet All Trains
NEWTON L. SMITH
General Manager

Many travelwise guests say Beekman Tower is unusual... describing it as a composite of all their favorite hotels. They like its convenient, midtown location ...its distinguished clientele... its friendly atmosphere and hospitality... the attentive, considerate service... its cleanliness ...the breath-taking views... food that is just like home cooked... and of course, its very modest rates. You'll like Beekman Tower, too.
Single $3.50 maximum
Double $6 maximum
BEEKMAN TOWER
3 Mitchell Place · EL 5-7300
NEW YORK
49th Street, Overlooking East River

TRAVEL
Know Places and Prices
Get The GIMLET
Magazine of Wartime Travel
Where to Go—What to See—the Costs
Hotels and Rates, Restaurants and Prices —Includes Florida and the South, N. Y. City, Canada, and En Route. Newsstands 50c, or send 60c for postpaid copy to
The Gimlet, 551 5th Ave., N. Y. City 17
We suggest Am. Express Travelers Cheques
Spendable Everywhere—
Sold by Banks Everywhere

HOTELS AND RESORTS

United States

MARIA KRAMER HOTELS CHAIN...
IN NEW YORK
HOTEL LINCOLN 44th to 45th Streets at Eighth Avenue
JOHN L. HORGAN, Gen. Manager
HOTEL EDISON 46th to 47th Streets West of Broadway
JAMES A. FLOOD, Manager
HOTEL GREYSTONE 91st Street and Broadway
The Smart Uptown Residence
AND IN WASHINGTON, D. C.
HOTEL ROOSEVELT 16th Street at V & W, N.W.
ROBERT H. McMICHAEL, Manager

Los Angeles

CHAPMAN PARK HOTEL and BUNGALOWS
In the Heart of This Interesting City
3401 Wilshire Blvd., Los Angeles
Christian Science Church near by
Booklet on Request

PICK A "PECK" HOTEL
GATES LOS ANGELES
6th, Figueroa and Wilshire
From $2.00 with Bath

KIPLING HOTEL
In beautiful residential district. 15 minutes from downtown. Near 9th Church. Fireproof garage in basement.
$2-$4 Day—With Bath
4077 W. 3rd ★ LOS ANGELES

California

MISSION INN
RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA
California's most famous hotel. Modern living with old world charm. American or European Plan. Rates from $3.00.
Special Consideration for War Personnel

Oregon

Hotel Benson
PORTLAND, OREGON
Catering to the exacting requirements of the discriminating.

3 Golden Rules
that will make wartime traveling easier for everyone...
1. Reserve your room well ahead ... advising time of arrival and day of departure.
2. Cancel reservations promptly, if you find you can't use them.
3. On the day you leave, release your room as early as possible.
STATLER HOTELS
BOSTON · BUFFALO · CLEVELAND
DETROIT · ST. LOUIS
NEW YORK (Hotel Pennsylvania) PITTSBURGH (Hotel William Penn)
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Chicago

ALLERTON HOTEL
1000 Outside Rooms
is the choice of people who desire quiet, comfortable hotel accommodations in Chicago. ...located away from all "loop" noises, yet within walking distance to business and shopping sections. transportation passes the building . 15 general hotel floors and 7 floors reserved for women.
ample parking space and convenient garage and parking lot.
Dining Room, Cafeteria and Shops in the building.
Rates: Single $2.00, Double $3.00 up
701 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago
HARDING HOTEL MANAGEMENT

BELAIR HOTEL
1½ blocks from Second Church. 300 immaculately kept rooms with private tub or shower. Single $2, Double $2.50-$3.
Value far in excess of room rates
CHICAGO 4224 DIVERSEY PKY. AT SHERIDAN RD.

Minnesota

HOTEL LEAMINGTON
Minneapolis' FINEST
600 ROOMS from $3.00
E. William Benson, President

Michigan

DETROIT LELAND HOTEL
All Large Outside Rooms with Private Bath from $2.50 Single

Arizona

The PIONEER HOTEL
TUCSON "the Sunshine City"
FIREPROOF
Steam heated. Air cooled. 250 rooms of solid comfort. Roof Garden. Sun Deck. Rates from $5.00 per day single and $7.00 double

EL CONQUISTADOR
HOTEL AND COTTAGES
in the Land of Sun and Saguaro
American Plan
TUCSON, ARIZONA
Charles A. Doherty, Mgr.

SANTA RITA HOTEL
TUCSON, ARIZONA
Enjoy Southern Hospitality in a Western Atmosphere.
Nick C. Hall

Hotel WESTWARD HO
ARIZONA'S HOTEL OF DISTINCTION
Downtown Location
Resort Atmosphere
PHOENIX

Back the Attack with MORE War Bonds

HOTELS AND RESORTS

Greater Boston

HOTEL HEMENWAY
HEMENWAY ST. AT WESTLAND AVE.
MAKE IT YOUR BOSTON ADDRESS
Only a short walk from The Christian Science Mother Church
NO LIQUOR
Advertised in The Christian Science Monitor for 28 Years

IN BOSTON
HOTEL KENMORE
10 min. walk to The Christian Science Mother Church. Transportation to all points at the door. Single from $3.50, double from $5.50.
EDWARD BAYCE BELL
Gen. Mgr.

FREE PARKING
Hotel Gardner
Write for Illustrated Booklet
All cheerful, outside rooms. Rates lower than you expect. Directly opposite The Christian Science Publishing Society. Good food in air-conditioned grill.
MASS. AVE. AT NORWAY ST., BOSTON, MASS.

Vermont

WINTER HAPPILY IN WOODSTOCK
Join the group of winter residents who call Woodstock Inn "Home" for the winter season. Situated in a well-groomed New England village, centrally located; warm and friendly hospitality, surprisingly low winter rates. Folder. A. O. JONES, Mgr.
WOODSTOCK INN
WOODSTOCK, VERMONT
"A Village of Charm and Quiet"

Virginia

VISIT COLONIAL Williamsburg VIRGINIA
Come to restored Williamsburg for a refreshing holiday. This historic scene is inspiring to every American. Accessible by train or bus.
Williamsburg Lodge
Single from $3
Double from $4
Information: John D. Green, Gen. Mgr., or N. Y. Office, 630 Fifth Ave., Circle 6-88-56.

North Carolina

SPEND THE WINTER AT PINEHURST
Forget heating, servant and rationing problems—make Pinehurst your winter home this year. Special rates for long stays. Dry, bracing, invigorating air. Homelike friendly atmosphere. No car needed. Winter golf center—riding. For details, write Pinehurst, Inc., 9810 Dogwood Road, Pinehurst, North Carolina.
Make reservations early!
Pinehurst NORTH CAROLINA

Indiana

"Perpetually New"
HOTEL VENDOME
EVANSVILLE, INDIANA
300 Rooms — Single from $2.75, Double from $4.50, Samples from $5.50
Spacious Banquet, Private and Convention Accommodations. These rooms with Lobby and Coffee Shoppe are Air-Conditioned.
"Air Conditioned Bedrooms"
Charles J. Scholz, President

Louisiana

THE ROOSEVELT
"THE PRIDE OF THE SOUTH"
NEW ORLEANS' FINEST
SEYMOUR WEISS, President and Managing Director

Canada

VANCOUVER, B. C.
SYLVIA COURT HOTEL
Facing the Ocean
WALTER H. ROBERTS
Managing Director
"Dine in the Sky"

See Also
Hotel and Resort Advertising
Every Tuesday

HOTELS AND RESORTS

Atlantic City, N. J.

Fall and Winter HOLIDAY DATES On the Boardwalk AT ATLANTIC CITY
THANKSGIVING DAY—Thursday, Nov. 23
Traditional four-day family holiday
CHRISTMAS—NEW YEAR SEASON
A full week of appropriate festivities
Because war-time need for relaxation has brought reservations in excess of normal demand, we suggest that you make your reservations for any period well in advance.
For rates and information write any of the following group of representative Boardwalk and Avenue hotels.

MARLBOROUGH-BLENHEIM — Josiah White & Sons Co., Own. Mgt.
SEASIDE — Harrison Cook, Exec. Mgr.
SENATOR — Harrison Cook, Exec. Mgr.
SHELBURNE — Paul Arnswalde, Mgr.
STERLING — May A. Johnson, Own. Mgt.
BELVEDERE — Robert James Smith, Own. Mgt.
BREAKERS — Max Malamut, Mng. Dir.
CAROLINA CREST — H. L. Fairbairn, Mgr.
CHELSEA — Bennett E. Tousley, Gen. Mgr.
CLARIDGE — Gerald R. Trimble, Gen. Mgr.
HOLMHURST — Charles W. Stitzer, Own. Mgt.
JEFFERSON — Fetter & Hollinger
KNICKERBOCKER — C. H. Landow, Mng. Dir.
LAFAYETTE — John R. Kersey, Mgr.
MADISON — Fetter & Hollinger
BRIGHTON — Leonard G. Rundstrom, Res. Mgr.

Autumn BEST TIME FOR REST
Chetrful Guest Rooms, Boardwalk Sun Decks. Famous SHELBURNE GRILL.
Fall and Winter Rates
the Shelburne ATLANTIC CITY
Paul Arnswalde, Mgr.

THE CLARIDGE HOTEL ATLANTIC CITY
For a Pre-Winter Tonic Of Sun and Sea Air
Revised Fall Rates—EUROPEAN PLAN
Gerald R. Trimble, General Manager
Telephone Atlantic City 5-1271

The Chelsea
On the Boardwalk—Atlantic City
EUROPEAN PLAN
Bennett E. Tousley, Gen. Mgr.

New York City

For years readers of The Christian Science Monitor have been enjoying the hospitality of
The BARCLAY
111 E. 48th St., New York 17, N. Y.
William H. Rorke, Gen. Manager
For Reservations Call
HUBbard 2222
80 Boylston Street, Boston
Little Building
MEET ME ON THE TERRACE AT THE BARCLAY

...half way between Radio City and Times Square
HOTEL Knickerbocker
120 WEST 45TH ST., NEW YORK
$2.50 - $3.50 Single - $4, $5, $6 Double

ROSOFF'S
HOTEL & RESTAURANTS
Convenient to theatres and shops plus the comforts of home. Room and bath, single from $2.50—Double from $3.00. Restaurant, reasonable prices.
147 W. 43rd St. New York City 18 BR. 9-5400

Kentucky

The LOUISVILLE'S Largest and Finest BROWN HOTEL
Truly one of America's great hotels. Four restaurants that are famous all over the South. Seven hundred rooms. Spotless cleanliness — real Southern courtesy. "Just ask your Louisville friends." Single rooms from $3.30, double rooms from $5.50.
Harold E. Harter, Manager

Florida

The PRINCESS ISSENA
Daytona Beach, Florida
Once again, The Princess Issena welcomes discriminating winter guests. Distinguished by its continued adherence to a policy of quiet dignity and luxurious comfort. Notably fine food ... gracious appointments ... planned programs of entertainment daily, including concerts. Children welcomed. Just a step from "The World's Most Famous Beach". Now open.
For information wire or write
John E. Leonard
Managing Director
The Princess Issena
Daytona Beach, Florida
A SHERATON HOTEL

MIAMI BEACH
The NEW SURF HOTEL
Honorably Discharged From the Army
Now open to a discriminating public
Newly refurnished and decorated
Dining Room—Lounge
Solarium—Cabana Club
Planned social program
Directly on the Ocean
For reservations write
John M. Duff, Jr., Mgr.
89th Street on the Ocean
Also owner and operator of exclusive
GREEN HERON HOTEL
North Miami Beach

Florida

BEAUTIFULLY REDECORATED
OPENING FOR THE WINTER SEASON ON DECEMBER 31st
A DISTINGUISHED OCEAN FRONT HOTEL
The SHERATON PLAZA
(FORMERLY THE CLARENDON)
Daytona Beach, Florida
Unrivaled pleasures and gracious hospitality combine to make the Sheraton-Plaza a resort hotel of distinction and charming comfort. Spacious sun-porches and open verandas overlooking "The World's Most Famous Beach". Luxurious accommodations and superb cuisine. Smart shops. Private beach area reserved for guests. For information wire or write:
Harold R. Archer, General Manager
The SHERATON PLAZA
Daytona Beach, Florida
A SHERATON HOTEL

Democratic Gains Mount as Roosevelt Carries Michigan

By the Associated Press

Michigan's last-minute swing into President Roosevelt's column typified the mounting support being given the Democratic standard bearer, who gained the largest working majority—at least 55—in the House of Representatives since 1932.

Conclusive returns gave Mr. Roosevelt 432 electoral votes in 36 states, 19 from Michigan, with a lead of 3,000,000 popular votes over Gov. Thomas E. Dewey of New York, who kept 99 electoral votes in 12 states. Late polling settled three Senate races and one governorship race, leaving two Senate and four House seats yet to be decided.

The untangling of a bewildering volume of errors by Wayne County (Detroit) election precinct workers gave President Roosevelt an apparently safe margin of 30,000 votes, but the county's board of canvassers faced long days of work to complete the correction of mistakes.

With only 10 of the State's 3,841 precincts missing and the count complete in all outstate counties, the vote was:

Roosevelt 1,108,426, Dewey 1,081,129.

E. Cyril Bevan, Democratic national committeeman from Michigan, predicted the President would be found in the complete official returns to have won Michigan from native-son Dewey by 20,000 or more votes.

John R. Dethmers, Republican State Chairman and Attorney General-elect, said he was not ready to concede the State to President Roosevelt, and that Republicans were watching closely what had happened in predominantly Democratic Wayne.

Mr. Bevan made it clear that he made no claim revision of the Wayne County figures would destroy the landslide majorities of the entire Republican state ticket, from Governor down the line.

Huge Variety of Mistakes

Virtually every kind of error that could vex the canvassers had occurred. Their first task today was untangling of the 16 precincts still uncounted at the start of the day. They had the ballot boxes from 13 of these precincts, but no official tally books, and said that unless the books were locked inside the boxes, all of the ballots would have to be recounted.

The other three precincts simply were missing—nobody knew what had happened to them, but the canvassers said they assumed the ballot boxes and tally books had been sent to the wrong address and would turn up as others had done yesterday.

Complete outstate tabulation showed Governor Dewey had run up a margin of 213,607 votes over President Roosevelt in the 82 counties outside Wayne. In Wayne County, however, the President was credited on the face of the late returns with a 232,000 margin, which more than wiped out what normally might have been expected to be a winning lead.

Complete unofficial returns in Ohio preserved the narrow lead of Senator Robert A. Taft (R), while Governor Dewey retained the State.

H. Alexander Smith (R) of New Jersey won the Senate race, as unofficial returns, with only about 3,000 service votes missing, showed that the service vote had given the State's 16 votes to President Roosevelt. The civilian total gave a 2,550 majority to Governor Dewey, but the service vote of 93,216 for the Democratic nominee made a Roosevelt majority of 30,620.

Senator Pat McCarran (D) of Nevada won re-election after leading since early returns.

Utah's Governor Herbert B. Maw (D) was re-elected, with 200 votes in eight missing precincts, yet to be counted. He led J. Bracken Lee 124,048 to 122,713.

Utah's result raised the Democratic total of governorships to 25, while Republicans won 23.

Senate seats undecided were: Missouri—Gov. Forrest C. Donnell (R) was leading Roy McKittrick (D), with count of service vote today to determine; Pennsylvania—Francis J. Myers (D) held to a slim lead over Senator James J. Davis (R), with the outcome perhaps uncertain until the Nov. 22 count of G. I. ballots.

Democrats picked up 31 House seats formerly held by Republicans, giving Mr. Roosevelt a working majority of at least 55. They lost eight of their House seats to the G. O. P., making a division of 242 Democrats, 187 Republicans, two minor parties, and four undecided. The latter four were in Missouri, where three Republican Representatives held to a lead, while a fourth Republican trailed.

The popular vote, with 8,588 voting units yet to be heard from, gave Mr. Roosevelt 24,249,098, to 21,195,298 for Governor Dewey, the smallest margin of victory since Woodrow Wilson defeated Charles Evans Hughes in 1916.

Absentee Vote Vital In Missouri Contest

By the Associated Press

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 10

Officials in most Missouri counties today began counting an estimated 85,000 absentee votes—including about 75,000 cast by servicemen—which will decide whom the State elected United States Senator and settle four tight congressional races.

However, St. Louis City, where 19,547 service ballots—more than one fourth of the State's total—have been returned, will not begin its absentee count until tomorrow.

'Latex' About Ozarks: An Onion, Professor!

EUGENE, Ore., Nov. 10 (AP)—W. B. Merrial, University of Oregon professor, checked over his students' knowledge of places and things and was edified to learn that:

The Ozarks are in the Mediterranean region.

Coke is found in Spain, where the coke trees grow.

Legumes are the crossing of the winds, causing precipitation.

Latex is a type of rainfall.

Teak is a vegetable, similar to an onion.

IN NEW YORK

A Carter Hotel

600 ROOMS EACH WITH BATH

Single from 2.50 Double from 4.50

Convenient To Everything

HOTEL GEORGE WASHINGTON

Home of the famous "23" Room

23 LEXINGTON AVENUE at 23rd ST.

The Popular Vote

By the Associated Press

Latest returns on the popular vote, cast in Tuesday's election, are contained in the following tabulation. The figures are not as yet complete in a number of the southern and western States. For purposes of comparison, the complete popular vote for the two major parties in 1936 and 1940 is given on the left. The 1944 returns total 45,377,363, from 122,229 of the nation's 130,789 voting units.

1936		1940			1944	
Roosevelt	Landon	Roosevelt	Willkie	States	Roosevelt	Dewey
238,196	35,358	250,726	42,184	Alabama	140,319	30,064
86,722	33,433	95,267	54,030	Arizona	69,709	48,359
146,765	32,039	158,622	42,121	Arkansas	100,380	39,902
1,766,836	836,431	1,877,618	1,351,419	California	1,836,137	1,379,440
295,021	181,267	265,554	279,576	Colorado	208,095	252,207
382,189	278,685	417,621	361,819	Connecticut	434,841	391,349
69,702	54,014	74,599	61,440	Delaware	66,901	55,416
249,117	76,248	359,334	126,158	Florida	295,491	128,173
255,364	36,942	265,194	23,934	Georgia	242,946	49,936
125,683	66,256	127,842	106,553	Idaho	103,566	96,846
2,282,999	1,570,393	2,149,934	2047,240	Illinois	2,076,967	1,934,583
934,974	691,570	874,063	899,466	Indiana	764,209	858,967
621,756	487,977	578,800	632,370	Iowa	497,376	547,823
464,520	397,727	364,725	469,169	Kansas	275,990	428,222
541,944	369,702	557,222	410,384	Kentucky	455,236	379,985
292,894	36,791	319,751	52,446	Louisiana	186,491	44,199
126,333	168,823	156,478	163,951	Maine	139,666	154,410
389,612	231,435	384,546	269,534	Maryland	295,259	279,153
942,716	768,613	1,076,522	939,700	Massachusetts	1,034,184	944,349
1,016,794	699,733	1,032,991	1,039,917	Michigan	1,097,606	1,080,497
698,811	350,461	644,196	596,274	Minnesota	503,611	437,527
157,318	4,443	168,267	2,814	Mississippi	99,275	7,763
1,111,043	697,891	958,476	871,009	Missouri	748,522	714,560
159,690	63,598	145,698	99,579	Montana	113,088	92,204
347,454	247,731	263,677	352,201	Nebraska	215,275	304,188
31,925	11,923	31,945	21,229	Nevada	17,420	15,586
108,460	104,642	125,292	110,127	New Hampshire	120,549	110,592
1,083,850	720,322	1,016,808	945,475	New Jersey	963,841	957,286
105,838	61,710	103,699	79,315	New Mexico	79,193	69,280
3,018,298	2,180,670	3,251,918	3,027,478	New York	3,293,869	2,977,656
616,141	223,283	609,015	213,633	North Carolina	433,168	189,697
163,148	72,751	124,036	154,590	North Dakota	88,397	103,235
1,747,122	1,127,709	1,733,139	1,586,773	Ohio	1,572,735	1,586,045
501,069	245,122	474,313	348,872	Oklahoma	370,263	295,513
266,733	122,706	258,415	219,555	Oregon	235,589	216,805
2,353,788	1,690,300	2,171,035	1,889,848	Pennsylvania	1,794,165	1,735,963
165,238	125,031	182,182	138,653	Rhode Island	158,814	114,108
113,791	1,646	95,470	1,727	South Carolina	65,770	3,648
160,137	125,977	131,362	177,065	South Dakota	85,728	119,396
327,083	146,516	351,601	169,153	Tennessee	297,203	190,223
734,485	103,874	840,131	199,152	Texas	759,118	175,549
150,246	64,555	154,277	93,151	Utah	149,811	97,369
62,124	61,023	64,269	78,371	Vermont	53,916	71,430
234,980	98,336	235,961	109,363	Virginia	240,253	145,158
459,579	206,892	462,145	322,123	Washington	341,941	252,530
502,582	325,486	495,662	372,414	West Virginia	377,184	306,464
802,984	380,828	704,821	679,206	Wisconsin	616,681	670,390
62,624	38,739	59,287	52,633	Wyoming	49,939	51,437
27,476,673	16,679,583	27,243,466	22,304,755	Totals	24,221,696	21,155,667

Supply Burden Seen Shifting To the Pacific

By Neal Stanford

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10—The switching of Admiral Royal E. Ingersoll, guardian of the Atlantic shipping lanes for the past three years, to the Pacific war theater means but one thing—the volume of supplies and the speed of shipment of all types of war materials across the vast reaches of the Pacific is going to be stepped up enormously.

Secretary of the Navy James V. Forrestal, who announced Admiral Ingersoll's new assignment yesterday, after presenting him with the Distinguished Service Medal, described Admiral Ingersoll's accomplishments as "one of the great achievements of the war." They included victory over the U-boat, the maintenance of an uninterrupted flow of troops and supplies both to Britain and the Mediterranean, the training of naval forces for protecting shipping in naval waters.

Admiral Ingersoll's title will be Commander of Western Sea Frontier and he will have the status of a Deputy Commander-in-Chief, United States Fleet and Deputy Chief of Naval Operations.

Placing Admiral Ingersoll in charge of supply operations in the Pacific will bring other changes in the flag command.

Vice-Admiral Jonas H. Ingram, who has maintained headquarters in Brazil as commander of the Fourth Fleet, will take Admiral Ingersoll's place as Commander-in-Chief of the United States Atlantic Fleet with rank of Admiral.

Rear Admiral William A. Munroe, Commandant of the Third Naval District, will replace Admiral Ingram as Commander of the Fourth Fleet with rank of vice-admiral.

Vice-Admiral David W. Bagley, Commander of the Western Sea Frontier, will replace Vice-Admiral Robert L. Ghormley as Commander of the Hawaiian Sea Frontier, who is preparing for a new but undisclosed assignment.

The magnitude of the operations Admiral Ingersoll will supervise has increased steadily. Since June 30 sailings from West Coast ports have exceeded the total for the entire first half of the year. Total tonnage of supplies shipped westward has increased 20 per cent in the last six months and this pace will be considerably increased in the near future, Secretary Forrestal promised.

War transportation comes first! Send gifts before Dec. 1. Be sure they're delivered on time.

Complete, Reliable

INSURANCE SERVICE

Representing Leading Companies

Elliot & Whittier

Our 63rd year

73 Jefferson Street OCEan 0539

WINTHROP 52, MASS.

Uruguay Sets Geneva Ideals For 'Oaks' Plan

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP)—The first official criticism of the Dumbarton Oaks world security plan by a small nation came yesterday from Uruguay, which proposed instead that the League of Nations be revitalized.

The Uruguayan Ambassador, Juan Carlos Blanco, presented the proposal to the other American republics at a meeting of Latin diplomats with Acting Secretary of State Edward R. Stettinius, Jr. The session was the third to be held on the general subject of Dumbarton Oaks' accomplishments.

The first small nation to make an official answer to the American-British-Russian-Chinese proposal for a peacetime United Nations, Uruguay asserted it would be advantageous to conserve the old League with reforms to strengthen its military, political, and judicial power. If that is impossible, Uruguay said, then guarantees for small nations should be incorporated in any new organization to preserve the world's peace.

What to do about the League was one of the important questions left unanswered by the "Big Four" at Dumbarton Oaks. It still lives in theory, although it stopped acting as a clearing house for international conflicts when the war spread over Europe.

The last full session of the League ended inconclusively Dec. 14, 1939, but small committees kept going for some time after that. Russia, Germany, Japan, and Italy had all withdrawn long before the war, however, and the United States never joined.

Absent from yesterday's diplomatic conference were Argentina and San Salvador, whose present governments are not recognized by Washington.

Following the meeting of diplomats, Mr. Stettinius said that it had been "a fruitful discussion."

"We are encouraged by the support that the American Republics are showing for the basic ideas embodied in the Dumbarton Oaks proposals," Mr. Stettinius said in a statement released by the State Department.

"We received assurances today that all the American Republics are giving careful study to the proposals and are going to bring their comments to the group.

"Some of the heads of mission have already placed the views of their governments before the group."

The Uruguayan plan said it would be enough "to introduce in the structure of the League of Nations . . . reforms which may be deemed expedient, in order that it be able to apply and satisfactorily fulfill" the promotion of world security.

However, the memorandum continued, Uruguay would accept a new league if the old one could not be revived and modernized.

Onion Sets Not So Strong —Price Reduced a Cent

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP)—Largest size onion sets have been reduced one cent a pound throughout the 1944-45 selling season, the Office of Price Administration announced today.

OPA said the revised regulation will assure Victory Gardeners with more profitable sizes of onion sets than those of last year.

Outside Force for Free Press Backed by Panama Editor

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK, Nov. 10—Armed aid to insure the free functioning of the press is seen by Albert Victor McGeachy, Editor of the Star and Herald of Panama City, Panama, as "an international duty."

Mr. McGeachy was one of three Latin-American journalists, winners of Maria Moors Cabot gold medals for distinguished achievement in advancing inter-American good will, who spoke at a dinner honoring the winners at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel here last night.

The other medalists were Carlos Mantilla Ortega, Editor of El Comercio, of Quito, Ecuador, and Jorge Pinto, Editor of Diario Latino, of San Salvador, El Salvador. Miguel Pinto spoke for his brother, who is recovering from wounds sustained in the El Salvador revolution of last April.

Mr. McGeachy said he favored armed outside force, if necessary, to guarantee freedom of the press, because "a free press cannot function as such in a country where it is possible to use the national arms with impunity to throttle and suppress such freedom."

"International Duty"

Since the great powers have already agreed on the necessity of establishing some kind of international machinery to curb military aggression wherever it may appear, he continued, "surely something could be done whereby it also would be an international duty to prevent the people of any nation being robbed of their rights by a despotic and powerful minority only because it happens to control the armed forces of the nation."

"The international nature of this machinery would insure all the nations participating in its activities against any charge of meddling in the international affars of other nations," he stressed.

"Action would be directed against the oppressors and in behalf of the people—of the majority—for the immediate recovery of their sovereignty. The people would be free to declare their choice. They could vote the offenders out and the international body would see that they stayed out and lost their powers for evil."

Caution on Nationalism

Señor Ortega recommended that representatives of the press of all American nations have more conferences where they might come to know each other better, rather than wait for a world crisis which would force them to unite. "Let us try to unite now to help prevent such crises," he urged.

"Tomorrow's newspaper," he said, "must pay even more attention to explaining social and economic problems to its readers. Extreme nationalistic trends should be fought against."

The good neighbor policy was praised by Señor Pinto, who credited it with "the crystallization of the idea of Pan-Americanism within the framework of international justice, respect for law, and the frankest cordiality among peoples."

"We ourselves were ignorant of our own American culture of Europe more than our own. We had set Washington and Bolivar to one side in order to admire the imperialistic figure of a Caesar or a Napoleon."

"It has been discouraging to note that only in moments of danger have we turned to those so ancient and beautiful postulates which always should have been our guide as men of autonomous nations."

Carl W. Ackerman, Dean of the Graduate School of Journalism of Columbia University, presided.

Progressive Party Nears Total Eclipse

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 10 (AP)—The Progressive Party, once the brightest star in Wisconsin's political sky, neared a total eclipse yesterday.

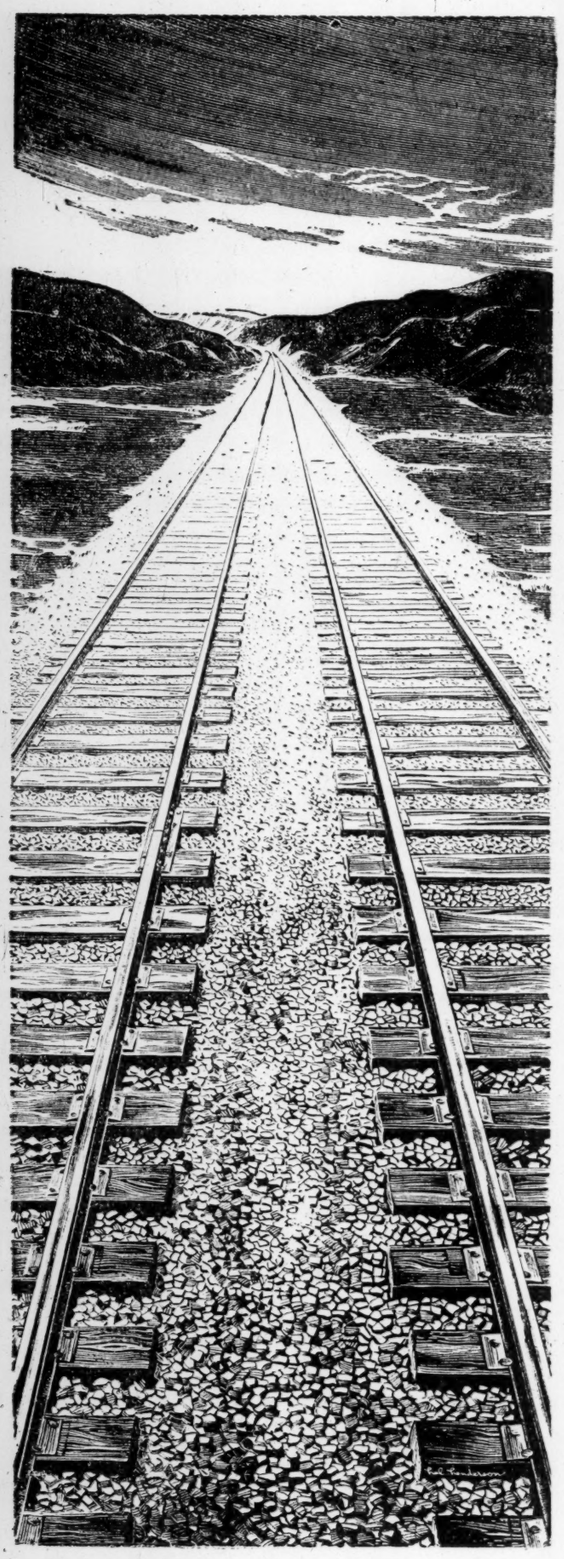
Founded 10 years ago, the Party that sent Robert La Follette to the United States Senate and twice elected his brother, Philip, Governor of Wisconsin, polled only six per cent of the vote in Wisconsin's election Tuesday.

Nearly complete returns in Tuesday's election showed that Alex O. Benz, the Progressive candidate for Governor received 67,611 votes, while Governor Goodland, incumbent Republican, polled 641,225 and Daniel W. Hoan, Democratic nominee, had 493,654.

The Progressives salvaged only one major office—a congressional seat won by Merlin Hull, who had no major party opposition. To the Legislature that it once controlled it sent only six Assemblymen and five Senators. It failed to elect a candidate to a State office.

Admitting the implications of Tuesday's defeats, influential Progressives have set out to weld the remnants into a cohesive group and leave to the future the questions of continuing as the Progressive Party.

Ties That Bind All America!



WHEREVER you are, along these endless bands of steel, you're *close* to all America. For into every corner of the Nation are laid the tracks and ties of our railroads.

Whether you're a New Yorker eating fresh fruits grown in the far west, a Texan building an oil well with steel from the "Erie Area," or a Westerner wearing eastern made shoes, the railroads are playing an important part in your life.

For this broad Nation has been welded together by the ties that bind all America.

Over 231,000 miles of track reach into every section of fertile plain, desert or mountain range. In every home, in some way, the influence of this vast system of railroads has been felt.

In peace, through wars, in times of prosperity and depression, the railroads have pioneered, served and kept pace with a growing Nation. And the continued success of the railroads is an essential part of the American way of life.

23,578 FREIGHT TRAINS DAILY

1,408,964 FREIGHT CARS DAILY

25,000,000 NET TONS DAILY

AMERICAN RAILROADS AT WAR

Erie Railroad

BUY WAR BONDS AND STAMPS

ONE OF AMERICA'S RAILROADS—ALL UNITED FOR VICTORY!

700 ROOMS

In the Center of New York's Shops and Amusements

FROM $2.50 DAILY

Each with Bath, Shower, Radio

HOTEL DIXIE A Carter Hotel

43rd St. at B'way, NEW YORK

RONEY PLAZA

MIAMI BEACH • FLORIDA

Opening November 15

Now accepting reservations

JAMES E. CARROLL MANAGING DIRECTOR

LISTEN

to a New and Thrilling War Story each day

WHDH Monday thru Friday 6:55 P. M.

READ

"Your Job in a Shipyard"

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET

The interesting story of men and women working for victory in Bethlehem Shipyards in the Harbors of New York, Baltimore, Boston, San Francisco and Los Angeles.

BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY

SEND FOR YOUR FREE COPY TODAY!

BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY (SHIPBUILDING DIVISION)
97 EAST HOWARD STREET, QUINCY 69, MASS.

Please send me a FREE copy of the illustrated booklet "Your Job in a Shipyard"

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ ZONE _____ STATE _____

The Water From Our Well

WE HAD COME from a land where there was abundant rain, brooks, and flowing springs. It was hard to understand, therefore, why Father was so excited about the well.

Our little new house, at the edge of the town on the Nebraska prairie, was finished and now the well was to be drilled. We watched the huge auger bore down through deep black soil, then through sand and gravel, to the underground stream of pure mountain snow-water which underlies the valley of the Platte River.

The drilling finished, the well was encased in a narrow wooden cylinder, then curbed. We children had expected to see an "old oaken bucket," like the one on Grandfather's Indiana farm. Instead, in this well, they hung a slim, yard-deep cylinder, made of galvanized iron, which filled through a valve in its wooden bottom. After the first water in the well cleared, the bucket came up dripping water, crystal clear and as cold as ice.

* * *

About the time Father emptied the first bucket into our new wooden water pail, a team of horses and a covered wagon stopped by the well and the driver asked for water for his horses. What a precious opportunity to share the water! Father's face fairly beamed as he wound the windlass, drawing water for the thirsty animals.

These horses were the first of a long line which, day after day, passed that way as they drew the covered wagons carrying anxious settlers into the new West. Our house was separated from the main road—now the Lincoln Highway—only by a triangle of two or three vacant lots. A driver could cut across the lots and drive almost up to the well; and so, in time, they wore down a road that way.

All that spring and summer and late into the fall, they came. At times there were a dozen or more teams waiting their turn at the well. One day Mother kept count and there were one hundred and sixty-odd horses, besides oxen and other animals, which drank from the well's inexhaustible supply.

* * *

Many of the wagons were new and the horses which drew them were slick and fat. Often two or three cows were tied to the back of the wagon and, again, there might be a small herd of cattle following, kept in place by riders on horseback. More often, however, these "movers" were poor indeed, moving away from poverty only to find more poverty. Their animals were few and skinny, their women and children were thinly clad. But, whether they were rich or poor, I envied the "mover" children. They were going somewhere in a covered wagon. Sometimes the women sat awhile on our shady porch and filled Mother's eager ears with news from "back East." Then, at the call of the man, the family moved on to follow the glamorous way to free land further west. Homesteaders is what they aimed to be. Always they praised the water and the well. Ours was the only well near the road for many miles. East of us was much wild land—railroad land—and a few scattered farms.

Nearly every evening, one or more families camped for the night on the vacant triangle. We children were thrilled, as we watched them light their meager corn-cob fires and cook their suppers, sometimes more meager than the fires. We never saw the poverty nor the weariness in the faces of the womenfolk. Our eyes were dazzled by our love of adventure.

Quite often a "mover" would beg a basket of cobs, and no one thought of refusing. There were no trees to furnish a stick of fuel, only the corn cobs. If there was a rain or cold, often there would be some "mover" woman cooking an evening meal on our kitchen stove.

When there were children in the wagon and no cow tied behind, Mother sent us children out to them with a crock of milk or some fresh eggs—our ticket of admission to the magic circle around the fire.

* * *

The second year, Father had erected a tall towered windmill. High up beside the tower and supported by stout timbers was a fifty-barrel wooden tank. The whirling mill wheel pumped water into this tank and, after it had warmed in the sun all day, the water was hosed over our garden, thus making it possible for us to have fresh vegetables.

The third year our place was fenced, but a gate by the side of the well always stood open and the wagons continued to stop; but there were not as many as during the first year. A few wagons moved east instead of west, followed the fourth year by many wagons facing east. Rickety wagons they were, drawn by tired and bony horses, carrying tired and disillusioned men and women. The land they had found was rich, indeed, but there was no rain. It was no dust bowl then, for the thick buffalo-grass sod had not been ravished by the plow. Those few homesteaders who had taken with them a few cattle or money enough to tide them over a year or two, or who had settled near some stream, fared fairly well and remained on the land. Of those who returned, only a few recognized the site of the well. Our little house had spread out. The sprigs of trees, planted that first year, had thrived because of the water from the well. East of us some new houses had sprung up, and down the street to the west workmen were laying the pipes which would bring to us the city water pumped from that same everlasting underground stream.

Things moved so fast in those new towns that much is forgotten, but the first steps and the first well are still fondly remembered.

For many years now, part of western Nebraska has flourished under irrigation and in the past year ample rains have greened the range. Sometimes I wonder if, among the many prosperous ranchmen riding over their rich acres, there is one man who remembers our well by the side of the road.

M. G. I.

By Courtesy of the Artist to THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"HORSE CHESTNUTS": *A Lithograph by Elizabeth Saltonstall*

ELIZABETH SALTONSTALL is a Bostonian who teaches art and makes lithographs. She has drawn many close-up studies of blossoms, leaves, and branches, and has thereby developed a nice feeling for arranging the subjects so that they are clearly depicted and decoratively composed. By thoughtful treatment of light and shadow and line, she has managed to promote a sense of form as well as of movement.

In this black and white study of horse chestnuts, Miss Saltonstall has made an all-over pattern of leaves, permitting small openings for the purpose of silhouetting outlines, and producing a contrast.

D. A.

"Obey my voice"

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

IT IS a recognizable fact that harmony in our daily lives is the result of obedience. If in the daily routine one has adding or subtracting to do, one must be obedient to the principle of mathematics in order to work out his problem. If one travels on a common carrier, one's well-being is ensured if the equipment is designed, installed, maintained, and operated in obedience to mechanical, electrical, and other physical principles involved. A little reflection makes it clear that acknowledgment of established principles and obedience to laws resulting from them promote safety and concord.

Obedience to God, to divine Principle, is more and more being recognized as vital if mankind wishes to live in true peace. In these "times that try men's souls" God is being recognized as the ever-present, governing, divine Principle of the universe. In the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, Mary Baker Eddy, writes (p. 112): "God is the Principle of divine metaphysics. As there is but one God, there can be but one divine Principle of all Science; and there must be fixed rules for the demonstration of this divine Principle." But how is one to apply this God-principle in daily experience? By listening for and obeying God's voice. Through the prophet Jeremiah, God has said, "Obey my voice, and I will be your God, and ye shall be my people: and walk ye in all the ways that I have commanded you, that it may be well unto you" (Jeremiah 7:23).

* * *

Listening for God's voice is not necessarily listening for an audible statement; rather is it listening for the voice within, recognizing the spiritual intuitions that bid us obey the Ten Commandments and the teachings of Jesus' Sermon on the Mount. It is related in the Bible (Exodus 33:11) that "the Lord spake unto Moses face to face, as a man speaketh unto his friend." It was Moses' willingness to listen for God's voice that enabled him to record for us the Decalogue.

Important as it is to listen for God's voice, this is not enough: God says, "Obey my voice." Obedience is the test of our ability to listen. Even in our everyday affairs this is true. The writer recalls an experience at the time when every citizen was being urged to turn in rubber articles in the drive for scrap rubber to help the Allies win the war. It seemed as though he had nothing to contribute, although he earnestly wished that he might take part in this drive. Then almost as though a voice had spoken came the recollection of several pairs of shoes with rubber heels, and after much hesitation, because this seemed such a trifling contribution, the voice was obeyed. The shoes were taken to a repair shop to have leather substituted for the rubber. Telling the cobbler the reason for this uncovered the fact that in his storerooms the man had seven hundred pounds of scrap rubber heels and did not know how to turn them in. He was immediately aided, and obedience to what had seemed like a trifling command resulted in a large contribution to the scrap rubber drive.

* * *

Constant examination of thought enables one to recognize the right intuitions that come to guide and govern our every action. The Apostle Paul urges the need of "bringing into captivity every thought to the obedience of Christ" (II Corinthians 10:5); and in the Glossary of Science and Health (p. 583) Mrs. Eddy defines Christ as "the divine manifestation of God, which comes to the flesh to destroy incarnate error." Listening for and obeying God's voice must therefore establish the harmony of divine Principle in daily life. Even as the sheep listen for the shepherd's voice and obediently follow him, so may we heed and follow the divine Shepherd of all, in the spirit of these lines from Mrs. Eddy's poem, "Feed My Sheep" (Poems, p. 14):

"I will listen for Thy voice,
Lest my footsteps stray;
I will follow and rejoice
All the rugged way."

(In another column will be found a translation of this article into Italian.)

Islands at Dawn

The little islands, one by one,
Come out like flowers in the sun:
First, Lone Tree, with its scrub oak brave
Above the ceaseless drag of wave,
Then Simmons, arrow-sharp and thin,
Lying where the tides begin;
Candlewood, rough-hewn and bright,
Limned in mica's silver light;
And Faraway, straight out to sea,
Webbed with dry wild rosemary;
Last, Cranberry, far to the west,
Flatter, wider, than the rest—
How comforting, at winter dawn,
Before night's chilling dream has gone,
To see resolve from mist and frost
These bits of land—from earth long lost,
But still forever panoplied
Against the sea's eternal greed.

BARBARA OVERTON

"Ubbidite alla mia voce"

Traduzione dell'articolo sulla Scienza Cristiana pubblicato in inglese su questa pagina

È UN FATTO riconoscibile che l'armonia nelle nostre vite quotidiane è il risultato dell'obbedienza. Se nel lavoro quotidiano si deve sommare o sottrarre, si deve obbedire al principio delle matematiche per risolvere il proprio problema. Se si viaggia in ferrovia, il proprio benessere è assicurato qualora il materiale rotante è stato disegnato, installato, mantenuto ed operato in obbedienza ai principi meccanici, elettrici ed altri principi fisici coinvolti. Un po' di riflessione rende chiaro che il riconoscimento di principi stabiliti ed obbedienza alle leggi che ne risultano favoriscono la sicurezza e la concordia.

L'obbedienza a Dio, al divino Principio, viene di più in più riconosciuta come essenziale se l'umanità desidera di vivere in vera pace. In questi "tempi che mettono a prova gli spiriti degli uomini" Iddio viene riconosciuto come il divino Principio dell'universo, sempre presente, dominante. Nel libro di testo della Scienza Cristiana, *Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures*, la Scopritrice e Fondatrice della Scienza Cristiana, Mary Baker Eddy, scrive (pag. 112): "Dio è il Principio della metafisica divina. Poichè vi è un solo Dio, vi può essere soltanto un divino Principio di tutta la Scienza; e vi devono essere delle regole fisse per la dimostrazione di questo divino Principio". Ma come si deve applicare questo principio di Dio nell'esperienza quotidiana? Coll'ascoltare ed obbedire la voce di Dio. Per mezzo del profeta Geremia Dio disse: "Ascoltate la mia voce, e sarò il vostro Dio, e voi sarete il mio popolo: camminate in tutte le vie ch'io vi prescrivo affinchè siate felici" (Geremia 7:23).

* * *

Ascoltare la voce di Dio non significa necessariamente ascoltare una dichiarazione udibile; piuttosto significa ascoltare la voce interna, riconoscere le intuizioni spirituali che c'invitano ad obbedire ai Dieci Comandamenti ed agli insegnamenti del Sermone sulla Montagna di Gesù. Si racconta nella Bibbia (Esodo 33:11) che "l'Eterno parlava con Mosè faccia a faccia, come un uomo parla col proprio amico". Fu la volontà di Mosè di ascoltare la voce di Dio che lo rese capace di porre in iscritto per noi il Decalogo.

Per quanto sia importante di ascoltare la voce di Dio, questo non basta; Iddio dice: "Ubbidite alla mia voce" (secondo la Bibbia inglese). L'obbedienza è la prova della nostra abilità d'ascoltare. Persino nei nostri affari d'ogni giorno questo è vero. Lo scrivente ricorda un'esperienza di quando ogni cittadino veniva sollecitato a consegnare oggetti di gomma nella campagna per gomma di scarto per aiutare gli Alleati a vincere la guerra. Gli sembrava di non aver nulla da contribuire, per quanto desiderasse intensamente di prender parte in questa campagna. Allora quasi come se una voce avesse parlato venne il ricordo di parecchie paia di scarpe col tacco di gomma, e dopo considerevole esitazione, poichè questa sembrava una contribuzione tanto esigua, la voce venne obbedita. Le scarpe furono portate in un negozio di riparazione per far sostituire cuoio alla gomma. Il dire al ciabattino la ragione per questo svelò il fatto che nei suoi magazzini l'uomo aveva settecento libbre di tacchi di gomma scartati e non sapeva come consegnarle. Venne aiutato immediatamente, e l'obbedienza a quel che sembrava un comando da nulla produsse una contribuzione notevole alla campagna per gomma di scarto.

* * *

L'esame costante del pensiero ci rende capaci di riconoscere le intuizioni giuste che vengono a guidare e governare ogni nostra azione. L'Apostolo Paolo insiste sulla necessità di far "prigione ogni pensiero traendolo all'ubbidienza di Cristo" (II Corinzi 10:5); e nel Glossario di *Science and Health* (pag. 583) Mrs. Eddy definisce Cristo quale "la divina manifestazione di Dio, che viene alla carne per distrugger l'errore incarnato". Ascoltare ed obbedire la voce di Dio deve quindi stabilire l'armonia del divino Principio nella vita quotidiana. Appunto come le pecore ascoltano la voce del pastore e lo seguono obbedientemente, così possiamo noi osservare e seguire il divino Pastore di tutti, nello spirito di questi versi del poema di Mrs. Eddy, "Pasci le Mie Pecore" (*Poems*, pag. 14):

"Io ascolterò la Tua voce,
Affinchè i miei passi non errino;
Io seguirò e sarò lieto
Per tutta l'aspra via".

As to Plutarch's Style

THERE ARE FEW NAMES of either Greek or Latin authors which are more familiar than that of Plutarch. No one would call Plutarch a great writer, and yet he has been better known than many who are greater, for Plutarch's Lives is one of the works which have never been lost sight of. It is a popular work in the best sense, one that appeals both to the scholar and to the general reader. . . . Plutarch's other works however, a voluminous collection of essays, have never been so universally known as the Lives. . . .

In the amount of his writings Plutarch may be compared with Varro and the Elder Pliny. Of the biographies, fifty have come down to us and there were others which have been lost. Of the essays about eighty are extant, and there is reason to believe that these are not more than half of the original number. The traditional title which has been given to these essays, and it is impossible to know when or by whom it was first given, is *Moralia*, and this title is commonly translated, "Moral Essays," or simply "Morals." "Moral Essays" is not a very alluring title, and it certainly gives no reason to expect light sketches, in some cases amusing, such as one likes for a half-hour after dinner. . . . Nor would anyone suspect from the title the special value of these works, their chief value, I might say, for the pictures they give of the everyday life of ordinary people in the early Roman Empire. It is quite true that in all of Plutarch's works the moral note is very prominent, but the title *Moralia*, if used at all, might be used of the biographies just as well as of the Essays. . . .

Among the essays of Plutarch, while there are some of real importance, there are many that will seem to the reader very unimportant. But it is in just that fact that the value of some of these essays consists. There is so much of the commonplace in human life that there is nothing more useful than the commonplace for becoming acquainted with the people of an earlier age. . . .

As to Plutarch's style, we may notice that it is often dramatic, although he never wrote drama, that he sometimes uses very successfully a poetic manner of presentation, although he did not write poetry, and that, whatever criticisms may be made on his style, he is always readable, for he could take any subject and present it in an interesting way. His style is often conversational in character, and reading some of the essays one is constantly reminded of what a delightful man he must have been to talk with. His writings all bear the impress of the man. Through the essays we may see Plutarch in his own family, in his town, in his country, and as a citizen of the Roman Empire, and we see that his sympathy and his understanding were not confined to family, or town, or country, or Empire, but were universal. After a little time devoted to the essays, the reader will begin to feel a personal acquaintance with Plutarch, and most readers will feel also a real affection for him.—From "Citizens of Long Ago: Essays on Life and Letters in the Roman Empire," by ADELINE BELLE HAWES. (New York: Oxford University Press, 1934.)

Laurel

Laurel on the hillsides,
laurel in the lowland—
these were never planted
by hands that till the plowland

The coral flowers blossom
where juniper is deep,
lonely in the pastures
deserted by the sheep.

And mountain laurel growing
along an upland stretch
is beauty for the climbing heart
and hungry hands to reach.

FRANCES FROST

Corsica's Scheme of Loveliness

CORSICA HAS RIVALS, but they do not compare with her. Provence has its rather hard and melancholy grace, while the French Riviera flaunts its pretty, coquettish outline and towny glitter. But Corsica is a masterpiece which, though man has wrought on it, softening its harshness, and patterning out its rich valleys and shaggy slopes into a fine tracery of orchards and terraced vines and little green garden-farms, remains the purest, most entire and least spoilt design of Nature I have ever seen. The design is of a perpetual variety. It is a gradation of highland and lowland scenery, rising from alluvial plain and still, blue lagoon, or from flower-strewn lawns threaded with streamlets, and bright as the fields of Enna, into the wonderful hill-country with its silver olive-groves and its changing but ever-green dress of cistus and myrtle and heather and arbutus. This is the *maquis*, or Mediterranean scrub, on which the Corsican climate, the Corsican agriculture, the Corsican beauty all depend, and it reaches up from the open, park-like suburbs of towns like Ajaccio to the bare shoulders of the greater hills. Higher still is the forest land of ilex and pine and finally of chestnut, and highest of all the mighty peaks and snow-covered arêtes of the great central chain.

This scheme of loveliness is so laid out that one thinks, not of Nature's prodigal hand, but of the careful brain of some magnified non-natural Scottish gardener. Again and again the melody is set; again and again the composer rebuilds his fugue and combines it with some new variation of form and colour. As for the lower fields, they are spring gardens of silver-grey asphodels, set in beds of dog-violets and star anemones, or blue lupins, or yellow irises, or amid the feathery clusters of the wild asparagus or the fresh green of the young bracken, or glowing with purple orchises and the gay blooms of the wild cyclamen. Yet again the champaign becomes a land of rose-like white cistus, relieved here and there with the bolder colouring of the large purple variety. Later on comes the narcissus, and later still the myrtles break into starry flower. Then the gay procession ends, and autumn, and the Southern sun which has made all this beauty possible, conquer it, and with the cessation of the rains the green tempers down into the brown of Provence.—From "H. W. M.: a Selection from the Writings of H. W. MASSINGHAM," edited with a Preface and Notes by H. J. Massingham. (New York: Harcourt, Brace, 1925.)

"What is this healing prayer?"

¶ The practical results of Christian Science have impressed vast numbers of people, including many natural scientists, clergymen and physicians. The Christian Science textbook,

Science and Health

with Key to the Scriptures
by Mary Baker Eddy,

fully explains the prayer, the manner of thinking which produces these results—heals the sick, supplies the needy, binds "up the brokenhearted," releases men and women of all sorts into greater usefulness, security, and satisfaction.

¶ The book is enabling people in all walks of life—in military service and out of it—to prove Jesus' words: "Ask, and ye shall receive, that your joy may be full."

¶ "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" is published by the Trustees under the Will of Mary Baker Eddy. It may be had in a beautiful and durable Pocket Edition in brown, blue, or black morocco leather at $5—thumb-indexed, $7.50—and it is available also in other editions at other prices. It may be purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms everywhere, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of the price by

ALFRED PITTMAN
Publishers' Agent
One, Norway Street
Boston 15, Massachusetts, U. S. A.

A catalog of all the works of Mrs. Eddy will be sent on request

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

An International Daily Newspaper Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy

Published Daily Except Sunday and Holidays

© Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press reserves the right to all telegraph and local news credited to it or not otherwise credited.

Republication rights of special dispatches are reserved to The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to Editorial Department, The Christian Science Monitor, One, Norway Street, Boston 15, Mass.

The Christian Science Monitor is on sale in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world, and is obtainable at newsstands.

Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries:

One year $12.00 | Three months $3.00
Six months $6.00 | One month $1.00
Single Copies, 5 cents

Cost of remailing Monitors:

United States: 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Foreign, including Canada, Newfoundland and Pan-American countries: 1½ cents for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

NEWS OFFICES

WASHINGTON: 1257-1293 National Press Building, Washington 4, D. C.
EASTERN: 500 Fifth Avenue, New York City 18
CENTRAL: 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago 1
PACIFIC: 625 Market Street, San Francisco 5
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: 650 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles 14
EUROPEAN: Burwood House, Caxton St., London, S. W. 1.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND: 46 Pitt Street, Sydney, Australia.

BRANCH ADVERTISING OFFICES

New York ... 500 Fifth Avenue, New York 18
Chicago ... 333 N. Michigan Avenue, Chicago 1
Detroit, 3-191 ... General Motors Building, Detroit 2
Miami ... 1239 Ingraham Building, Miami 32
St. Louis ... 611 Olive Street, St. Louis 1
Kansas City ... 1002 Walnut Street, Kansas City 6
San Francisco ... 625 Market Street, San Francisco 5
Los Angeles, 650 S. Grand Avenue, Los Angeles 14
Seattle ... 1326 Fifth Avenue, Seattle 1
London ... Burwood House, Caxton St., S. W. 1
Geneva ... 16 rue du Mont Blanc
Australia and New Zealand ... 46 Pitt Street, Sydney, Australia.

Advertising rates given on application. While endeavoring to accept only reliable advertisements, The Christian Science Publishing Society will not be responsible to the public for advertisements, and the right to decline or discontinue any advertisement is reserved.

CIRCULATION SERVICE BUREAUS

NEW ENGLAND: One, Norway Street, Boston 15, Mass.
EASTERN: 500 Fifth Avenue, New York City 18
CENTRAL: 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago 1
WESTERN: 650 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles 14
SAN FRANCISCO: 625 Market Street, San Francisco 5
EUROPEAN: Burwood House, Caxton St., London, S. W. 1.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND: 46 Pitt Street, Sydney, Australia.

Published by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY
Boston 15, Mass., U. S. A.

Publishers of The Christian Science Journal, Christian Science Sentinel, The Herald of Christian Science (German, French, Scandinavian, Dutch and Braille Editions), Christian Science Quarterly.

Today's Closing Prices on N. Y. Stock Exchange

Stks/Divds (Dollars)	Sales (100s)	High	Low	Close	Net Change
Abbott Lab 1.60a	4	60¾	60½	60½	+ ¼
ACF-Brill Motor	7	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
Adams Exp .15e	25	12½	12⅛	12¼	— ¼
Air Reduction 1a	8	39¾	39½	39½	+ ¼
Alb&Susq7.55e †	10	166	166	166	
Ala & Vicks 6†	60	88	88	8	
Alaska Juneau	7	6¼	6⅛	6¼	+ ⅛
Alleghany Corp	2	2¼	2¼	2¼	
Alleghany pf	14	29	28⅝	28⅞	+ ⅛
Alleg Lud Stl 2e	8	28¼	28¼	28½	+ ⅛
Al Chem & Dye 6	1	150	150	150	—1
Allied Mills 3e	3	31¼	30⅞	30⅞	+ ⅛
Allied Strs 1	13	20⅞	20⅜	20⅜	— ⅝
Allis Ch Mfg ¾e	19	8	7¾	8	+ ⅛
Allis-Ch Mfg pf 4	1	113½	113½	113½	+1
Amal Lea pf 7¼k	1	42½	42½	42½	+ ½
Amerada Pet 3	2	100¼	100	100	— ½
Am Ag Ch D 1.20a	1	27½	27½	27½	+ ½
Am Airlines 1½g	12	82½	81¾	82	+ ½
Am Bank Note .80	2	21	20¾	21	+ ¾
Am Bosch 1e	3	16¼	16¼	16¼	— ⅛
Am BrakeSh 1.15e	4	45½	45	45	— ½
Am BrSh pf5¼k †	10	130	130	130	+ ¼
Am Cable & Rad	32	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
Am Can 3	7	68	6½	68	+ ¾
Am Can pf 7 †	20	182¾	182¾	182¾	+ ¾
Am Car & F 2½e	23	29¾	8⅛	29¾	+1⅛
Am C & F pf 5¾e	2	91½	91¼	91¼	+ ½
Am Chain & C 2	1	26½	26½	26½	
Am Chicle 4a	50	129	129	129	
Am Crystal Sugar	8	18⅝	18⅜	18½	+ ¼
Am Distil	14	28¾	27½	27½	—1
Am Encaus Tiling	3	23¾	23¾	23¾	
Am & For Pow	21	27⅛	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
Am & FP 7 7k	2	94¾	94¾	94¾	+ ¾
Am & FP 6 pf 6k	2	91½	91½	91½	+ ½
Am & FP 2 pf	53	17⅞	16¾	17½	+ ¾
Am Hide & Leath	5	5½	5⅜	5½	+ ⅛
Am Home Pr 2.40	5	76	75	76	+1⅛
Am Ice	9	6¾	6⅜	6⅝	+ ⅛
Am Internat .20e	2	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ¼
Am Locomo ¾e	111	22¾	22	22¾	+1⅛
Am Locom pf 7	4	102	101½	101½	
Am M&Fdy .80	63	18½	17½	18½	+1
Am M&Met ¾e	8	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
Am Metal 1	4	25¼	25	25¼	+ ¼
Am Metal pf 6 †	32	129	128	128	—2
Am NewsCo1.80 †	110	6¼	6¼	6¼	— ½
Am Pow & Lt	16	2½	2½	2½	
Am P&L 5& pf	15	53½	53	53	+ ⅜
Am P&L $5 pf	18	46½	46	46⅜	+ ⅝
Am Rad&StS .40	26	12	11¾	11⅞	+ ⅛
Am R Mill .80	16	14¾	14⅝	14¾	+ ⅛
Am RM pf 4½ †	290	75	74½	74½	+ ½
Am Safe Raz 1¼e	1	17½	17½	17½	
Am Seating	6	16¾	16¾	16¾	+ ½
Am Sh Bldg 3e	4	32¾	32	32¾	+1¼
Am Smelt & R 2	4	40½	40⅛	40½	+ ½
Am Smelt&R pf7†	50	159	159	159	+ ¼
Am Snuff 2.40	2	44⅞	44¾	44⅞	+ ⅝
Am Snuff pf 6 †	140	146½	146	146½	
Am Stl Fdrs 2	18	26	25½	26	+ ⅜
Am Stores 1	2	17⅝	17½	17½	
Am Sug Ref 2e	5	48¼	47½	48¼	+1
Am Tel & Tel 9	16	1.4	1.3⅜	1.4	+ ⅛
Am Tobacco 3a	5	67⅝	67¼	67¼	+ ¼
Am Tob B 3a	5	81½	81¼	81¼	— ¼
Am Tob pf 6 †	40	145	144⅜	144⅜	— ½
Am Type Fdrs ½e	8	13¼	12⅞	12¾	
Am Viscose 2	18	42½	41½	41½	—1
Am Wat Wks	25	8¾	8½	8½	— ⅛
Am W & W 1 pf 6	1	97	97	97	—1
Am Woolen	4	8¼	8	8	+ ¼
Am Wool pf 8k	11	93½	92¾	93	+ ¼
Am Zinc L & S	12	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
Anaconda Cop1½e	37	27⅜	27	27⅛	+ ⅛
Anac W&C ¾e †	80	30¾	30⅜	30¾	
Arch-Dan M 2e	7	54½	53¾	53¾	— ½
Anchor H-G .45e	1	25¼	25¼	25¼	+ ¼
AnchorH-G pf5 †	10	114½	114½	114½	
Armour & Co	6	6	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛
Armour pr pf 6k	1	97	96½	96½	— ½
Armstrong Cork 1	5	43¼	43⅛	43¼	— ¼
Artloom Corp .30e	8	10⅜	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
Assd DryGoods¾e	8	17⅜	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
Assd D Gd 2pf7 †	20	106½	106½	106½	+1
Atch T & S F 6	21	69	68⅝	68¾	
Atch T & S pf 5	4	102	100¼	102	+2¼
Atl Coast Line 3e	9	40¾	40⅜	40⅜	— ⅛
AtlG&W Indies 3g	1	36½	36½	36½	+ ½
AtlG&Wln pf2½e	1	75	75	75	+ ½
Atl Refining 1½e	11	30¼	30	30¼	— ¼
Atlas Corp ½e	2	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
AtlasPowd3¼e †	50	60¾	60¾	60¾	— ¼
Aust Nichols	7	11	10¾	10¾	— ⅛
AustN pfA5½k †	50	75	74¾	75	
Aviation Corp .10e	215	5⅛	5	5	

B

Bald Loco ct ¾e	125	24⅜	23⅝	24⅜	+1
Balt & Ohio	33	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
Balt & Ohio pf	18	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ½
Bangor & Ar	1	12½	12½	12½	+ ¼
Ban & A pf7½k †	20	66½	66½	66½	— ⅜
Barber Asph ¾e	1	24½	24¼	24½	+ ¼
Barnsdall Oil .60a	25	16⅜	15⅞	16⅜	+ ⅜
Bath Iron Wks 4	16	17¼	17	17¼	+ ¼
Bayuk Cigars 1½	6	33¼	33	33	+ ½
Beatrice Cr 1.40a	9	39½	39	39	+2
Beat Cr pf 4¼ †	30	109¼	109¼	109¼	
Beech Airc 1e	238	14⅜	12⅞	13⅛	— ¼
Belding Hem .80	1	11½	11½	11½	— ⅛
Bell Airc 1e	105	15⅛	14½	14½	— ⅛
Bendix Aviat 2¼e	37	46⅞	46	46½	+ ¾
Best & Co 1.60a	12	39½	39½	39½	—1¼
Best Foods 1e	8	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜	
Beth Steel 6	16	62⅞	62½	62½	+ ⅜
Beth Steel pf 7	2	125½	125	125½	+ ½
Bigelow-Sanf 1½e	1	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	+ ⅛
Black&Deck 1.60a	1	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	+ ¼
Blaw-Knox .70e	•19	11¼	11⅛	11¼	+ ⅛
Boeing Airplane 2e	133	19¼	18⅜	18⅝	— ½
Bohn Al & Br 3	2	50	49⅞	49⅞	+ ⅜
Bono Strs 2	6	47	47	47	+ ½
Borden Co 1.20e	16	34¼	34	34¼	+ ¼
Borg-Warner 1.60	4	39½	39	39¼	+ ¼
Boston & Maine	4	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝	+ ⅛
Bower R B 2½e	2	42½	42½	42½	+1
Braniff Airw .60	16	19⅝	19⅛	19⅜	+ ⅛
Bridgeport Br 1	3	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
Briggs Mfg 2	11	39⅛	38⅝	39⅛	+ ⅛
Bristol-Myers1½e	•3	49½	49½	49½	— ½
Brklyn Un Gas ½e	4	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
Brunswick-Bal ¾e	7	21½	21½	21½	+ ⅛
Bucyrus-Erie .45e	57	13⅛	12¾	13⅛	+ ½
Bucy-Erie pf 7 †	1	125	125	125	+1
Budd Mfg	36	10³⁄₄	10¼	10³⁄₄	+ ½
Budd Mfg$5pf5 †	310	73¼	71⅝	73	+ ¾
Budd Wheel ½e	2	9¾	9¾	9¾	
Bullard Co ½e	4	19¼	19¼	19¼	
Bulova Watch 2	3	39½	39½	39½	+ ½
BurlingMills2.10e	12	29½	28¼	29¼	+1½
Burr Add Mach .60	12	14½	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
Bush Term ¼e	12	6⅝	6¼	6½	+ ⅛
Bush T pf 6 †	60	76	74	76	+3
BushTB pf 3½k †	460	64	61	63½	+2
Butler Bros .60e	9	12¼	12	12	— ⅛
Butler Br pf 1½	3	30½	30¼	30¼	— ⅛
Butte C & Z ½g	2	3¼	3¼	3¼	+ ⅛
Byers AM Co ½e	5	14½	14⅜	14½	
Byers AM pf 7 †	10	89	88½	89	
ByronJackson 1¼e	1	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛

C

Calif Pack 1½	7	27	26¾	27	+ ½
Calif P .pf 2½ †	20	56	55½	56	+ ⅝
Callahan Z-Lead	14	1	1	1	
Cal & Hecla .60e	4	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
Campbell Wy ¾e	1	20	20	20	
Can Dry G Ale 1	11	29	28½	28¾	+ ¼
Canad Pacific 1e	13	10³⁄₄	10³⁄₄	10³⁄₄	
Cannon Mills 2	2	48¾	48¾	48¾	
Capital Adm A	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
Cap Adm pf 3	†150	50	49½	50	+ ½
Caro C & O 5	†150	116¼	115¾	116¼	+ ¾
Carrier Corp	4	18½	18⅜	18⅜	
Carriers&Gen .20	1	5½	5½	5½	+ ¼
Case JI Co ¾e	4	36¼	36¼	36¼	— ⅛
Case JI pf 7 †	40	147	146½	146½	
Caterpil Tractor 2	2	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	+ ¼
Celanese Cp 3-70f	13	34¾	33⅞	34¼	+ ⅜
Celanese 1stpf43¼	4	103	102¾	103	+ ⅛
Celotex Corp ½	4	13⅜	13¼	13¼	
Celotex Cp pf 1 †	120	18½	18⅜	18½	
Cent Aguirre 1½	1	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	+ ⅛
Cent Foundry	4	4¼	4¼	4¼	+ ⅛
Cent IllLtpf4½ †	60	112	112	112	
Cent R R N J	1	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	+ ¼
Cent Violeta S 3e	6	28¼	28	28¼	+ ¼
Cerro de Pas 3	6	32⅜	32	32	+ ⅛
Certain-teed Prod	13	7½	7⅜	7½	
Certain-teed pf †	80	128	127¼	127¼	— ¼
Chain Belt ¾e	3	19¾	19½	19¾	+ ½
Champ Pap & F 1	4	30	29⅝	30	+1
Champ P&F pf6 †	50	113⅝	113	113⅝	+ ⅝
Checker Cab	2	40½	40	40½	+ ¼
Ches & Ohio 3	26	47½	47¼	47⅜	+ ⅛
Chi & E Ill	9	6⅜	6¼	6½	
Chi & E Ill A 2e	2	14⅜	14¼	14⅜	+ ¼
Chi Grt West	10	5¾	5½	5¾	+ ¼
Chi Grt Wpf17⅞k	10	23¼	22¾	22¾	
Chi Mail Or .45e	1	19½	19½	19½	— ⅛
Chi & No West	70	29¾	29½	29½	
Chi & NW pf .15e	36	51⅜	51⅛	51⅜	+ ⅛
Chi Pneu Tool 2	3	20	19¾	20	+ ¼
Childs Co	25	5⅜	5	5	— ⅛
Chrysler Corp 2½e	18	91¼	90⅝	90¾	— ⅜
City Invest (new) †	420	27¼	26½	26½	— ¼
City Stores ½	20	10⅞	10¾	10⅞	+ ⅛
Clark Equip 2¼e	1	48¾	48½	48½	
Clev E I pf 4½ †	1	0 112	111½	112	+ ¼
ClimaxMolyb1.20a	8	34½	34⅜	34⅜	— ¼
Cluett Pea 1½e	8	37⅜	37	37	— ½

Today's sales (est.)	1,000,000
Previous day's sales	851,100
1944 volume to date	218,831,588
1943 volume to date	248,824,054

Stks/Divds (Dollars)	Sales (100s)	High	Low	Close	Net Change
Coca-Cola 3a	1	135	136	136	
Coca-Cola A 3	†110	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜	
Colgate-Plm ½a	8	30¼	29¾	29¾	+ ¼
Colgate-Ppf4¼ †	130	105½	104½	105½	+1
Collins & Aik ¾e	1	.4⅜	.4⅜	.4⅜	— ⅛
Col Fuel & Iron 1	9	19⅜	18¾	19	
Col & South †	80	19¾	19½	19⅝	+ ⅛
Col&South 1pf †	32	20	19	19¼	
ColB'castA 1.20e	12	33⅛	.3	33⅛	+ ⅛
ColBr castB 1.20e	4	33	32¾	33	+ ⅝
ColumG&El .20e	43	4⅛	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
Col G&E 6 pf 6	2	92	92	92	
Col G&E 5 pf5 †	40	.4	84	84	+ ¾
Colum Pict ½e	8	20	19¾	19¾	
Comm Credit 2	7	40¾	40⅜	40⅜	
Comi Inv Tr 2.40	14	44⅝	43¾	43⅞	— ⅞
Comi Solvents .30e	27	15¾	15½	15½	+ ⅛
Com Ed 1.40	25	29⅛	29	29	+ ⅛
Com'wlth&South	56	⅛	⅜	⅛	+ ⅛
Com & So pf 33¼k	8	89⅞	89⅜	89¾	
Conde Nast 1e	5	21	21	21	+ ⅛
Congoleum-Nairn 1	2	25	24¾	25	— ⅛
Cons Copper	8	5¾	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
Conc Edison 1.60	36	2 ⅛	247⅜	25	
Cons Edis pf 5	1	1.7⅜	1.7⅜	107⅜	
Cons Film Ind	2	5¾	5¾	5¾	— ⅛
Cons Film pf ¾k	5	28	28	28	+ ⅜
Cons Laund .85e	19	12⅜	12	12⅜	+ ⅜
Cons Nat Gas 1a	9	30¼	30	30¼	+ ⅜
Cons RR Cuba pf	54	18¾	17¾	18¾	+ ¾
Cons Vultee 2	98	18¼	17¼	17½	
Cons Vul pf 1¾	8	24⅞	24¾	24⅞	+ ⅛
Consol'n Coal	1	16¾	16¾	16¾	+ ½
Consol Coal pf2½	1	51	51	51	+ ¼
ConsumP pf4½ †	160	110	109¼	109¼	— ¾
Container Cp 1½e	3	27¾	27¼	27¼	— ¼
Cont Bak ½e	6	8	7⅞	8	
Cont Can 3e	11	40	39⅜	39⅝	— ⅛
Cont Dia Fib .40e	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
Cont Ins 1.60a	2	48¼	48¼	48¼	+ ¼
Cont Motors .45e	28	6⅜	6⅛	6¼	+ ⅛
Cont Oil Del 1.20	11	26⅞	26⅝	26⅞	+ ⅜
Cont Steel ¾e	3	28½	28¼	28½	+ ⅛
Cooper-Bess ¾e	4	15¾	15¾	15⅝	+ ⅛
Cooper Bess pf3	†140	46	45½	46	+1
CopperweldStl .80	1	12½	12½	12½	+ ½
Corn Exch 2.40	30	53	53	53	+ ¾
Corn Prod 2.60	12	59⅜	59¼	59⅜	+ ⅛
Corn Prod pf 7 †	20	181¾	181¾	181¾	+1¾
Cornell-D-E .60e	7	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
Coty Inc .15e	8	6¼	6¼	6¼	— ¼
Coty Interna †	1	35⅜	35⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
Crane Co 1	8	26¼	25¾	26	— ⅛
Crane Co pf 5 †	80	110	109⅞	110	
Cream of Wh 1½	2	23⅞	23⅜	23⅞	+ ⅜
Crosley Corp ¾e	37	29⅜	28¼	29⅜	+1⅜
Crown Cork&S ¾e	2	56	56	56	+ ⅜
Crown Cork pf 2¼	2	48¼	48	48	
Crown Zeller 1	6	20½	20⅛	20½	+ ⅛
Crucible Steel 3g	13	56⅜	56	56⅜	+ ½
Crucible Stl pf 5	3	81	80⅞	81	+ ¾
Cuba R R pf	†70	26	25¼	25¼	
Cuban-A Sug 1e	40	16⅜	15⅞	16⅜	+ ½
Cudahy Pack .20	12	25	24½	24½	+ ¼
Curtis Publishing	29	9¾	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
Curtis Pub pf5g †	20	126	126	126	
Curtis Pub pr pf3a	2	55	54	54	— ¼
Curtis-Wright ¾g	262	7¼	7	7	
Curtis-Wr A 1½e	18	19¼	18⅝	19⅛	+ ⅜
Cutler-Ham 1.05e	4	24½	24¼	24⅜	+ ¼

D

DavisonChem 1¼e	4	15⅝	15½	15⅝	— ⅛
Dayt P&Lpf4½ †	30	110¼	110½	110½	
Deere & Co 2e	3	42¾	42⅜	42⅜	— ⅛
Deere & Co pf1.40	•2	35	35	35	+ ⅜
Deis-Wem G 1½e	5	21⅞	21⅝	21⅝	
Del & Hudson	14	31⅞	31½	31¾	+ ⅛
Del Lack & West	111	8⅛	7¾	7⅞	+ ⅛
Detroit Edi 1.20	8	21	20⅝	21	+ ½
Devoe&RayA 1a †	40	39½	39	39½	+ ¼
Diam Match 1½	3	32½	32¼	32½	+ ½
Diam T Motor 1	4	16⅛	15⅞	16⅛	+ ⅛
Dist Cp-Sg h2.22	36	34⅝	34¼	34¼	+ ⅛
Dixie C A 2½ †	40	47⅜	47	47⅜	+ ⅜
Doehler Die 1¼e	3	43	42½	43	+ ½
Dome Mines 1.20h	13	23⅛	22¾	23	
Douglas Airc 5e	18	70	68½	68½	
Dresser Indust 1e	17	44¼	43¾	44	+2¾
Dunhill Int	17	14¼	13⅞	13⅞	
DuplanCorp pf8 †	1	16¾	16¾	16¾	+ ¼
Dun Lt 1pf 5 †	50	115½	115	115½	+ ¼
du Pont de N 3¾e	5	158¼	158¾	158	— ¼

E

Eagle Pich Ld .60	5	13	13	13	
Eastern Air L	8	38	37¾	38	
Eastman Kodak 5	1	170	170	170	+1
Eaton Mfg 3	4	49	48¾	49	+ ¾
Elastic S Nut ¾e	14	12¾	12⅜	12¾	— ⅛
El Auto-Lite1½e	1	45	45	45	+ ¼
Elec Boat 1½e	12	13¼	13	13¼	+ ¼
El&Mus Ind .20e	12	6¾	6¼	6¼	
El Power & Lt	10	4¼	4⅛	4¼	+ ⅛
El Pow&Lt $6 pf	1	85⅞	85⅞	85⅞	— ⅛
El Pow&Lt $7 pf	4	93¼	92¾	92¾	— ¾
El Storage Bat 2	10	45	44¾	45	+ ¾
EmersonElMfg.55e	56	17¾	17⅛	17½	+ ⅜
Endicott-John 3	1	67¼	67¼	67¼	+ ⅛
Endic-John pf 4 †	20	105¼	105¼	106¼	
Eng Pub Service	54	14⅝	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
Eng PS $5 pf5 †	50	.03½	103	103	
Eng PS $6 pf6 †	130	105¼	105	105	+ ¾
Equit Off Bldg	1	1	1	1	— ⅛
Erie R R ct ⅓e	15	11¾	11½	11¾	+ ¼
Erie R R pf A 5	2	63⅜	63⅛	63½	— ½
EurekaVCleaner½	5	12⅛	12	12	+ ⅛
EvansProducts ¾e	70	17⅜	16⅝	16⅞	+ ⅛
Ex-Cell-O 2.60	10	43	42⅞	43	+ ⅛
Exchange Buf .35e	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛

F

Fairbanks Morse1a	2	40½	40	40	—1
Fajardo Sugar 2	10	25⅜	24⅞	25⅛	+ ⅜
Farns Tel & Rad	45	13¾	13¼	13⅜	
Fed Lt & Trac 1	1	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	+ ¾
Fed Mng&Sm 1½e	3	23	22⅞	23	+ ⅛
Fed MotTruck .40	10	9¼	9	9¼	+ ¼
Federat D Strs1½	6	29⅛	29	29⅛	— ⅛
Ferro Enam ¾e	2	24¾	24¼	24¾	+ ⅞
Fid P Ins 1.60a	3	53	53	53	
FirestoneT&R1¼e	1	52¾	52¾	52¾	— ⅜
Firest T&R pf4½	2	107⅜	107⅝	107⅝	+ ⅛
First Nat Strs2½	3	44	43¾	44	+ ½
Flintkote .90e	2	22¾	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
Flintkote pf4½ †	100	109¼	109¼	109¼	
Florence Stove 2	1	40	40	40	
Follansbee Stl	1	6¾	6¾	6¾	+ ¼
FollansbeeStl pf †	10	44¼	44¼	44¼	
Food Fair Strs 1	1	15¾	15½	15¾	
Food Mach 1.40	1	61	61	61	
Foster Wheel ½e	118	26	24¼	26	+2
FostWh6pf 1½ †	120	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
FranciscoSugar½e	10	16¾	16⅛	16¾	+ ½
Freeport Sulph 2	9	33¾	33½	33¾	+ ½

G

Fruehauf T 1.20e	2	40¾	40½	40¾	+ ¾
FruehaufTpf4½ †	60	115	114¾	114¾	
Gabriel Co ½e	2	6	6	6	
Gair Robert .30g	3	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
Gair Robt pf 1.20	4	16¼	16	16¼	+ ¼
Gamewell Co 3	†1440	51	48½	49	+ ½
Gar Wood Ind .40	4	7	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
Gaylord Cont ½a	4	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞	+ ⅛
Gaylord Cpf2¾ †	1	55½	55½	55½	
Gen Am Inv 1g	6	14½	14⅜	14½	+ ⅛
Gen Am Tran 1⅞e	4	51¼	50⅝	51¼	+ ¾
Gen Baking .60	8	8⅝	8½	8⅝	
Gen Bronze 30e	12	11	10¾	10⅞	+ ⅛
Gen Cable	7	6½	6¼	6⅜	+ ⅛
Gen Cable A	10	17⅜	17	17⅜	+ ⅛
Gen Cable pf7k	†170	109	105⅞	109	+5
Gen Cigar 1	6	28½	28⅜	28⅜	— ⅛
Gen Elec 1.40	40	40	39⅝	39¾	— ⅛
Gen Foods 1.60	20	41⅝	41	41⅝	+ ¾
Gen Fds pf 4½ †	10	111½	111½	111½	
Gen G & El A	11	31½	33⅛	31½	
Gen Mills 4	1	114½	114½	114½	+1⅝
Gen Mills 5pf 5 †	30	133	133	133	—1
Gen Motors 2½e	55	63¾	63¼	63¼	— ¾
Gen Motors pf 5	1	128¾	128¾	128¾	+1
Gen Out Adv ½e	1	11¾	11⅝	11¾	+ ¼
Gen Out Ad A 4	1	56	56	56	
Gen Prec Eq 1	3	21¾	21½	21½	
Gen Print Ink .30e	3	9½	9⅜	9½	+ ⅛
Gen P Ink pf 4½	2	30	107¾	107¾	107¾
Gen Pub Service	2	2	1⅞	2	+ ¼
Gen Ry Signal ¾e	15	26⅞	26	26⅞	+ ⅛
Gen Real&Ut(new)	8	3¾	3⅝	3¾	+ ⅛
Gen Refract .90e	17	21¾	20⅞	21	+ ¼
Gen S Cst pf 6k	†1040	94½	92	93¾	+2½
Gen Tel 1.60	3	25¾	25¾	25¾	— ¼
Gen T&R pf4½ †	30	103½	103½	103½	— ½
Gillette Saf R .80	49	13	12¾	13	+ ½
Gillette Saf R pf5	1	86	86	86	— ½
Gimbel Bros .90e	34	20½	20	20	— ⅛
Glidden Co .90e	2	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	+ ⅛
Goebel Brew .20	1	3¾	3¾	3¾	
Gold&Stk Tel 6 †	30	141	141	141	—1
Goodrich BF 1⅜e	6	51	50¾	51	+ ¼
Goodrich B F pf 5	4	103	102½	102½	— ⅜
Goodyear T&R 2	9	48⅝	47¾	48⅝	+ ⅝
Goodyear T&R pf5	1	112	112	112	+ ⅜

Holiday Closings In Leading Markets

By the Associated Press

Leading security and commodity exchanges throughout the country will be closed tomorrow, Armistice Day, Nov. 11. Some livestock and miscellaneous markets will function as usual as will Canadian security and commodity exchanges.

Stks/Divds (Dollars)	Sales (100s)	High	Low	Close	Net Change
Gotn Hosiery ½g	8	6⅞	6¼	6⅜	+ ⅛
Graham-Paige Mot	49	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
Granby Con M 30e	8	4½	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
Grand Union ½e	2	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	+ ⅛
Granite C S .175e	8	4½	4⅜	4½	
Gt NorIrOre ct 2g	10

News and Comment About Business and Finance

SEC Weighing Two Plans For Niagara Power

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10 (AP)—The first of 10 days' hearings on plans for the reorganization of Buffalo Niagara & Eastern Power Corporation opened today before the Securities and Exchange Commission with demand for increased rights for the new $4 preferred stock.

Francis T. P. Plimpton, New York, representing nine insurance companies which own 68,175 shares of Buffalo Niagara's $5 cumulative first preferred stock, said his clients were satisfied to exchange their stock on a share-for-basis for the $4 preferred stock of a proposed new consolidated company provided they are able to resell the new preferred stock to underwriters "simultaneously with the consummation of the consolidation."

All transferred taxes should be paid by the consolidated company, Mr. Plimpton said, and additional rights to stockholders' vote should be granted.

The Commission is considering two plans for the elimination of Buffalo Niagara and intermediate holding companies in the Niagara Hudson Power Corporation system, a principal holding of the United Corporation. The plans were filed by Buffalo Niagara and Niagara Hudson.

Both would consolidate Buffalo Niagara with its subsidiaries—Buffalo Niagara Electric Corporation, Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power Company, and the Lockport and Newfane Power & Water Supply Company.

The remaining subsidiary in the new company would be Niagara Falls Power Company, which owns Canadian Niagara Power Company, Ltd., and Niagara Junction Railway Company.

The principal difference between the two plans is that Buffalo Niagara's would allocate 91 per cent of the common stock in the new company to holders of its $1.60 second preferred stock and 9 per cent to its class A and common stock (owned by Niagara Hudson) and Niagara Hudson's plan would allocate 65 per cent to the $1.60 second preferred and retain 35 per cent for its own holdings.

Mr. Plimpton represented the Prudential Life Insurance Company, Equitable Life Insurance Society, Travelers Insurance Company, John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company, Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, Commercial Life Assurance Company, Ltd., and Aetna Insurance Company.

Heads Carpet Firm

Conway Studio

James De Camp Wise

Elected president of Bigelow-Sanford Carpet Company, succeeding the late John A. Sweetser. Mr. Wise has been general counsel for the company since 1932 and has been a member of the board of directors since 1939. He has also been serving as chairman of the executive committee.

Mutual Understanding Theme Of World Business Conference

By Harold Fleming

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

RYE, N. Y., Nov. 10—Basic principles recognized by American manufacturers for American participation in postwar trade were set forth this morning by Robert Gaylord, president of the National Association of Manufacturers, before the International Business Conference meeting at Rye, N. Y., for a 10-day discussion of the theme of postwar expansion of trade between nations.

Three hundred and fifty delegates and alternates registered this morning at the Westchester Country Club and this noon attended the welcoming luncheon at which a message was read from President Roosevelt commending the conference as a "forward step toward good future relations not only among business men of different countries but among the nations themselves."

President Roosevelt said that "world business after the war must be expanded on a basis of freedom from excessive barriers and restraints. The necessary expansion can be achieved only as nations and their citizens work together co-operatively toward understanding each other's problems and taking effective and mutually advantageous measures for solving those problems."

After the routine "plenary session" this afternoon, the delegates from the 52 nations represented, all private businessmen except for the Russians, will divide up into eight sections for three and one half days of closed discussion of the eight major subjects of the conference, after which there will be two and a half days of open discussion of the conclusions, if any, of the sections.

"This conference may or may not come to some general conclusions," according to Eliot Wadsworth, chairman of the American section of the International Chamber of Commerce, which is one of the four organizations jointly sponsoring the conference. "Delegates are not expected to conclude their deliberations with a set of resolutions, and cannot commit business organizations of their native country to any specific policy. This is not to say, however, that this conference might not come to some general agreement on fundamental principles which may prove of immense benefit in reviving the exchange of goods and services among the nations."

Asks Continuing Organization

A call for the establishment of some continuing organization to come out of the conference was given by Eugene P. Thomas, president of the National Foreign Trade Council, at the welcoming luncheon. "Until other means are provided for more permanent means of collaboration," he said, "this conference might well consider the establishment of a temporary secretariat through which the members may continue to exchange views and obtain information as trustees for your own separate interests. The delegations present may in reality be the precursor of a world-wide commercial league of nations."

Among the basic principles mentioned by N. A. M. President Gaylord as probably recognized by American manufacturers was the principle that "first, if we are to export goods we must receive payment for them in raw materials and in the manufactured goods of other nations. Also, let us shun practices which substitute agreement for the hard decisions of fair competition."

The conference of private businessmen meeting here today is the first international conference to come out of this war which is not inter-governmental. It represents world business, not world politics, and is, except for the Russian delegation, composed entirely of private businessmen.

It is also the first international business conference since the routine two-yearly meeting of the International Chamber of Commerce, which was last held at Copenhagen in June, 1939, with Japan and Germany and their later satellites attending. Representatives at the Copenhagen Conference totaled 42, including Axis countries, compared with 52 nations represented at the present conference, which is the largest such conference ever held in spite of wartime difficulties.

Conference Agenda

Agenda of the conference include eight major subjects. They are: Cartels; commercial policy of nations; currency relations among nations; encouragement and protection of investments; industrialization in new areas; private enterprise; raw materials and foodstuffs; and transportation and communications. The conference will divide this afternoon into eight sections to consider each subject and report on it to the general conference on Thursday, when the conclusions, if any, of these sections will be discussed in plenary sessions of the entire conference.

Like the prewar conferences of the International Chamber of Commerce, which were composed largely of professional chamber of commerce representativees, the present conference is made up of private businessmen, from all corners of the globe. These men have attended at their own expense—total cost of the attendance to the delegates is estimated at round $1,000,000, or about $3,000 apiece—and have come to the United States after many difficulties, including those of arranging passage, obtaining the necessary visas and passports, and the general rigors of wartime travel.

Additionally they had to comply with security restrictions in every country they passed through. Their bags were overhauled many times, so that it is said that what few papers they were allowed to bring are "dog-eared" from having been read and re-read many times by officials of various nations. Every scrap of paper was examined both at Allied controls and in some cases by Nazi control officials.

One Scandinavian delegation crossed in a free-conduct ship which had to pass through heavily mined areas in the North Atlantic. For two nights the passengers never undressed and were ready at a moment's notice to man lifeboats and abandon ship. Complicated problems were involved in the matter of cash, since most countries have currency restrictions, and many of the delegates had to solve this problem by the use of travellers checks in American dollars.

Transportation back is expected to involve even greater difficulties, since the delegates will then be traveling in the same direction as soldiers and munitions.

Russia has elected to send an observer to the conference even though the U. S. S. R. refused to take part in the intergovernmental aviation conference now going on in Chicago. The Russians have taken the view that this is not a government - sponsored meeting but a meeting of business leaders. Argentina is also represented for approximately the same reason.

Originated With N. A. M.

The original idea for the meeting was first submitted to the State Department in May, 1943 by the N. A. M. to bring together in the United States the topmost representatives of organized business from all the friendly nations of the world. Seven months of preliminary negotiations followed before an organizing committee of the four leading U. S. business organizations went to work. The sponsoring organizations are the National Association of Manufacturers, the Chamber of Commerce of the United States., the National Foreign Trade Council, Inc., and the American Section, International Chamber of Commerce. This is said to be the first time in which the N. A. M., and the Chamber of Commerce of the United States have joined in sponsoring such a conference.

Invitations were sent not to private businessmen but to the business organizations of each country, who were asked to send a maximum of six representatives, with six alternates also accepted.

All countries, including the smallest, were thus entitled to send a similar number of representatives. Some of the countries furthest away sent one or two delegates and designated their full quota of alternates out of consular and other representatives already in the United States.

The conference was opened at a welcoming luncheon by the heads of the four sponsoring organizations; Eric A. Johnston, president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States; Robert Gaylord, president of the N. A. M.; and Eugene P. Thomas, president of the National Foreign Trade Council. The presiding officer at the luncheon was Eliot Wadsworth, chairman of the American Section of the International Chamber. In the afternoon the delegates met in plenary session to adopt the agenda of eight subjects, and to name chiefs of the eight sections to consider these subjects.

A. B. A. Credit Plan Endorsed By Bankers

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK, Nov. 10—The program of the American Bankers Association's postwar small business credit commission for providing adequate credit to small business in the postwar period was indorsed yesterday here at a meeting of representatives of state banking associations of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Delaware.

Robert M. Hanes, president of the Wachovia National Bank, Winston-Salem, N. C., and chairman of the commission, outlined the program at the meeting which is the final one in a series of nine held throughout the country.

Mr. Hanes, a former A. B. A. president, told the bankers that the needs of small business are now receiving special attention from banking. New types of loan service, particularly designed to meet the requirements of small concerns, are being developed and explained to businessmen and bankers alike, he said.

Term Credit

Term credit, to be repaid over a period of years, will be available when needed, he said. Loans on inventory, loans on accounts receivable, field warehouse loans and loans for the purchase of new equipment and new stocks of goods will be available to any small manufacturer, retailer, wholesaler, or farmer who can establish that he is "competent and of good character and sound judgment."

"Many banks either have created or are planning to create special small business loan departments," Mr. Hanes said. "This activity is in line with banking's credit support to small concerns in the past. A survey made in 1940, the last full year that new commercial loans made by the banks of the country were for an average amount of $1,700.

Urged to Co-operate

"Individual banks are both willing and able to supply much of the credit needed in their own communities," he continued. "But in cases where, for any reason, local banks are not in position to extend the full amount of credit desired, they are being urged to seek the co-operation of their correspondent banks in near-by cities."

A supplementary, or third source of credit, is being created by many banks in the country, Mr. Hanes added, through the formation of voluntary participation, regional credit groups, organized and operated by banks within the region they serve. The first group of this type was created in September by the New York City banks with resources of $100,000,000. A similar group with $10,000,000 of available funds has been organized in Philadelphia and a State-wide bank credit group is forming in Connecticut, he said.

Two Big Railroads Declare Dividends

NEW YORK (AP)—Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. have declared a dividend of $1.50 a share on the company's capital stock, payable Dec. 12 to holders of record Nov. 18. This brings payments for the year to $2.50 a share, the same as in 1943.

Directors of the New York Central Railroad declared a dividend of $1 a share on the capital stock, payable Jan. 15 to stock of record Nov. 25. Previous payments in 1944 were 50 cents in July and $1 last January.

Over-the-Counter Securities

Industrial Stocks

	Bid	Asked
American Hardware Co	34¾	36¾
American Manufacturing	51¾	54¾
American Manufac 5 pf	98¾	...
American Optical Co	29¼	31¼
American Wringer Co	109	119
Amoskeag Company	44	...
Amoskeag Company pf	83	...
Appleton Company	35	38
Applied Arts Corp	4½	4¾
Arlington Mills	53¼	56½
Art Metal Construction	28	29¾
Atlas Plywood Corp pf	30¾	32¾
Automobile Banking Corp A	2¾	3¾
Automobile Banking $1.50 pf	19½	20¾
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co	21¾	24
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co pf	109	...
Bendix Home Appliance	9	9¾
Berkshire Fine Spinning	20¾	22⅝
Berkshire Fine Spin $5 pf	79½	...
Bird & Son Inc 5 pf	101	...
Boston Wharf Company	23⅞	25⅝
Boston Woven Hose & Rubber	38¾	41½
Brown Co	2.00	2.30
Brown Co pf	34¼	36¾
Brown Durrell	6¼	6⅞
Campbell A S Co Inc	11⅜	12¾
Chapman Valve Manufac	35¾	38½
Collyer Insulated Wire Co	16⅞	18½
Colonial Stores	22¾	24½
Crowell-Collier Pub Co	48	50¾
Dewey & Almy Chemical Co	29	31½
Domestic Finance Corp pf	26¾	29¼
Draper Corporation	76	79
Durez Plastic & Chemical	28	30
Dwight Manufacturing Co	16¾	18¾
Eastern Corporation	10¾	11¾
Eastern Corporation pf	21¾	23½
Exolon Co	9⅛	10½
Family Finance Inc	13	14⅜
Family Finance pf A	25¾	28
Food Fair Stores Inc	48¼	51¼
Fruit of the Loom	36¼	39
General Fire Extinguisher	16½	18
General Machinery	27	28⅞
Giddings & Lewis Mach Tool	10¼	11⅛
Goodall Sanford	22¼	24¾
Graton & Knight Co	10½	12
Graton & Knight Co 7 pf	93	...
Graton & Knight Co pr pf	30¼	33¼
Great Northern Paper Co	35½	37½
Greenfield Tap & Die $6 pf	69	..
Greenfield T&D $1.50 cv pf	22	..
Harrington & Richardson	11¼	13¾
Haskelite Mfg Co	6⅞	7¾
Heywood-Wakefield Co	40¾	43¼
Heywood-Wakefield Co pf B	213⅜	233⅛
Hilton-Davis Chemical Co	188⅜	204¼
Hilton-Davis Chemical Co pf	24½	26¾
Hooker Electro Chem	30	32½
International Detrola	15¾	17⅛
Kendall Company	11⅜	12⅞
Kennedy's Inc pf	21⅛	23
Landers Frary & Clark	38¾	41¼
Lincoln Stores Inc	25	27¼
Lincoln Stores 7	107½	...
Long-Bell Lumber Co	77⅜	83⅛
Ludlow Mfg & Sales Co	121	126
Marathon Paper Mills	31½	33½
Marlin-Rockwell Corp	66	69¼
Merck & Co	93½	96¼
Merrimack Manufacturing	54	57⅜
Merimack Manufacturing pf	70¼	...
Missouri-Kansas Pipe Line	10⅛	11⅛
Moxie Co Class B	5⅜	6½
Nashawena Mills	21⅜	23⅛
Nashua Gummed & C Paper	76	...
Nashua Manufacturing Co	36¾	39¼
Nashua Manufac Co 1st pf	87½	91¼
Nashua Manufac Co 2d pf	30⅜	32⅞
National Shirt Shops	16⅞	18⅜
Naumkeag Steam Cotton	73¼	78¼
New England Lime	6½	7⅜
Nicholson File Company	35⅞	38⅜
Nonquitt Mills	31¾	34¾
Ohio Finance	10	11⅜
Oneida Limited	22½	24½
Parker Appliance	14⅛	15⅞
Plymouth Cordage Company	122½	127½
Quincy Mkt Cold Stor & W	71	...
Quincy Mkt C S & W 5 pf	92	...
Remington Arms Co Inc	3¾	3⅞
Richardson Co	46½	49¼
Saco Lowell Shops Inc	36½	38¾
Saco Lowell Shops Inc pf	36½	...
Sagamore Manufacturing Co	67¾	...
Submarine Signal Co	39¼	41¾
Tampax Inc	5⅝	6½
Time Incorporated	68⅛	71⅛
Triumph Explosive Inc	4¼	4⅝
United Elastic Corp	18⅜	20⅜
U S Envelope Company	80	84½
U S Envelope Co 7 pf	127	134
Waltham Watch Co	27	30
Waltham Watch Co 6 pf	101	104¾
Wamsutta Mills Inc	31½	33¾
Warner & Swasey Co	10⅝	11⅞
Warren Bros Class B	41¼	44¼
Warren Bros Class C	16⅜	18⅛
West Point Manufacturing	43¾	46¾
Wickwire Spencer Steel	12⅜	13½

* Ex-dividend.
† Not qualified for sale in Massachusetts.

Insurance Stocks

	Bid	Asked
Aetna Casualty (3a)	131½	139½
Aetna Insurance (1.60a)	50¼	52¾
Aetna Life (1.20a)	38¼	40
Agricultural (2a)	73½	77
American Alliance (1a)	21½	23½
American Casualty Company	11⅛	12⅜
American Equitable (1)	15⅜	17⅛
American Insur Newark (½a)	14¾	16
American Re-Insurance (2)	52¾	55¾
American Reserve	17¾	19¼
American Surety (2½)	57¾	60¼
Baltimore-American (.20a)	6¼	7¼
Bankers & Shippers (4)	77½	82½
Boston (16a)	610	633
Camden Fire (1)	20½	22
City of New York (½e)	17¾	19¾
Connecticut General Life (1a)	55¼	57¼
Continental Casualty (1.20a)	43⅜	46⅛
Federal (1.40)	48½	52
Fire Assn Philadelphia (2a)	62½	66½
Fireman Fund (SF) (3)	88¼	92¼
Firemen's Newark (.40)	11⅜	12¾
Franklin Fire (1)	22⅜	24⅜
General Reinsurance (2)	49	52
Gibraltar Fire & Marine	18	20
Glens Falls (1.60)	41½	44
Globe & Republic (½)	7⅜	8¾
Great American Insur (1.20)	28	29¾
Hanover (1.20)	25¼	27¼
Hartford Fire (2a)	99	103½
Hartford Steam Boiler (1.60a)	41¾	44¾
Home Insurance (1.20)	27	28¾
Homestead (1½)	14	16
Insurance Co North Amer (2½a)	88¾	91¼
Jer Insurance New York (1.80)	36¼	29¼
Knickerbocker (½)	7⅜	8½
Maryland Casualty	8⅛	8⅞
Mass Bonding (3½)	70¾	74½
Merchants&MfofNewYork(.40)	4⅞	5½
MerchantsFireAssociation(1½a)	47¼	50¼
National Fire (2)	57¼	60¼
National Liberty (.20a)	6¼	7⅜
National Union (3a)	169	179
New Amsterdam Casualty (1)	26	28
New Brunswick (1½)	27¾	30¼
New Hampshire (1.60a)	45	48
New York Fire (.80)	10⅞	12⅝
North River (1)	21⅝	23⅜
Northeast Insurance	6⅛	6⅞
Northern (3a)	83½	88
Pacific Fire (5)	93½	98½
Pacific Indemnity (2a)	47¾	50¼
Peerless Casualty Company	12⅜	14¾
Phoenix (2a)	83¾	87¾
Preferred Accident (.80a)	12⅝	14⅛
Providence-Washington (1a)	33⅞	36⅜
ReinsuranceCorNewYork (.075e)	4⅞	6¾
Republic Insur Co Texas (1.20)	27½	29½
Revere (P) Insurance (1.20)	21¼	23¼
St Paul Fire & Ferine	68¾	71¾
Seaboard Surety (1a)	45¼	47¾
Security (1.40)	33⅜	35⅝
Springfield (4½a)	120½	126
Standard Accident	35⅝	38⅛
Travelers (16)	535	550
United States Fid & Guar (1a)	36¼	38⅛
United States Fire (2)	46¾	49½
United States Guar (1.60a)	69	74
Westchester (1.20a)	31⅛	33⅝

a—also extra or extras. g—paid last year. e—declared or paid so far this year.

Investment Trusts

Management	Bid	Asked
Affiliated Fund Inc	3.90	4.27
Amerex Holding	26.625	28.50
American Business Shares	3.58	...
Axe Houghton Fund	14.98	16.11
Bond Inv Tr of America	103.54	107.85
Boston Fund	18.16	19.53
Broad Street Investing	30.38	32.84
Bullock Fund	16.04	17.58
Canadian Investment Fund	3.30	3.90
Century Shares Trust	29.30	31.50
Chemical Fund	9.77	10.58
Christiana Securities Co	2640.00	2740.00
Commodity Corp	9.39	...
Consolidated Investment Tr	45.00	48.00
Dividend Shares	1.29	1.42
Eaton & Howard Balanced Fd	22.62	24.29
Eaton & Howard Stock Fd	13.87	14.90
Equity Corp $3 pf	40.75	43.00
Fidelity Fund Inc	19.98	21.51
Fund Investors Inc	23.45	25.70
General Capital Corp	34.85	37.47
General Investors Trust	5.62	6.06
Group Securities Inc:		
Automobile Shares	6.13	6.74
Low-Priced Shares	5.98	6.58
Railroad Shares	3.79	4.18
Railroad Equip Shares	4.44	4.89
Steel Shares	4.39	4.84
Incorporated Investors Tr	22.86	24.58
Institutional Sec: Bank Group	.90	1.00
Inst Sec: Insurance Group	1.05	1.16
†Keystone Custodian Funds		
B-1 .... 29.88	S-1	27.31
B-2 .... 29.84	S-2	14.25
B-3 .... 20.78	S-3	11.89
B-4 .... 10.69	S-4	5.42
K-1 19.99	K-2	25.09
‡Loomis Sayles Mut Fd	98.60	...
Manhattan Bond Sales	9.23	10.13
‡Loomis Sayles 2nd Fd	41.80	...
Maryland Fund	5.45	6.05
Mass Invest Tr	22.39	24.08
Mass Inv 2d Fd	11.16	12.00
Mutual Invest	11.40	12.46
Nation Wide Voting	1.36	1.49
New England Fund	13.17	14.20
New York Stocks		
Automobile	6.90	7.59
Railroad	5.62	6.19
Railroad Equip	7.71	8.46
Steel	6.06	6.67
Old Colony Tr Assoc	.54	.59
Plymouth Fund Inc	.54	.59
Putnam Fund	14.43	15.52
Quarterly Income Shares	7.675	8.325
Railway & Light Sec	14.875	16.125
Railway & Light Sec pf	111.00	...
Repub Invest Fund	3.39	3.73
Scudder Stevens & Clark	94.39	96.29
State Street Invest	45.00	48.00
Trusteed Industry Shrs	.77	.86
Union pf Stk Fund	19.91	21.77
Union Com Stk Fd B	7.15	7.82
Wellington Fund	17.25	18.83
Fixed and Unit Type		
Assoc Stand Oil	6.25	7.00
Corp Tr A A mod. acc mod	2.83	..
Cumulative Trust Shares	4.96	..
Diversified Tr C	3.80	..
Diversified Tr D	5.75	6.55
Foundation Tr Shrs A	3.90	4.50
Fund Tr Shrs A	4.98	5.74
Nation Wide Sec	3.90	..
North Am Bond Tr Ctfs	36.625	..
North Am Tr Shrs 1953	2.22	..
North Am Tr Shrs 1944	2.87	..
North Am Tr Shrs 1956	2.76	..
North Am Tr Shrs 1958	2.45	..
Super of Am Tr AA	2.46	..
U S Elec Lt & Pow "A"	17.32	..
U S Elec Lt & Pow "B"	1.86	..
Investment Banking		
Blair & Co	3.375	3.75
First Boston Corp	34.375	35.375

*Ex-dividend. †Sales prices as of 1 p. m. ‡Bid 2% less if not held 3 years.

Aviation Stocks

	Bid	Asked
Liberty Aircraft	9¼	10⅜
Piper Aircraft	3¾	4⅝
Pollak Manufacturing Co	8¾	9¾

UNION TANK CAR COMPANY

CHICAGO, Ill., November 8, 1944.

The Board of Directors of Union Tank Car Company has declared a quarterly dividend of Fifty Cents (50c) per share on the outstanding Capital Stock of the company, payable December 1, 1944, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 18, 1944. Checks will be mailed by The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, Transfer Agent.

C. W. HOCHETTE, Secretary.

PILGRIM TRUST Company
31 MILK ST., BOSTON 9
Growing steadily by helping the small business man.
Member Federal Reserve System
Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

Division of Civil Air Traffic Looms as Big Control Issue

Continued from Page 1

ard form, by which is meant technical and mechanical uniformity. But what do the British mean by "principles"?

They mean, for one thing, a generally accepted theory by which original routes or services are allocated to the respective nations. And their theory is that these services should be allocated out on the basis of the amount of traffic "embarked" in the home country.

Considering claims that up to 80 per cent of the postwar passenger traffic probably will originate in the United States, it is seen that such a formula would not work to the advantage of the United States, for the traffic which originated here and which would be debarked in England, for example, would be chalked up as "embarked" traffic on the return trip, and would thus go into formation of the broad base on which the British quota of services would be determined. They would, in other words, get the advantage of American-originated traffic.

"Embarked Traffic" Issue

It is this little phrase, "embarked traffic," which looms large at the moment before a British-American accord. The question remains whether, with this settled to the satisfaction of the United States, the British would still want a central authority, or "principles" carrying arbitrary powers such as the United States dislikes.

The American view is that with agreement on this and other points, such as rates and frequencies, on which there is already a large measure of accord, there is no need for a strong authority.

J. J. Symington, Canadian delegate, and President of the Trans-Canada Air Line, in a press conference yesterday, which to the delight of the correspondents was on the record, said he hoped for an immediate agreement which would be a combined "American-Canadian-British plan," and declared that "great progress has been made." He stressed, however, the point which has proved the stumblingblock of agreement attempts, when he insisted that "if we are going to have an authority it must have some power of decision."

Canada Reconciled

As for interim operations, he said that, while Canada had thought it wiser to work out a permanent plan and then fit provisional agreements into that, it is now reconciled to temporary bilateral agreements "much along the lines of the United States provisional draft." It is believed, though, that the Canadians, like the British, still are holding out for prior agreement on the broad fundamentals underlying these provisional arrangements.

The agreement to come out of the conference, which it appears now will doubtless deal chiefly if not wholly with provisional route arrangements, will be a compromise, with neither an all-powerful central authority nor a system of free and unrestricted competition. There will be, it is suggested by close observers, a provisional agreement for bilateral understandings, arrived at within the framework of a set of "principles" which cover technical uniformity and such things, but which only skirt in a token fashion commitment to limitation of route frequencies on the basis of some standard payload formula.

Not all American interests, of course, support the administration thesis of open domestic competition.

Stocks Offered By Banking Groups

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP)—A syndicate headed by Van Alstyne, Noel & Co. today offered 200,000 shares of common stock of Franklin Stores Corp. at $8 a share. Of the total offered, 114,000 represents stock for the company's account and 86,000 for the account of Frank Rubenstein, president and director of the firm, which operates a chain of stores in the south and middle west.

F. Eberstadt & Co. and associates offered 177,689 shares of common stock of Gleaner Harvester Corp. at $18 a share. The stock represents holdings of the Commercial Credit Co. heretofore the largest stockholder of the firm.

Button Society Still Has a Lot of Zip

CHICAGO, Nov. 10 (AP)—The answer to the juvenile game query, "button, button, who's got the button?" was easy to find in Chicago today—The National Button Society was in session—and you could identify a member by the buttons they wore.

To people who believe buttons are trivial items of utility, something necessary to keep your coat closed, the collectors will say you are wrong.

For example, Judge Chester Pendleton of Findlay, Ohio, one of the collectors, says buttons tell stories of love, beauty and happiness. And, other members said, they also tell of romance and fact, history ond tradition, war and intrigue.

There's an exhibit of more than 1,000 buttons, some valued from $35 to $100 each. Included were every type from a steel cut number 100 years old to a small jewel button.

The collectors aren't worrying about the trend toward zippers. The decorative button, they say, will always be on display.

REAL ESTATE DIRECTORY

Alabama

Birmingham—412 North 21st Street
BUTLER REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE CO.
Rentals Sales Insurance

BIRMINGHAM—2028½ N. First Ave.
ED. S. MOORE, Inc.
Nothing But Insurance

LOCAL—LONG DISTANCE
Birmingham Mayflower Agts.
Wittichen Transfer & Warehouse Co.

Arizona

REAL ESTATE Rentals, cattle ranches, desert acreage, farms. We invite correspondence. DRACHMAN-GRANT, Realtors, 28 N. Stone Ave., Tucson, Arizona.

California

E. THOMPSON
Licensed Real Estate Broker
MOTELS, AUTO COURTS, RESORTS—From the Oregon Line to the Mexican border. Priced from $16,500 to $175,000. Terms and some exchanges.
APT. HOUSES, HOTELS, DUPLEXES, BUNGALOW COURTS—$15,000 to $150,000 Terms.
COFFEE SHOPPES, CAFES, and SWEET-SHOPS—$5,000 to $30,000. Terms.
RANCHES
STOCK and DIVERSIFIED RANCHES—10 A. to 20,000 A. Priced $10,000 to $250,000 Terms.
HOMES and COUNTRY ESTATES—$5,000 to $75,000. Terms.
All are high-class properties, and rigid investigation is invited.
825 GEARY STREET
ROOM 1102 GR 3827
SAN FRANCISCO 9

— BELLFLOWER —
MARY HARRIS WATSON
REALTOR—INSUROR
233 E. Artesia Blvd. Ph. Torrey 723-60

BEVERLY HILLS—EXCLUSIVE AGENTS
Finest homes, estates, ranches, income and business properties.
GUY PRICE COMPANY
Wilshire Blvd. at Canon Drive

BEVERLY HILLS RENTALS and SALES
HETTIE LOUISE REYNOLDS, Realtor
9738 Santa Monica Blvd CR 64787

BEVERLY HILLS, Real Estate and Insurance
WILLIAM L. COLLIER CO.
444 N. Camden Drive CR. 63179

GLENDALE—Real estate sales and loans wanted, listings of real estate for sale. JOHN A. ANDERSON, Realtor, 1241 So. Glendale. Cl. 3-4712

GLENDALE RENTALS AND SALES
ETHEL C. SAMPLE, Realtor
216 So. Glendale Ave. Citrus 2-0082

HOLLYWOOD 27
O. E. SOPER Realtor
Wanted: Listings of Real Estate for Sale.
1530 North Western Avenue HI 9731

LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA
Real Estate—Rentals—Insurance
RALPH W. THOMAS, Realtor
1121 Prospect Street Glencove 5-2324

Los Angeles, 161 So. La Brea Ave. WA. 8821
LEROY ACKLEY, *Realtor*
APPRAISALS—INSURANCE

North Hollywood, Calif.
HOMES—RANCHES—ESTATES
Property Management
BISHOP INVESTMENT CO.
"Realtors" Loans Insurance
4426 LANKERSHIM BLVD.
SU 2-6363 STanley 7-1693
No. Hollywood — 4821 Laurel Canyon

Ralph A. Hunt
REALTOR
Insurance—REAL ESTATE—Loans
SUnset 1-3113 STanley 7-2433

No. Hollywood 11636 Ventura Blvd.
EDWIN S. BINGHAM
Sunset 17042—REALTOR—Stanley 73602

PASADENA 1
Since 1887 our predecessors and ourselves have been selling good homes. Furn. and unfurn. rentals. We sell all kinds of Insurance. Residential loans 4%. No commissions.
The William Wilson Co.
40 N. Garfield SY 3-8111

Redlands, Calif. Building Contractor
GORDON DONALD
50 Vine Street Phone 5451

San Francisco Los Angeles
REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE
3636 Wilshire, Los Angeles 5

SAN DIEGO 1
CHOICE RESIDENCE AND INCOME PROPERTY
EARL R. VERMILLION 740 E STREET

SAN MARINO
and vic. Fine selec. of 2-6 bedrm. houses.
THOMAS REAL ESTATE & INS. CO.
2164 Huntington Dr. Sy. 6-9169—CU. 3-2614

SANTA MONICA
Stanley A. Koch, Realtor
Offers homes and income properties.
Sale—Exchange—Property Management
815 Wilshire, Santa Monica Ph. 58273

SANTA MONICA—Lots $500 and up. Also furn. and unfurn. houses available for immediate possession. WARRELL, 327 Ariz.

SANTA MONICA—The Kaufmans, Realtors, offer fine homes, income, bus. prop. Insurance. Ph. 56506, 1203 Wilshire Blvd.

JACKSON DIGGS, Realtor
Specializing in
Homes, Income Ranches, Exchanges
Property Management, Rentals
4016 Wilshire Blvd., Los Angeles EX 1196

R. A. "Ray" Hopkins Realtor Insurance
Call me to BUY or SELL Real Estate
1801 W. Santa Barbara Ave., Los Angeles 37
2½ carline, 1 blk. west of Western—AX 6244

MAE E. WARNER Realtor
INSURANCE—NOTARY PUBLIC—LOANS
10102 S. Figueroa St., Los Angeles 3
PL 1-7104 TW 1679

HARTER-METHENY Tel. ST. 4-2619
Home - Income - Business - Ranch Property
Beach Properties
4353 Van Nuys Blvd., Sherman Oaks

WHEN you buy real estate have your title insured with Security Title Ins. & Guar. Co., 1014 State St., Santa Barbara, Calif.

FARM, GROVE, RANCH—Catalog mailed free. Maine to Florida, Texas, Oregon—24 States. STROT REALTY, Old South Bldg. Boston—543 So. Spring St., Los Angeles 13

"We Cover the Field"
Sales and Exchanges, Homes and Incomes
EDDY D. FIELD
1019 S. La Brea, Los Angeles YO 5151

AS a native Californian I deal in Ranch Lands—Orange and Walnut Groves.
LOUIS H. DIDIER
121 W. Main treet, Puente

BLANFORD REALTY CO., Realtor—Insurance. Los Angeles Homes, Incomes, Acreage. 7800 S. Western (44) TH 6385—PA 6706

HOUSES, ranches, income and property management. Harry W. Grassle, 2022 E Main, Ventura, California.

HAROLD O. WRIGHT COMPANY
Realtors
6331 Hollywood Blvd. GR 6869 Hollywood

GEORGE F. SHANER
Realtor
36 N. Santa Cruz Ave., Los Gatos Tel 490

JOHN R. EDWARDS REALTOR NOTARY
4830 So. Western, Los Angeles AX 8924

A. HETHERINGTON, Licensed Real Estate Broker—Ranches, Orange and Olive Lands YUBA CITY, CALIF. Phone: 1097 W

DRESSEN REALTY CO.
Homes, incomes, properties exchanged.
(32½ N. Market St., Inglewood Ph. OR 7-2186

ERNIE WALTON, Realtor
In Lovely Los Gatos, California
Information gladly given

H. C. Patterson, 108 E. Valley, El Monte
REAL ESTATE INSURANCE
12 mi. E. of L. A. End of Santa Fe Trail

VISITORS to SAN FRANCISCO
Rex Arms Hotel Apts. 990 Geary St. 2-3 rms. Subject to waiting list. ORdway 7788

E. D

Wednesday Page
Fashion—Home Decoration

Today's Woman

Tuesday—Friday
Food—Women's Features

Every Dining Table a Stage to Miss Stupell And Dishes and Linen Merely Players

By Barbara E. Scott Fisher
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

New York

We experiment in these days with the co-ordinating of colors, of costumes, and even of countries. Now along comes a small, vivacious blond who has made it her most pleasurable business to co-ordinate table settings. Carole Stupell is so bubbling over with ideas on the subject of table decoration that she casually upsets all the old traditions to which we have been faithful all these white-satin - damask - tablecloth years, and tosses them out the window.

You will find her presiding in the midst of one of New York's most fascinating Madison Avenue shops, where, with her flair for the original, she has assembled an array of unusual and beautiful china, table linens, silver, and glass.

Demonstrates Ideas

With the speed of a sleight-of-hand artist she reaches into a drawer and selects two hand-woven doilies—let us say, deep Tyrian purple. From a near-by shelf she lifts two gala Italian pottery plates and a pair of deep green glass goblets bearing a swirling design in purple and yellow. In the center of the table—or was it the center, now you come to think of it?—a conversation piece of some sort, perhaps you would call it a compote, with turquoise tendencies. Up on its edge she places the gay little figurine of a Spanish dancer, unbelievably made of papier-mâché, yet having the gleam of Venetian glass. The flounces of her skirt, her castanets, and her pretty little feet dangle over the edge. A swift move here, a deft placement there, and in a moment there evolves a perfectly co-ordinated table setting à la Carole Stupell.

Presents For Brides

Of course, we complain to ourselves—at least those of us who enjoy so greatly the charm of an individual and imaginative table arrangement—it is easy enough for Carole Stupell in her shop full of treasures to reach out and co-ordinate a fanciful table. But what have we in the house? That is the question. Carole Stupell thinks that most of us have plenty in the house—almost too much. But are we using what we have with imagination and intelligence? That she questions. She also believes that one of the difficulties most of us encounter is having too much of the same thing; for instance, a bride who starts out with a 95-piece set of wedding china.

This is a handicap before the little bride even begins to get her housekeeping in hand. Then there is the inevitable store of white satin-damask tablecloths and their dozens of hand-hemmed napkins. To Miss Stupell's way of thinking, this bride doesn't have a chance. She is smothered in promiscuous wedding presents—and all her troubles stem from this. It is Miss Stupell's considered and experienced opinion that table-settings for wedding presents—and any other occasion for that matter—should be sold as a unit. That people shopping for brides should gravitate to a single center and thus be enabled to co-ordinate their gifts of linen, silver, glass and china. The bride will then have related items for her table. To her way of thinking a service for six or eight people should be enough for any bride. "We call these 'love sets,' Miss Stupell said. "They are for occasions when the young couple entertain, say perhaps once a week—certainly not oftener these days of rationing.

Purchasing in Paris

"As a rule, however, my advice to a bride is to purchase table-settings in pairs, then get as many varieties of pairs as she likes, co-relating the colors and patterns so they may be mixed and matched as she desires. The girl with imagination will no more set her table with the same tiresome repetition of dishes and linens than serve the same menu every night. Don't imagine, either, that a bowl of flowers flanked by candlesticks in the center of the table is the acme of table arrangement," and from Miss Stupell's expression, I gathered she considered this about the last resort.

"A table-setting should be as impressive as the first act of a show. Let it set the mood for the occasion. Stage-design your table. Let it be so entirely enchanting that, if necessary, your guests will scarcely know what they are having to eat. Many a bride who is turning her hand to cooking for the first time on her own will appreciate the value of this strategy. If you can't cook—at least be a super-table-setter.

"Your tablecloth is your backdrop. If your tablecloth is patterned, use plain plates and vice versa. Before I start choosing a table, I think the whole arrangement through. For example, if I am using as a cloth a flesh-colored organdy with panels of black sheer shot with silver, I select flesh-toned glass plates with a clear center and set them on the black panels. Napkins will be flesh colored. It is important not to have too much pattern on the table at the same time. Avoid dizzy tables. Alternate your service plates with your dinner plates if you like. And speaking of service plates—why not use them oftener. I know women who spend fabulous sums on exquisite service plates, then proceed to cover them immediately with a soup plate, or whisk them off the table and never let them be enjoyed again. If you must serve your soup on a fine service plate, why not use a soup cup of glass?"

Favors Glass Ware

Miss Stupell has a fondness for glass service plates. One which looks as if it would cost a fortune with its open-work edge something like that found on the old blue milk glass of our ancestors, sells for $21.00 per dozen, and as Miss Stupell reminds one—who uses a whole dozen of anything these days?

Being of a practical turn of mind, Miss Stupell advocates a large closet in every house or apartment where these table setting items may be kept—and well within reach—quite as handy as the shelf on which you keep the sugar and the salt. Beauty within reach and within reason and your table always a refreshment, a lift to the eye as well as the appetite, give day-in and day-out meals liveliness and spontaneity. "Just try it," says Miss Stupell, "and you'll never go back to the old ways."

Hans Geiger

Long-established ritual for table setting is challenged by imaginative Carole Stupell, shown, above, with some of the glassware she utilizes for new arrangements. Below is an unorthodox but engaging Thanksgiving Day table designed for the city apartment dinner.

French Women Rally for Rehabilitation As Readily as for Underground Work

By Egon Kaskeline
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

French women and girls who with the French Underground army revolted against the Germans and side by side with the men took part in actual fighting have now laid down their arms and are preparing for more peaceful jobs. The recruitment center which the "Volontaires Françaises," the French "Wacs," have set up in Paris at the Hotel Matignon is overboiling with activity. Hundreds of new recruits coming from the ranks of the Resistance have joined the women auxiliaries. Other Fighting French Women organizations such as the "Corps Auxiliaires feminins de l'Air" (French Women Flying Corps), the "Service Auxiliaire de la Flotte" (French "Waves"), "Les Ambulances" (French military ambulance drivers and nurses), have also set up their new headquarters in Paris.

Training For New Work

The young women of the Resistance may still lack military training and they have to prepare for the special duties of office-work, nursing, engineering, ciphering, etc., which will be assigned to them. A special section of the "Volontaires" is preparing young women for the task of caring for French war prisoners and volunteers when they return from Germany.

But the new recruits bring with them experiences from the hard and dangerous Underground life which will make them particularly qualified for the new and difficult assignments. Very many of the Underground fighters have passed through French prisons and internment centers and have even been deported to Germany. Auschwitz in Upper Silesia and Ravensbruck in Southern Germany have been the Nazi camps where today many French women are still interned, where they are living in most sordid conditions, where they are systematically starved and frequently tortured. The reports of some French girls who finally gained release and who are now members of the "Volunteers" are horrifying. Not a few of the internees have passed on.

"Union" Activities

While the French auxiliaries are training French women and girls between 18 and 43 years for more or less military duties, the "Union of French Women," prewar top organization of the French feminine groups, which worked clandestinely during the Nazi occupation, has now come into the open again. The "Union" is anxious to prepare members—and French women as a whole—for the new and important tasks they will have to accomplish in public life. In the executive committee of this organization we find such outstanding personalities as Madame Joliot-Curie, the great scientist who with her husband won the Nobel Prize; Marie Bell, the well-known French actress and member of the "Comédie Française"; Madame Simone Renard, Professor of Science at the University of Paris. The "Union" is said to have now more than 200,000 members in metropolitan France; 350 members of the "Union," among them Danielle Casanova, president of the "Union of French Girls," have been deported to Germany and most of them are reported to have passed on there.

The French "Provisional Government" is helping French women's organizations to find their way to greater participation in public life. For the first time in French history, French women will go to the polls in the February, 1945, elections for the municipal and departmental assemblies.

Women As Councilors

However, even before French women actually have opportunity to vote, several hundred of them have already been appointed municipal councilors by the new French authorities. In Paris alone 37 housewives' committees have been organized and collaborate with the authorities in the distribution and the supervision of food supplies. Some days ago, the government announced that women jurors would sit in the French courts, and especially in the special tribunals set up to judge French "collaborationists." The Paris "Court of Justice" which will have to deal with several hundreds of the most important French Fascists will comprise 25 women, all taken from the ranks of the "Resistance." One of the new jurors, speaking for herself and for her colleagues, declared that they would be "without pity but not malicious."

Having entered public life under emergency conditions, the women of France will continue to exercise and, if necessary, to defend their new rights.

Your friends deserve the best

Send them
NORCROSS
GREETING CARDS

Ask the famous diners at Chateau Richelieu

Near Radio City stands a great New York restaurant catering to the notables of theater and industry. Pietro points out, salads served with a noble French Dressing are in great demand. "A real French Dressing requires fine olive oil," adds Pietro. "We always use Pompeian!"

Try a crisp garden salad served with freshly made, genuine French Dressing . . . that's made with Pompeian Olive Oil! It's pure, superfine, delicious! Pompeian—the biggest name in olive oil. Pompeian Olive Oil Corp., Baltimore, Md.

POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL

PECANS
PAPER SHELLED—From the Southwest's Finest Orchards
Schleys, Burketts, Mahans lb. 50c
Stuarts, Halberts, Success lb. 45c
All Prices F. O. B. Oklahoma City
Save C. O. D. charges by mailing check with order. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write for quantity prices on 50 lbs or over.
THE PECAN HOUSE
HORN SEED CO.
210 West California
Oklahoma City 2, Okla.
Selling Pecans Since 1920

An egg-○ some milk and this—

And you have, in a jiffy, tempting, mouth-watering muffins. And —*just enough!*

The thrifty size of the Burnett Muffin Mix package guarantees you ever-fresh, always-perfect muffins — delicate and delicious. Try a package today.

JOSEPH BURNETT COMPANY
Also the makers of Burnett's Vanilla

Turknit
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
BABY BATH BLANKETS
TOWELS · BIBS · WASH CLOTHS
The Famous "Knitted for Softness" Texture that's so Kind to Baby's Tender Skin. Sold at Leading Department and Baby Shops Everywhere.
WRITE FOR FREE BOOKLET V DESCRIBING TURKNIT BABY BATH PRODUCTS
PUTNAM KNITTING CO.
COHOES, N. Y.

Have You Thought Through That Thanksgiving Menu?

By Ruth Miller
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

There may not be a turkey in every oven this Thanksgiving, but we'll sit down to well-laden tables just the same.

For poultry of other kinds should continue plentiful, and you can capture the holiday spirit with menus built around chicken, duck, or even a roast (if points permit). We like the traditional Thanksgiving foods plus a few modern departures. With a roast chicken, try corn fritters on the platter to replace the usual potatoes. Put apples into a delicious Apple-Raisin Pie instead of the usual applesauce that appears with duck. Have an easy-to-make fruit cake instead of mince or pumpkin pie. Make a slaw of red cabbage to brighten your table.

Thanksgiving With Chicken

Oyster Bisque
Roast Chicken with Onion Stuffing
*Corn Fritters
Cauliflower Polonaise
Celery Olives Pickles
Red Cabbage Slaw
*Easy Fruit Cake with Ice Cream

Duck Does It

Hot Tomato Juice
Toasted Crackers
*Roast Duck with Orange Sauce
Fluffy Mashed Potatoes
Green Beans
Molded Carrot Salad
Hot Rolls Plum Preserves
Celery Olives
*Sour Cream Apple-Raisin Pie

Roast Is the Thing

*Spiced Fruit Juice Cocktail
Roast of Lamb, Veal or Beef
Baked Acorn Squash
Franconia Potatoes
Asparagus Dinner Salad or
Assorted Relishes and Spiced Fruits
Dinner Rolls Grape Jelly
*Old-Fashioned Pumpkin Pie with Cheese

Corn Fritters

2 cups whole kernel corn
1 2-3 cups flour
¾ teaspoon salt
2½ teaspoons baking powder
2 eggs
1-3 cup milk
Current jelly

Sift flour, baking powder and salt together. Beat eggs well, add milk to eggs and beat mixture into dry ingredients, beating until smooth. Add corn, stirring into batter. Drop by spoonsful into hot fat and fry to golden brown. Serve around roast chicken on platter. Garnish each fritter with a dab of currant jelly.

Easy Fruit Cake

2 eggs, well beaten
1½ cups sugar
1 cup salad oil
2 cups strained hot applesauce
2 teaspoons baking soda
3 teaspoons cinnamon
1 teaspoon cloves
1 cup seedless raisins, thoroughly washed
1 cup dried fruits (apricots or prunes)
3 cups flour
1 cup nuts, finely chopped

Beat sugar and salad oil into beaten eggs and blend well. Add soda to hot applesauce. Then cool applesauce and blend with raisins. Add applesauce to egg mixture. Mix and sift cloves, cinnamon and flour. Add dried fruit and nuts to cake mixture. Last, beat in flour. Bake in a greased loaf pan, slow oven (300° F.), 1-1½ hours.

Duck With Orange Sauce

1 5-pound duck
1 teaspoon salt
Dash of pepper
1 medium onion, sliced
1 large carrot, sliced
1 stalk celery, sliced
3 cups boiling water
½ cup orange juice
1 teaspoon lemon juice
2 tablespoons currant jelly
1 tablespoon flour
2 tablespoons cold water
Rind of 3 oranges
Rind of 1 lemon
1 orange (navel) sliced

Prepare duck for roasting. Rub with salt and sprinkle with pepper. Put vegetables in roasting pan, lay duck on top and pour hot water in pan. Roast in moderate oven (325 to 350° F.), allowing 20 to 25 minutes per pound. When done, remove duck to hot platter and keep hot. Strain liquid in pan and skim off fat. Add fruit juices, jelly and flour mixed with water; then cook until thickened, stirring constantly. Cut orange and lemon rinds in narrow strips and cook in boiling water 5 minutes; strain, add rinds to sauce and cook about 5 minutes. Arrange orange slices around duck on platter and serve with sauce. Serves 4 to 6.

Apple-Raisin Pie

2 cups chopped tart apple
½ cup raisins
½ cup sugar
2 tablespoons flour
½ teaspoon cinnamon
¼ teaspoon nutmeg
Dash of salt
½ cup sour cream
1 egg, well beaten
1 tablespoon butter or margarine
1 unbaked pie shell

Mix apple and raisins. Blend sugar, flour, spices and salt. Stir in cream, then beaten egg; add to apples and raisins and mix thoroughly. Pour into pastry-lined pie plate, dot with butter or margarine. Bake 10 minutes at 425° F., then reduce to 325° F., and bake until apples are soft, about 25 minutes more.

Spiced Fruit Juice Cocktail

1 cup orange juice
½ cup pineapple juice (may be omitted)
⅓ cup sugar sirup
⅔ cup water
½ teaspoon grated lemon rind
½ teaspoon nutmeg
¼ teaspoon cinnamon
3 whole cloves
1½ pints sweet cider

To make sugar sirup, boil 1 cup water with 1 cup sugar, 10 minutes, stirring until sugar is dissolved. Combine fruit juices, spices and sugar sirup. Chill 3 hours. Strain, add cider and stir briskly. Serve in glasses with cracked ice.

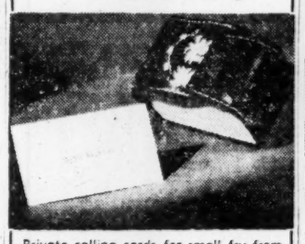
Old-Fashioned Pumpkin Pie

¾ cup brown sugar
½ teaspoon cinnamon (or more, if desired)
¼ teaspoon cloves
1½ cups pumpkin
1½ cups rich milk or thin cream
2 tablespoons molasses
2 tablespoons melted butter
½ teaspoon salt
¼ teaspoon ginger
¼ teaspoon nutmeg
2 eggs, beaten
Unbaked pie shell

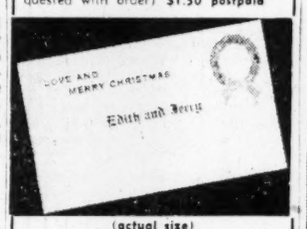
Add all ingredients to pumpkin and mix well. Pour into unbaked pie shell and bake at 425° F. until firm.

THE ORIGINAL ECRU OR CREAM CURTAIN TINT IN TABLET FORM
"PRO-DURA"
(PROTECTION) (DURABILITY)
30 BEAUTIFUL COLORS
TABLETS
10¢ a tablet
Dyes and Tints Silk, Wool and Cotton. Department and Drug Stores
O. P. RUBARDT & CO., MFR.
5116 Ravenswood Ave. Chicago, Ill.

Half Pint CARDS



Private calling cards for small fry from the diapered age to the first date! 100 cards in leather case 1" x 1¾" (with hand pointed flowers on case if requested with order) $1.50 postpaid



(actual size)

Christmas tag problem solved. Christmas wreath in green and red, printed to read as you wish . . . your own personalized message and name to add something to your gift, or to be enclosed with your Christmas Cards. 100 for $1.50 postpaid

EDITH CHAPMAN
163 East 33rd St., New York 16, N. Y.

It's the day before Christmas

1. It's the day before Christmas
And all through the shops,
Poppa is running
With starts and with stops.

2. What to give Momma?
What to give sister?
What to give grandma?
(It bothers the mister!)

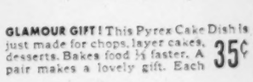
3. When just as he's ready
To give up in despair,
What does he see
But a sign "PYREX WARE"!

4. He knows that his wife
And his Aunt and his Cousin
Could use one or two,
Or maybe a dozen.

5. So he takes off his hat,
Throws it high in the air,
And solves his gift problems
With smart PYREX WARE!

POPPA LOVE MOMMA? This Pyrex Double-Duty Casserole makes a dozen different dishes. Cover is an extra pie plate! 3 sizes, 2 qt. size 75¢

GLAMOUR GIFT! This Pyrex Cake Dish is just made for chops, layer cakes, desserts. Bakes food ⅓ faster. A pair makes a lovely gift. Each 35¢



SHE'LL BE PROUD of her pies in this transparent Pyrex Pie Plate! Sticky foods wash off its smooth sides like magic. Three sizes, 9½" size 25¢

APPLE-OF-HER EYE! This Pyrex Utility Dish goes from the oven to the table to the refrigerator. Cooks small roasts, hot breads, rolls, biscuits. 10½" size, only 50¢

IDEA FOR POPPA: Put all the four dishes shown here together and see what a wonderful Gift Set you have for only . . $1.85

PRESSED IN GLASS

PYREX OVEN WARE for better and faster baking
CORNING GLASS WORKS Corning, N.Y. U.S.A.

"PYREX" IS A REGISTERED TRADE-MARK OF CORNING GLASS WORKS, CORNING, N. Y.

PURR-FECT for tender skins!

Be kind to your face. Use kitten-soft Sitroux Tissues. They never irritate tender skin because they're softer . . . remove make-up better because they're more absorbent . . . save tissues because they're stronger. Try them!

SITROUX TISSUES
SAY SIT-TRUE

Fashiontex
Full Fashioned STOCKINGS

Hug the ankle, calf and knee. Fit without a wrinkle. Fashiontex stockings are fully guaranteed to give utmost satisfaction or money will be refunded. Send for your stockings NOW!

STYLE 150 SERVICE WEIGHT RAYON
Medium Neutral Beige
Dark Neutral Beige
White, "Clear as Crystal"
3 Prs. $2.75 postpaid

STYLE 675 Rayon SHEER
Medium Neutral Beige
Dark Neutral Beige
3 Prs. $3.10 postpaid

Order your Fashiontex Stockings Today. We pay postage and guarantee satisfaction in every way or money refunded. Send for yours TODAY!

FILL OUT COUPON NOW!

FASHIONTEX, Inc., Dept. M-11
115 FOURTH AVE., NEW YORK 16, N. Y.
Here's my check (¢) for ..... pairs of FASHIONTEX hose. Style .....
Sizes ..... Color .....
Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

Aunt Jenny's Better Cook Tips

Refrigerator Molasses Cookies. Crisp, spicy, delicious—so easy to make. They taste like Grandma's. How youngsters love 'em!

Easy way to have fresh-baked Cookies often, keep "Cookie-Mix" handy in your refrigerator

Takes only a jiffy to make up a batch of crisp, tender cookies whenever you want them, once you mix this dough. Pure, bland Spry brings out all the delicious flavor of molasses and spices.

Refrigerator Molasses Cookies

1 cup Spry
1 cup molasses
1 cup brown sugar, firmly packed
1 egg
4 cups sifted flour
1 teaspoon salt
1 teaspoon soda
2 teaspoons ginger
1 teaspoon cinnamon
½ teaspoon nutmeg
½ teaspoon cloves

Mix Spry, molasses and sugar in saucepan. Bring to boil over low heat and boil 2 minutes. Cool to lukewarm. Add egg and mix well. Add sifted flour, salt, soda and spices and blend well. Pack firmly into 8 x 8-inch pan lined with waxed paper. Chill in refrigerator several hours or overnight. Slice dough ⅛-inch thick and cut cookies of desired length. Bake on Spry-coated cookie sheets in moderate oven (350° F.) 10 minutes.

To make several batches of fresh-baked cookies, store part of dough in the refrigerator and bake later.

It's easier now to become a better cook . . . New Spry has new magic to help you get more delicious foods with short-cut methods. Try Spry's amazing new One-bowl Cake Method. It's on many of the Spry jars. Change to Spry for *all* your baking and frying.

Sandpaper Helps

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

A simple device for opening difficult screw-top jars is a piece of sandpaper. Keep it handy in a drawer in the kitchen, and when a cap refuses to budge, wrap the sandpaper around it. This will give a grip, and the top will usually turn without further difficulty.

Two or three rubber bands twisted about the cap provide an equally effective grip.

HOMEMAKERS
BRIDES-TO-BE— Four, eight weeks and shorter courses in cookery, nutrition, marketing, table service, canning, menu planning. Complete One-Year course prepares for careers, home-management. Catalog. Dr. Dawn Nelson Wallace, Dir. Room 603.
MISS FARMER'S SCHOOL OF COOKERY
30 Huntington Ave., Boston 16, Mass.
KENmore 1632
Lic. by Comm. Mass. Dept. Education

YOU'RE GAY . . . WHEN YOU KNOW YOU'RE LOOKING YOUR BEST!
Let your skin be free! Flush away dirt, unsightliness, and the marks of the day with Donna Lo—the amazing *liquid* beauty creams that unmask natural loveliness. Write for descriptive folder.
Donna Lo
LIQUID BEAUTY CREAMS
Donna Lo Laboratories, Inc., 16th at Lucas Ave., St. Louis 3, Mo.

Sports News

Cadet Team Given Edge Over Irish

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP)—Returning to the football guessing game this week, we wish we could point with pride to the selections of sub Fritz Howell last week, but he picked Notre Dame to beat Navy. He had been warned that the Middies were through fooling. At that he turned in a performance of only 11 defeats and one tie against 35 victories. So we give you:

Notre Dame - Army — Notre Dame never has been defeated by both Navy and Army the same year. Army hasn't scored against the Irish since 1938. The Cadets will break both traditions this year.

Just a Breeze

Cornell-Navy—Just a breeze for those hard-hitting Middies.

Third Air Force-Great Lakes—This figures to be a close one, with the home team, Great Lakes, getting the call.

Illinois-Michigan—The Wolverines look even stronger with Bob Weiss and Bob Nussbaumer gone, but the Illini has Buddy Young. Nevertheless, Michigan.

Tulane-Georgia Tech—Tech to rebound from the Duke defeat.

Pittsburgh-Ohio State — The Buckeyes in a tune-up for next week's clash with Illinois.

Wake Forest - Duke — The Deacons have one of their strongest outfits in years, but Duke is one of the nation's top losing teams. Duke.

California-UCLA—Both teams have lost key men through military transfers. California won their first encounter 6-0. But on the premise that the Uclans losses have not been as great as the Trojans we pick UCLA.

Oklahoma Aggies-Texas—With the hopes for a dry field to give Bob Fenimore a chance to run, it's the Aggies.

Columbia-Pennsylvania — This one is easy, Penn.

Indaina-Minnesota — The Gophers haven't got what it takes to stop Indiana's Bob Hoernschemeyer.

Mississippi State-Auburn—State has a great back in McWilliams, Auburn a top-notch center in Warrington. It's unbeaten Miss. State.

Close Battle

Colgate-Holy Cross—A ding dong battle with Holy Cross winning.

Cherry Point Marines-Bainbridge—The Navy boys from Bainbridge will make this their 14th straight.

Fourth Air Force-Washington—Too many experienced men on the Air Force squad. Fourth Air Force.

Ft. Warren-Second Air Force—Mr. Dobbs and Co. chalk up another for the Superbombers.

Missouri-Oklahoma—The Sooners march on to the Big Six title.

Purdue - Northwestern — Poor Wildcats. They made a good showing in tying Minnesota last week, but will resume their losing ways.

Texas Aggies-Southern Methodist—Let's pull this one out of the hat. The slip says the Aggies.

Brown - Yale — The Bulldogs from New Haven are on top this year. Yale.

Tearing through the remainder of the schedule:

Iowa Pre-Flight over Bunker Hill Naval Base, Wisconsin over Iowa, Iowa State over Nebraska, Georgia over Florida, Kansas over Kansas State, Muhlenberg over Princeton, Michigan State over Maryland, N. C. Pre-Flight over Georgia Pre-Flight, Penn State over Temple, South Carolina over Presbyterian, Rice over Arkansas, Tulsa over Southwestern (Texas), Texas Christian over Texas Tech, U. S. S. Coast Guard over Dartmouth, Clemson over V. M. I., Virginia over Richmond, North Carolina over William and Mary, Swarthmore over New York University, West Virginia over Lehigh, Lafayette over Rutgers, and Bucknell over New York City College.

By a Staff Photographer

New Bruins' Rookie

Ken Smith, who has starred with Oshawa Generals, junior Canadian hockey champions, the past three seasons, promises to give the Bruins a scoring punch up forward. He was high scorer for the Generals with 81 points last winter, and this year has scored a goal in three of four games with the Bruins. Manager Art Ross has placed Ken on his "Typhoon Line" with two other newcomers, Bill Cupulo and Frankie Mario. Bruins play Rangers in New York Sunday night, and open their home season at Boston Garden Tuesday evening against Chicago Black Hawks.

Sports Mirror

By the Associated Press

Today a Year Ago

Jimmy Wilson retained as Chicago Cubs manager.

Three Years Ago

Yale authorities indicated Spike Nelson would return as head grid coach despite poor record.

Five Years Ago

Iowa nosed out Notre Dame, 7-6, to hand Irish first defeat.

Ten Years Ago

Arkansas City Junior College disputed Knox and Hobart claim to losing record with 28 straight setbacks.

Yale-Brown Tops N. E. Card; P-T Team Invades Stadium

By Gordon Campbell

Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

Yale's undefeated Big Blue team goes after its sixth straight victory against Brown in the Yale Bowl tomorrow afternoon in the feature contest of the New England football card.

Here in Boston Harvard has the stage to itself as it meets the Melville P-T eleven in the Stadium tomorrow at 2:30. Boston College gets all the attention Sunday afternoon for its 2:30 kick-off against Brooklyn College.

Other games in New England tomorrow find Coast Guard challenging Dartmouth at Hanover, Holy Cross facing a long-time rival in Colgate at Worcester, and Norwich playing at Connecticut State.

Toast of the Town

In New Haven personable Howie Odell is the toast of the town as he brings his Elis along carefully toward their first undefeated season in two decades. Yale is heavily favored to take the Bruins, who have lost to Army, Dartmouth, and Coast Guard and who were tied by Holy Cross in their last four outings.

Following tomorrow's game, the Elis face North Carolina and Virginia, with the Cavaliers due to give the Elis their sternest opposition. Virginia tied North Carolina Pre-Flight, and if you like comparative scores, N. C. Pre-Flight beat Duke 13-6, which beat Georgia Tech 19-13, which beat powerful Navy 17-15.

Brown's best offensive threat will come from Charley Tiedemann, if he can play and is in top shape. With him in the lineup and with Stu Goodman able to connect with long passes, the Bruins should score, but Yale should score more often.

PeeTees Confident

Harvard appears in for a rough afternoon. Publicity emanating from the Melville Station fairly oozes with confidence, and there is no reason why it shouldn't. The P-T veterans of the South Pacific are older than the Harvard kids; they have had the benefit for the most part of four years of play in college; they are heavier; and some of them have played professionally.

In a way it is too bad that Harvard has struck to informal football for the duration, and its situation is thrown into sharp relief by the stand taken by its arch-rival, Yale. "If we play, it's going to count," said the Elis, and the public applauds them for their attitude.

Going into their game tomorrow the Harvards are likewise undefeated, and you can just imagine the furore that might be heard if Harvard had stayed formal and agreed to meet Yale later this month.

B. C. Favored

Boston College should take Brooklyn, a team which has beaten powerless C. C. N. Y. twice by 37-0 scores yet which has lost twice to Connecticut. The Eagles are expected to rebound successfully from their 45-0 defeat by the PeeTees, even though Brooklyn is said to be stronger than it was a year ago when B. C. won 37-6.

Dartmouth is slightly favored over Coast Guard. Bob Hicks, first-string center, has returned to bolster a weakness at the pivot position after being out of the line-up since early in the season because of injury. Coach Earl Brown has had a week and a half to polish up his newcomers, who went down to Yale last Saturday with only four running plays and two passes in their repertoire.

Canadian Teams Continue Their Lead in Hockey

By the Associated Press

Toronto and Montreal, Canada's representatives in the National Hockey League, continue to dominate the loop today as a result of last night's victories.

The Leafs and Canadiens occupy the first two positions in the standings, with undefeated Toronto extending its winning streak to five straight by spoiling the New York Rangers' home opener, 6-3. The Canadiens kept pace with the Leafs by swamping the Chicago Black Hawks 9-2 for their fourth victory in five starts.

It was Toronto's second win over the tail-end Rangers, who have lost four in a row this season. The hapless Blue Shirts have been without a victory since last Jan. 22, eking out three ties in their last 25 games.

Despite their loss, Manager Lester Patrick and Coach Frank Boucher were somewhat encouraged by the Rangers' improved play last night. Except for the last four minutes of the first period and the second frame, when the Leafs scored four straight goals, the Blue Shirts, helped by the return of veteran Phil Watson, played on even terms with the league leaders.

The Canadiens continued their mastery over the Black Hawks, maintaining their unblemished two-year record against the Windy City outfit by scoring their ninth straight win against Chicago, two this season. The Hawks haven't beaten Montreal since 1942.

The powerful Lach-Blake-Richard combination was the spearhead of the Montreal attack, accounting for two thirds of the Canadien goals. Maurice Richard had three goals and two assists. Elmer Lach scored twice and had four assists while Toe Blake tallied once and assisted five times. The defeat was Chicago's third in four games.

Hoppe Leads

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 10 (AP)—Willie Hoppe, New York, went into the lead, 200 to 191, last night in his 1,500-point championship match with Welker Cochran, San Francisco.

Behind 150 to 146 after the third block in the afternoon, Hoppe scored 50 points in 54 innings to Cochran's 41. Hoppe had a high run of six to Cochran's five.

National Hockey League

	W	L	T	Pts	Goals For	Goals Agst
Toronto	5	0	0	10	30	12
Montreal	4	1	0	8	19	12
Detroit	2	2	0	4	21	10
Chicago	1	3	0	2	18	29
Boston	1	3	0	2	11	20
New York	0	4	0	0	10	26

Results Nov. 9

Toronto 6, New York 3.
Montreal 9, Chicago 2.

Corcoran Signed

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP)—Ed Dudley, president of the Professional Golfers' Association, announced yesterday that Fred Corcoran, tournament manager of the organization, had been signed to a new three-year contract.

Corcoran is completing his eighth year on the job, his tenure being longer than any of his predecessors. Last winter, he made a tour of the North African and Italian military zones with Lefty Gomez, former New York Yankee pitcher, and Jack Sharkey, ex-heavyweight boxing champion. He will be with the golfers on their winter tour this year.

President's Wife Joins Him In Facing Difficult Future

By Mary Hornaday

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10—While predicting the next four years will be the "most difficult the world has ever known," Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt indicated today that she and her husband would welcome the "great opportunities" the job brings, as well as feeling its responsibilities.

The President's wife told a press conference that she was especially elated by those results of the election indicating that the American people "do not believe isolationism is possible."

She said the election had reaffirmed her belief in democracy.

"In spite of some of the bitterest and strangest issues, the people have thought their way through to what they wanted and carried through with comparatively no excitement and a great deal of thought, to their own majority conclusion," she declared.

Years Also of Opportunity

When a reporter asked, "Are you glad to be back for another four years?" Mrs. Roosevelt hesitated, then replied:

"Well, I suppose aside from the feeling of heavy responsibility, these will be years of great opportunity. Everyone should be glad of opportunity, though maybe not of responsibility."

Describing the next four years as "probably the most difficult the world has ever known," Mrs. Roosevelt explained, "we have to win a war, make a peace and rebuild a world. I can't think of anything more difficult."

Mrs. Roosevelt described herself and communism as among the "phoney" issues of the recent campaign.

"The election," she said, "was settled on issues that were not personal. My being an issue was just one of the phonies."

On communism, she said, "the number of Communists in this country is so small that the only one thing that can ever make it a danger would be the kind of hardship that could make people feel that democracy was not meeting their needs."

Not Going Anywhere

Asked if she would accompany the President to Paris if he goes, Mrs. Roosevelt replied:

"I haven't heard about his going anywhere." At another point in the conference, she said, "I have no plans for going anywhere or doing anything."

She did not elaborate on a hint that "inauguration may have to be somewhat different this time," because of gas and food rationing.

Reiterating an appeal for public discussion of the compulsory military service issue, Mrs. Roosevelt said she did not agree with the Federal Council of Churches that the decision should be put off until after the war.

Justice Department Asks Change in A. P. By-Laws

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP)—The Department of Justice recommended to the Supreme Court today that the Associated Press be required to adopt an "explicit" by-law which would admit new members without regard to local competitive situations.

The Department filed a brief in its cross-appeal from the decision of a federal expediting court in the Government's civil antitrust suit against the nonprofit news co-operative. The A. P. likewise has appealed, and the high tribunal will hear oral arguments next week.

The lower court ruled that the A. P. could continue to provide its news report exclusively to members, to demand the local news of members exclusively, and to retain its contract with the Canadian Press provided the A. P. modified its by-laws on admission of members.

Lower-Court Ruling

The lower court left open to the A. P. the adoption of substitute by-laws "which will restrict admission," provided members in the same field (morning, evening, or Sunday papers) as the applicant for membership shall not have power to impose or dispense with any conditions of such admission. The court also held that the by-laws should declare that the effect of admission upon the ability of an applicant to compete with a member or members in the same field shall not be taken into consideration by the board or by the membership at large in passing on the application.

The Justice Department, however, told the Supreme Court today that if the final judgment is to give "adequate assurance of effective relief," it should be worded to provide that the conditions for admission to membership in a city and "field" in which there are one or more existing memberships "shall be the same as the procedure and condition for admission to membership of an applicant and a 'field' in which there is no existing membership."

The Department also proposed that the final judgment provide that no applicant shall be required to "make any money payment or give any other consideration, directly or indirectly, to any A. P. member or members."

Competitive Issue

Referring to the lower court's requirement that A. P. members might not consider the competitive effect of an applicant for membership, the Justice Department asserted this was "not self-executing; it remains hortatory." It added:

"The ultimate effectiveness of the judgment should not be left to depend upon a gamble on the members' willingness to conform their conduct to the spirit and intent of the court's judgment."

The department recommended, therefore, adding a section to the lower court's judgment, that "the by-laws shall contain such further provisions as may be reasonably necessary or appropriate to assure observance of this declaration."

The Department contended the agreement of A. P. members to give their local news exclusively to A. P. and A. P.'s contract with the Canadian Press conferring upon A. P. exclusive rights in this country to C. P. news, are in unlawful restraint of interstate commerce, regardless of any restrictions regarding membership in A. P.

The Government added, however, that it was not attacking the requirement of A. P. by-laws that members furnish local news to A. P. but only the exclusive feature of the requirement.

The Government said it did not attack the lower court's finding that the antitrust laws do not apply to provisions of the A. P.-C. P. contract which give to C. P. the exclusive right to receive in Canada the A. P. news report. It said this matter should be presented to the Supreme Court in a separate case.

The Department did not attack the lower court's ruling that A. P. could provide its news report exclusively to A. P. members, providing the by-laws are amended.

World Leaders Join Americans In Congratulating President

By the Associated Press

Messages of congratulation from heads and representatives of foreign States, as well as from leading American citizens, have been pouring in upon President Roosevelt as he looks forward to the fourth term to which he has been elected.

Gen. Charles de Gaulle, head of the French Provisional Government in Paris, added to his cable: "My entire sympathy is with you in the very great tasks which await you after those you have so magnificently fulfilled."

The Earl of Halifax, Britain's Ambassador to the United States, said in a statement that the re-election of President Roosevelt was "a remarkable vote of confidence by the American people. It should have a remarkable effect throughout the Allied world, and also with the enemy, who may have been expecting a change in the American policy and Administration."

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, President of China, said in his message "Your re-election is a welcome guarantee that the Allied powers will succeed in winning the final victory and establishing a just and durable peace at an early date."

Mme. Chiang, who is in New York at present, telegraphed the President, saying that in re-electing him the American people were "but expressing in their way what every people in every land feels regarding your vision and passionate concern for the common men."

Through the "Voice of Freedom" radio on Leyte Island in the Philippines, came a statement by President Sergio Osmena of the Philippine Commonwealth, interpreting the Presidential election results as indorsement of Mr. Roosevelt's foreign and domestic policies, and expressing "unmistakable approval of his liberal policy toward the Philippines."

At a meeting of the Royal Empire Society in Melbourne, Australia, Sir Owen Dixon, former Australian Minister to Washington, declared that President Roosevelt's re-election averted a break in long-range Allied war planning.

The Cuban House of Representatives approved a formal resolution of congratulations, and the Nicaraguan Government declared a two-day holiday to celebrate President Roosevelt's re-election.

The German Foreign Office, commenting over the Berlin Radio on the results of the election, said that they showed "a tendency to depart from isolationist principles and a stronger tendency of interventionism in European affairs." It added that "Roosevelt is the declared enemy of the German people."

A dispatch from the British Second Army front in Holland reported great interest in the election on the part of British troops and Dutch civilians, but comparatively small concern among United States soldiers in that sector. A survey among the Americans showed some disappointment that the Roosevelt victory was so complete that soldier votes would not settle the issue.

Victory by the People

Mayor La Guardia of New York City expressed gratification that "130,000,000 Americans have accepted the verdict of the majority." This, he added, "is a splendid demonstration of the best in democracy."

Speaker Sam Rayburn, (D) of Texas hailed the election outcome as "an overwhelming and gratifying victory that will have a stabilizing effect throughout the world."

William Green, President of the American Federation of Labor, said: "The American people in this election have overwhelmingly rejected isolationism. That should be clear to everyone and it is the best possible augury for the establishment of lasting peace, based upon international co-operation."

The Washington Post proposed that the Capital greet the President on his return from Hyde Park with "a real welcome." The newspaper suggested that government employees and other workers be given time off to participate in a demonstration like those of 1936 and 1940, when throngs of 200,000 lined bedecked streets to greet the re-elected President.

Greece to Start Over Again With New Drachma Unit

ATHENS, Greece, Nov. 10 (AP)—Greece, its paper money almost valueless as a result of inflation, is going to start all over again tomorrow with a new drachma unit which will be stabilized at 600 to the British pound.

That would mean the new currency, to be issued Nov. 11, would be worth nominally about ⅔ of an American cent, the same as in 1940.

It will take 50,000,000,000 of the old drachma notes now in circulation to buy one of the new drachma. The Government said gold and foreign exchange totaling 43,000,000 British pounds sterling would be behind the new issue.

The new drachma will be interchangeable with British military authority pounds at the rate of 600 to one. By comparison, one would need 30,000,000,000,000 of the now-discredited old drachmas to buy one British pound today.

'Super-Fuel' Made For Combat Planes

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 (AP)—A "super-fuel" now is being produced in limited amounts for combat planes.

Disclosing this today, J. A. Krug, chairman of the War Production Board, said the current output of the "super-fuel" now is "very minor" when compared with the production of 100-octane gasoline, but will be gradually stepped up as engines capable of using it efficiently come off assembly lines.

The new "super-fuel" will increase cruising range and "full-throttle" performance of planes.

Since a barrel of crude will produce only about half as much of the new fuel as it will of 100-octane, the use of the higher-powered fuel is expected to be limited for the near future at least, to carrier-based aircraft and superbombers.

Bing Crosby Consoled; Sinatra Unknown to Some

HOLLYWOOD, Calif., Nov. 10 (AP)—Actor-Crooner Bing Crosby, returning after a European camp tour, said ruefully that the French populace didn't seem to know who he was.

But he brightened up when he added:

"I asked some teen-age Paris girls if they knew Frank Sinatra and they said they'd never heard of him."

Mancuso Rumor

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 (AP)—Gus Mancuso, veteran catcher who was handed his unconditional release by the New York Giants, is reported to be in line for a coaching job with the Philadelphia Phillies.

RESTAURANTS

BOSTON

Good Food By Expert Chefs

Our chefs are famous for their utterly delectable dishes and varied interesting menus.

Cafe de Paris

165 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, BOSTON
299 HARVARD STREET, BROOKLINE

Sharaf's Country Style RESTAURANT

Opposite The Christian Science Pub. Soc.
187 MASSACHUSETTS AVE.
OTHER LOCATIONS THRUOUT BOSTON

STEUBEN'S —DUTCH ROOM— GOOD FOOD for a GOOD MOOD 114 BOYLSTON ST.

When You Go Out For Dinner

Restaurant advertisers in The Christian Science Monitor are ready to serve you with satisfying meals.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

THE COCK HORSE
In Harvard Square
THANKSGIVING DINNER, $2.25
Reservations 12 to 4 P. M.
Luncheons 50c to $1.85
Dinners 65c to $1.85
56 BRATTLE STREET ELI 8800

LE PETIT GOURMET
19 Garden Street Eli 8605
Luncheons 12 to 2
Dinners 5:30 to 8
Sunday Dinner 12 to 4 P. M.
CLOSED MONDAYS

MALDEN, MASS.

The New KERNWOOD RESTAURANT
Now Open at Its New Location
7-9 DARTMOUTH ST.
Popular Prices
Fine Food

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

GOING TO SPRINGFIELD, MASS.?

STOP at the HIGHLAND HOTEL

IN THE HEART OF SPRINGFIELD

THE PUBLIC'S FIRST CHOICE FOR GOOD FOOD AND SUPERB BEVERAGES!

HILLMAN & BARNES STS., RIGHT DOWNTOWN

EVERY MEAL A PLEASANT MEMORY

Quality in hats, like character in men, goes deeper than the surface.

SEVEN-FIFTY TO TWENTY DOLLARS

Schoble
Since 1846
an Honored Name in Gentlemen's Hats

MASSACHUSETTS

ARLINGTON

We Have a Fine Selection of Christmas Gifts
BEACON JEWELRY CO.
468 Mass. Ave. Arl. 5592

Supplies for Preserving
Jars, Good Luck Jar Rubbers, Gulf Wax
Kerr Jars and Lids
Large Enamelled Kettles
R. W. Shattuck & Co.
HARDWARE—KITCHENWARE
444 Mass. Ave. Arlington 0114

TIRES RECAPPED HERE WHOLESALE—RETAIL
Charles B. Perham, Inc.
295 Broadway Arlington 2433

FLOWERS
For All Occasions
G. O. Anderson & Sons INC.
681 Mass. Ave. Arl. 3090-3091
Medford Branch, 242 High St. Mys. 0600

BOSTON

• Gifts for all occasions
• Wrist Watches and Jewelry repaired
• Cash for your Old Gold
• Beads restrung 50c up
Arthur W. Fitt JEWELER
26 West Street Lib. 1486

Hauer's Laundry
CLEANSERS DYERS
Over 30 Years on Beacon Hill
17 Charles St. Phone LAF. 2136

BOSTON—Dorchester

Expert Servicing on All Makes of Cars
BUY WAR BONDS
Woodward's Chevrolet Co.
426 Adams Street, East Milton
BLU. 9200

BOSTON—Roslindale

Satisfaction Guaranteed at Whyte's Laundry, Inc.
172 Roslindale Avenue Roslindale
A. SHIRLEY BROWN Manager
TELEPHONE PARKWAY 6060
A Service for Every Household

BOSTON—West Roxbury

Remarks by a Reader of The Christian Science Monitor
"Two smart tailored dresses from your new large fall selections fully satisfy as Ross dresses have for years."
DRESSES COATS SUITS
Moderate prices. Alterations free.
ROSS' WEST ROXBURY MFG. CO.
5168 Washington Street

BRAINTREE

Your Local Fuel Dealer
Telephone Bra. 0073-1449
Woodsum for COAL and OIL
38 Crescent Avenue, So. Braintree

BROCKTON

For Information regarding local and national advertisers telephone Brockton 1921. Hours: 12:30 to 1:30 and 5 to 7 p. m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Storey & Co. READY-TO-WEAR APPAREL OF DISTINCTION
OUTSTANDING VALUES in our FUR DEPARTMENT
Assortments Are Complete
128 MAIN ST., BROCKTON 22, MASS.

WHEN YOU NEED HOME FURNISHINGS
Shop at ATHERTON'S
41 Center St., Brockton 38, Mass. Tel. 393

SILVER JEWELRY
Gifts of All Kinds
Expert Watch Repairing
GURNEY BROS. CO.
122 Main Street, Brockton 22, Mass.

Edgar's
Brockton's Leading Department Store
195 Main St., Brockton 1, Mass.
Tel. Bro. 1

CHARM STRINGS
in
Pastel and Fiesta Colors
Many Other Attractive Gift Items
RALPH E. BAKER FURNITURE CO.
610 MAIN ST. OPP. FOREST AVE.

Minneapolis Miscount Helpful to Democrat

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 10 (AP)—Discovery of a 10,000-vote tabulation error in Hennepin County (Minneapolis), largest in the district, yesterday gave William Gallagher, Democratic-Farmer-Labor candidate, a 2,260-vote margin over Representative Richard P. Gale, Republican Congressman from Minnesota's Third District.

A re-check of the Hennepin County tabulation showed that a worker had entered 23,726 votes for Mr. Gallagher when the figure should have been 33,726.

The count is now complete in all precincts, but is not official in Hennepin County. It gives Mr. Gallagher 71,279 votes to 69,019 for Mr. Gale. The error had showed Mr. Gale to be re-elected to a third term by nearly 8,000 votes.

MASSACHUSETTS

BROOKLINE

For Information regarding local and national advertisers phone Com 4330, 8 a. m.-4:30 p. m., except Saturday and Sunday
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

BROOKLINE TRUST COMPANY
Coolidge Corner
Brookline Village
Washington Square
Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

FLOWERS
for All Occasions
ALICE B. MERRILL, Inc.
FLORIST
267 Harvard Street ASP 8800
Member F T D

CAMBRIDGE

For Information regarding local and national advertisers telephone Kirkland 4008. Hours 8 to 11 a. m. daily.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Shop THE COOP for Christmas Gifts
HARVARD COOPERATIVE SOCIETY
In Harvard Square

HAYDEN, Incorporated
Formerly Fred Hayden
38 PALMER STREET TRO 2506
HOUSE PAINTING INTERIOR and EXTERIOR PAPER HANGING
Kalsomining, Graining and Glazing and Refinishing of Floors
Estimates Given

Fiske's
ICE CREAM—CANDY
LUNCHEONS—DINNERS
Harvard Square, Cambridge
KIRkland 8681

Expert Marcel and Finger Waving
7 Hudson Street
Trowbridge 1603
The Wave Beauty Shoppe

CONCORD

FUEL and RANGE OIL
Promptly Delivered
Concord Oil Co.
INC.
Cor. Main St. and Concord Pike
Tel 800

DEDHAM

Fisher Dairy
Estab. 1861
Grade A Milk and Cream
TELEPHONE DEDHAM 1401

FALL RIVER

Harper Method
HarperCOLD Permanents
$25 to $50
Complete Harper Method Beauty Services
Margaret G. Lynch
Room 502, Fall River Trust Bldg.
Fall River, Mass. Phone Dial 9-6663

McWHIRR & CO.
Fall River's
Largest Dept. Store
ESTABLISHED 1877

FITCHBURG

CLOVER HILL FARMS, INC.
MILK
Regular—Grade A—Homogenized
Eggs—Cream
Cream Cheese
Cottage Cheese
Deliveries Every Other Day Tel. 638

F. H. Lane Company
OUTFITTERS
Men's and Boys' Fall and Winter Suits, Topcoats, Overcoats. You'll find them at maximum value, style and comfort.
530 MAIN STREET

JOHNSON-FULLER LUMBER COMPANIES
Retail Lumber and Building Materials
Also
Leominster, Mass.—Clinton, Mass.
KEENE N. H.

One of New England's Outstanding Quality Furniture, Rug and Drapery Stores
Kidder & Davis
692-700 MAIN STREET

Lesure the Florist
5 Putnam Street Tel. 848

Harper Method Shop
520 Main Street—Room 17
Our Harper Cold Permanent is proving satisfactory.
TELEPHONE 3430

Send It to the Laundry
Provide yourself with more leisure by sending your clothes to a reliable laundry advertised in The Christian Science Monitor

MASSACHUSETTS

FITCHBURG
(Continued)

For Information regarding local and national advertisers phone 1160. 9 a. m. to 12 m. daily, except Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

ATTENTION CHRISTMAS SHOPPERS!
We are prepared to take care of your holiday needs.
BAGS in Black, Brown, Green, Red and Tan priced at 3.55, 5.95, 7.15, 9.55 (including tax)
LOVELY SCARFS in Wool, Crepe and Sheer.
ROBES in Jersey, Rayon Crepe and Satin, Cotton, Wool, and Quilted. Sizes 12 to 46.
Splendid line of COSTUME JEWELRY in Silver and Gold. 1.00 up plus tax
Inquire about the BELCANO TOILET CREAMS
AT
HELEN'S
381 MAIN STREET

The Ideal Gift Shop
for your
Christmas Shopping
Hager Pottery
California Vernoware
American Modern—Russell Wright
Service Electric Supply Co., Inc.
23 NEWTON PLACE

WEATHERSTRIP

Keep comfortable on less fuel this winter. Make your house heat-tight with weatherstripping at doors and windows. Place orders now before Fall housecleaning.
CENTRAL HARDWARE CO.
621 Main Street Tel. 3970

Gorham, Lunt, Reed & Barton, Smith, STERLING SILVER RICE & CO.
F. W. RICE
350 Main Street

GLOUCESTER

WILLIAM G. BROWN
The Department Store of the North Shore
GLOUCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS
1885 COMPANY 1944

GREENFIELD

RITA'S
Lunches, Ice Cream
Candies, Novelties
24 Federal Street, Greenfield, Mass.

HAVERHILL

For Information regarding local and national advertisers Telephone 962-R daily except Sunday
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Christmas Gifts
Adult Snap Shot Cases
Baby Snap Shot Cases
Billfolds - Leather
Brownie Christmas Cards
Powers Stationery
LITTLE'S 22 FLEET STREET

MITCHELL & COMPANY
DEPARTMENT STORE
FLAGS
$1.79 $5.98
DRAPERIES—DOWNSTAIRS STORE

Headquarters for
CHRISTMAS SLIPPERS
$1.50—$4.95
Daniel Green—A-Z
Shop Early
FURBER'S SHOE STORE
55 MERRIMACK STREET

HINGHAM

Toilet Articles
will be short this Christmas
We are now receiving our Christmas orders of
Toilet Waters and Perfumes
Better Buy Early
We Have All the Better Brands
DYKEMAN BROTHERS' DRUG STORES
MAIN STREET HINGHAM

HOLYOKE

Order Now!
Christmas Cards
HURRY! HURRY! HURRY!
Select your Christmas Cards . . . have your name imprinted on them! Send Christmas Greetings all over the world! Grand selections.
Notions Shop — Street Floor
Steiger's
HOLYOKE

You Can Always
Shop With Confidence
at
NAPOLEON BAIL'S
Shoe Store and Repair Factory
168 High Street Next to Transcript

E. H. Allyn & Co.
INSURANCE
of every description
CARL C. ARMSTRONG
Phoenix Building, 598 Dwight St.

WM. B. WHITING COAL CO.
"Make it a rule
To use Whiting's Fuel"
COAL—OIL—COKE

MASSACHUSETTS

LAWRENCE

CHERRY & WEBB'S
THE FASHION STORE IN LAWRENCE

"You'll Find It at Treat's"
Dial 5115 **TREAT**
HARDWARE CORPORATION
582 Essex Street 25 Broadway
Lawrence, Mass.
Builder's Hardware
Paints and Oils
Tools—Cutlery
Household Goods
Sporting Goods—Toys
Gifts—Silverware
Photo Supplies
Agricultural Implements
Dairy Supplies
"The House That Stands for Quality"

Sutherland's
LAWRENCE'S LARGEST DEPARTMENT STORE

LEXINGTON

PYREX GLASS BAKING WARE
Stock up now for Thanksgiving Needs
HERBERT M. LAWRENCE
1777 Mass. Ave. Phone Lex. 0300

Products Advertised in The Christian Science Monitor
Meats—Fruits—Vegetables
Fine Groceries
R. E. SCRIBNER, Inc.
1770 Mass. Avenue Tel. Lex. 0326

The Minute Shoppe
MRS. E. M. ROBINSON, Prop.
15 WALTHAM STREET
We have Hallmark greeting cards for Thanksgiving, Christmas and every-day occasions.

LOWELL

For Information regarding local and national advertisers phone Lowell 2-2240. Hours 8 a. m. to 12 daily.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Quality Furniture
A. E. O'Neil CO.
117-129 CENTRAL STREET
LOWELL, MASS.

Pollards
A. G. POLLARD COMPANY
invites you to listen to
POLLY PALMER
Pianist and Fashion Coordinator
WLAW
Mon. thru Friday
10 to 10:15 a. m.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES
Single and double houses preferred. Monthly or quarterly reduction plans available and borrowers can make their selection.
THE LOWELL FIVE CENT SAVINGS BANK

Morse & Beals
FLORISTS
66 Merrimack St. Ph. 8456

Traditional Quality in FURS at
Cherry and Webb's
LOWELL

LYNN

"54 Years of Satisfactory Service"
It Pays to Buy Quality
FURNITURE
•
HILL-WELCH CO.
WILLOW STREET

WOOL
DRESSES
FOR JUNIORS
Some are all wool, while others are combinations of wool, rayon and rabbit's hair Casha, a wool and rayon blend, wool gabardine. Sizes 9 to 15
$8.95 $13.75 $16.50
Goddard Bros
Market Street Telephone LY 2-3737
The Quality Store of Greater Lynn

New Fall Styles
in Men's Furnishings
Arrow, Manhattan, Whitney Shirts
also
Pajamas, Hosiery, Neckwear
Leather Coats
Lonvals
328 UNION STREET

MASSACHUSETTS

LYNN
(Continued)

For Fall Arrow Sport Shirts, Adam Hats, Duofold Underwear, Hickok Elastic Suspenders, Interwoven Hose, Saranac Gloves
M. A. Roberts, *Men's Wear*
128 Munroe St., Cor. Washington St.

MALDEN

For Information regarding local and national advertisers Telephone Malden 7798. Hours: 9 to 10 a. m. and 5 to 7 p. m. daily, except Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Christmas will be here before you know it!
SHOP EARLY
Be Wise!
Best Service—Best Buys!
F. N. JOSLIN CO.
Gift Headquarters in Malden Since 1891

Now is the time to buy
YOUR NEW
WINTER COAT
Gordon's
WOMAN'S SHOP
183 Pleasant Street Malden

Buy United States War Bonds and Stamps
★
MALDEN CO-OPERATIVE BANK
Incorporated 1887
20 Exchange Street Malden

ALL WOOL
OVERCOATS
Blues—Tans—Grays
$35
BAKER'S
The apparel shop that's "on the square"
440 MAIN STREET, MALDEN SQUARE

Russo's
RESTAURANT
for Appetizing Meals and Delicious Candy and Pastry
424 Main Street, Malden Tel. 5200
61 High Street, Medford Tel. Mystic 5252

MEDFORD

"Medford's Store for Men"
Nationally-Known Brands of Men's Wear
Arrow Shirts
Interwoven Socks
Jockey Underwear
Fashion Park Clothes
Nunn-Bush Shoes
Closed all day Wednesday during fuel crisis.
Open Friday and Saturday Evenings.
Thomas O'Brien & Son
"Medford's Store for Men"
MEDFORD SQUARE
SINCE 1886

MOBILGAS MOBILUBRICATION
DON'S SERVICE STATION
COMPLETE LINE OF
Firestone
PRODUCTS
Tire and battery Service
DON GUPTILL, Mgr. Tel. MYstic 1893
COR. RIVERSIDE AND RIVER ST.

MELROSE

For Information regarding local and national advertisers Tel. Melrose 3746-M. Hours 12-2 p. m Monday thru Friday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Christmas Greeting Cards
and Unusual Gifts
The Connoisseur Shop
37 ESSEX STREET

'blue coal'
HOUSEHOLD FUEL CORP.
Mystic 3100
Crystal 1680

Have Your Oil Heating Plant Serviced and Cleaned NOW.
GOSS FUELS, Inc.
SOLID AND LIQUID FUELS
158 Essex Street Melrose 0794

MELROSE MEAT SHOP
532-534 Main Street
Tel. MELrose 3300-1-2-3

Complete line of Wallpapers, Paints and Supplies
BEAN & COLE
Dependable Plumbing
29 ESSEX STREET MELrose 2366

F. A. PRATT CO.
(W. H. Fellows, Prop.)
Established 1890
Furniture and Piano Movers
Local and Long Distance
All Goods Insured in Transit
Res.: 39 Winthrop Street Tel. 2447
Office: 6 Eastman Place Tel. 1016

N. P. STERNFELT
Practical Shoemaker and Repairer
First Class Work Guaranteed
33 Essex Street

NEEDHAM

Enna Jettick
SHOES FOR WOMEN
$5 TO $6.50
STORER'S, Inc.

MASSACHUSETTS

NEW BEDFORD

LET
GUIF HILL DAIRY
SOUTH DARTMOUTH, MASS.
Furnish Your
Milk, Cream and Ice Cream
Service Room
Open Daily 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Sundays 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

JAMES E. LILLEY
Fine Meats and Groceries
271 Cedar Street
Corner of Parker

Cherry's
THE WOMAN'S STORE
NEW BEDFORD

NEWBURYPORT

D. CASHMAN
Hardware — Paint
Garden Supplies
Buy War Bonds
Your Business Is Appreciated
Telephone 332 30 State Street

Old Fashioned Candies
Nuts—Ice Cream
Hot and Cold Drinks
Fountain Service Luncheonette
BUY WAR BONDS
Chase's Candy Shop
33 State Street Tel. 424

NEWTON

Newton Corner Sunoco Station
SUNOCO
Expert Lubrication and Simonizing
Recapping—Vulcanizing—Washing
Call and Deliver
Wat. 9728
RALPH MORGAN, Prop.
Corner Galen and Williams Streets

MOORE & MOORE, Inc.
HARDWARE—KITCHENWARE
361 Centre Street BIGelow 8072
Prepare now for your winter needs. Weatherstripping, storm windows, oil burner supplies.
Complete Line of Canning Equipment.

Shoes for You and Your Children
W. L. McCAMMON
283 Washington Street

CALL
JOHNSON'S
for Linoleum
STA. 6560

NEWTON CENTER

ONLY
44 Days to Christmas
Make Your Selection Now from Our Complete Stock of Christmas Cards
Bond Convenience Shop
BRAY BLOCK

HEWINS SWEATERS
They take to careers as well as to the campus. Good company for tweeds.

NEWTON'S
In the Centre of Newton Centre
843 Beacon Street

NEWTONVILLE

Riviane Flowers
77 Walnut Street BIGelow 0600

NEWTON—West Newton

JACKETS
TEAMED
with
ODD SLACKS
Give high-schoolers color plus the comfort they rate "tops."

BARRON'S
WEST NEWTON SQ. LASell 2300

PITTSFIELD

Lab-Tested MILK
at no extra cost
Pittsfield Milk Exchange
120 Francis Ave. Tel. 2-1561

ANNA FERGUSON ELSIE TAIT
The Ernest Beauty Shoppe
HAIRDRESSING
Specializing in Ladies' Hairdressing
85 EAST STREET, BUTLER BLOCK
TEL. OFFICE 2-1151 RES. 2-0039

MASSACHUSETTS

PITTSFIELD
(Continued)

WALK-OVERS CERTAINLY HAVE THE CALL
for people have seen these smart models and want them at once. If you haven't been in, why not come in and see what we have for YOU—you will find ALL the newest styles and all sizes.
WALK-OVER
Miller Bldg. Dial 2-2134

SEARS ROEBUCK AND CO.
MONEY-SAVING VALUES
in All Departments
LET US HELP YOU SAVE YOUR
TIRES
Our Modern Wheel Balancing and Aligning Machinery is at your service.
SHAPIRO MOTORS
Mr. Harold Haywood, Mgr.
DIAL 8255 631 NORTH STREET

KULDA'S
ICE CREAM and SODAS
SANDWICHES—LUNCHES
Soda Fountain Delicacies
38 SOUTH STREET

Greeting Card Shop
Exclusive Christmas Cards and Gifts
Mrs. S. L. Ogden 12 South St.

QUINCY

For Information regarding local and national advertisers Tel. Granite 1475. Hours: 8:30 to 11:30 except Friday and Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

PHONE FOR BETTER LAUNDERING TODAY
PRESIDENT 5000
OLD COLONY LAUNDERERS CLEANSERS
100 QUINCY AVENUE 39 TEMPLE STREET

QUINCY FUR SHOP
1249 Hancock Street GRA. 8569
South Shore's Oldest and Foremost Furriers
Estab. 1931 HARVEY DENNIS, Prop.

Richard D. Chase & Co.
Established 1887
GENERAL INSURANCE SERVICE
Savings Bank Building GRA 2100

RALPH COAL COMPANY
'blue coal'
New England Coke
Fuel Oils
33 WESTON AVE., WOLLASTON, MASS.
PRESident 0837

Dorothy Benham
Millinery
WALTHAM, 443 MOODY ST.
ARLINGTON, 663 MASS. AVE.
MALDEN, 147 PLEASANT ST.
QUINCY, 1233 HANCOCK ST.

TEXACO
Batteries recharged. Brakes lined. Cars greased — oil changed. Free vacuuming of cars with grease and wash job.
Don Shea's Service Station
664 Wash St., near Fore River Bridge

NOW—6 Convenient Offices
Quincy, Wollaston, North Quincy, Weymouth, East Weymouth, South Weymouth
GRANITE TRUST COMPANY
Member F. D. I. C.
Member Federal Reserve System

READING

Oil Burning Equipment and Heating Oils
See Us on Our Budget Plan
EARLE H. CHAPIN
134 High St., Reading Reading 0599

TORRE'S
Chocolate Ice Cream
Our Own Make
Reading Square, Reading

M. F. CHARLES & SONS
JEWELERS
Hamilton and Elgin Watches
Expert Watch and Jewelry Repairing
610 MAIN STREET TEL. REA. 1566

SOMERVILLE

BELDEN & SNOW
The Men's Wear Stores
Davis Sq. — Union Sq.
and
439 Mass. Ave., Arlington

FIELD'S
Stationery and Office Supplies
Greeting Cards and Gifts for all occasions. Hear our latest records!
414 Highland Ave., Davis Sq.

Don't let your figure down. Have foundation garments that do a fine job for you and have them fitted by our specialists who know corsetry.
SHERMAN'S
CORSET SHOP
25 Years in Davis Square

MASSACHUSETTS

SOMERVILLE
(Continued)

Star Market Co.
APPETITES
are tempted when foods of fine quality, fresh, varied, go to your table. Four Star Markets, each in a convenient neighborhood, are ready with wide selections.
★
24 Mt. Auburn St., Watertown Big. 8400
304 Walnut St., Newtonville Big. 8400
533 Washington St., Wellesley Wel. 2820
401 Highland Ave., Davis Square, Somerville

J. A. Marsh Coal Co.
Coal
Fuel Oil—N. E. Coke
38-40 PARK STREET SOM. 0319

SPRINGFIELD

For Information regarding local and national advertisers phone 3-1817, 1 p. m.-8 p. m. daily except Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Call me for personal insurance service
CHARLES W. GOWEN
Ludlow, Mass.
Office Dial 8611
Residence Dial 4-7204

Christmas Cards
GIFTS
WELLS & WELLS
270 WORTHINGTON ST.

LAUER'S Quality Market
BIRDS EYE
FROSTED FOODS
Groceries, Meats, Fruits and Vegetables
314-316 Bay Street Tel. 6-2744

Croft Flowers
BONDED MEMBER OF F. T. D.
393 Dwight Street

Cecil G. Mosher, Jeweler
COMPLETE LINE OF JEWELRY
ENGRAVING
WATCH REPAIRING
1634 MAIN ST. One Flight Up

GREETING CARDS
A wide variety for every occasion
Daphne Shop
1490 Main St.
Besse Systems Building

DYGERT PRINTING CO.
Commercial Printing
Dial 3-4258
151 Dwight St. Springfield, Mass.

WALTHAM

Waltham Coal Co.
Main and Lexington Streets
Clean Coal Careful Teamsters
Prompt Delivery

Anderson Florists
T. F. O'BRIEN, Prop.
"Flowers of Distinction"
196 Moody St. Tel. Waltham 1843

For men who are "sticklers for quality"
STETSON HATS
7.50 8.50 $10
A good place to buy good clothes
429 MOODY STREET WAL. 1884
GEO. I. KELLY

WELLESLEY

If it is an
Unusual Gift
you want
THE MAHOGANY SHOP
will have it.
64 Central Street, Wellesley

Mahogany Salad and Fruit Bowls, etc. "Goldscheider" and "English Beswick"
Specials: Beverage Accessories
Clear crystal handcut designs

We Supply Car Wants
Batteries—Tires—Storage
Mobiloil—Lubrication
Bumper-to-Bumper Service
ROBERT G. SMITH GARAGE
Washington at Kingsbury St. Wel. 1276

For the Right Angle on Your Clothes Come to
TRIANGLE DRESS SHOP
22 Church Street, Wellesley

WELLESLEY HILLS

THE BOOK STALL
Wellesley Hills Square, Massachusetts
BOOKS
GREETING CARDS—GIFTS
All the latest Fiction and Non-Fiction in our lending library.

R. V. Yeomans
HARDWARE
WELLESLEY HILLS SQUARE
TEL. WELLESLEY 2566
CARMOTE PAINT BRECK'S SEEDS
LOCKSMITH HOUSE WARES

MASSACHUSETTS

WELLESLEY HILLS
(Continued)

WARD'S
DRY GOODS — TOYS
GIFTS
Wellesley Hills Square

Bendsler's
Try Our
LUNCHEON
Specials
Ice Cream and Candies
Community Theater Building

WEYMOUTH

South Shore Cleansers
814 Broad Street, East Weymouth
Tel. WEY. 2424
RELIABLE SERVICE
PROMPT DELIVERY

WINCHESTER

MYSTIC BEAUTY SHOP
All Lines of Beauty Culture
Tel. Win. 2211 540 Main St.

Fells Plumbing, Heating and Builders' Supplies, Inc.
Hardware Paints
Kitchenware
JAMES C. CHISHOLM
651 MAIN ST. TEL. WINCHESTER 0003

PARKER & LANE CO.
Fuel Oil—Range Oil
Coal—Wood
New England Coke
5 Church Street Tel. Win. 162

WINTHROP

PIONEER FOOD STORES
J. F. Forbes G. H. Lamont
Fine poultry, vegetables and fruit for the Thanksgiving season.
Call Ocean 1300

Westcott's Market
H. V. Henry Nielsen
Manager Meat Dept.
Native Poultry for the Holiday
Ocean 2121

WORCESTER

Visit Worcester's Latest ultra modern Hairdressing studio
HENRI
Central Bldg., Room 207 Dial 4-7531

FUEL OIL—**"BLUE COAL"**—COKE
BUY WAR BONDS
F. E. POWERS CO.
270 Main Street Dial 3-7281

European Classified

BUSINESS SERVICE

WHY not send me those jobs of typing and/or figures that you haven't time to do? I'll see them through to the end for you. Phone Riverside 3962, Box W-1878, BCM/CSM, London, W. C. 1.

PAYING GUESTS RECEIVED

WORTHING — A few paying guests received in private home, near residential part; moderate terms. 10 Cowper Road.

TEACHERS POST VACANT

WANTED — Resident assistant mistress to teach mathematics and/or Latin to school certificate standard; Burnham scale; government pension scheme. Apply Headmistress, Claremont School (of Esher), Llandrindod, Wells.

TUTORS

COACHING, Examinations, Modern Languages and Latin a specialty. R. O. GERCKE, F. I. L., 53 Woodcote Ave., Stoneleigh, Ewell, Surrey. (Ewell 3769).

ENGLAND

BOURNEMOUTH

Let us make you an offer that will encourage the disposal of any surplus old Gold, Silver or Electro Plate.
MEADERS LTD
OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELLERS
642-5-7 CHRISTCHURCH ROAD, Boscombe
Also at 13, Southbourne Grove

Speedy Kleen
Original and Best Ultra Rapid Cleaners
SPEEDY KLEEN (1935) LTD.
177-179 OLD CHRISTCHURCH ROAD
TEL. BOURNEMOUTH 2651-2

BANNINGS LTD.
COAL—ANTHRACITE
GARDEN SEEDS
FERTILIZERS
81, Seabourne Road
46, Southbourne Grove
Telephone Southbourne 2306

P. W. SENIOR
IRONMONGER
Garden Requisites and Fertilizers a Speciality
181, Seabourne Rd., West Southbourne
Tel. Southbourne 513

You can rely upon
GRACE BROS.
for all your
RADIO and ELECTRICAL
requirements
6, Post Office Buildings, Winton, Bournemouth
Tel. Winton 1881

AISH & CO., Ltd.
Yelverton Road, Bournemouth
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS
for Lighting, Heating and Power
Advice and Estimates Free
Winton 2870

W. H. Smith & Son Ltd.
Newsagents, Booksellers, Stationers, Librarians Fancy Goods Dealers
Agents for the famous Poole Pottery
Old English Luncheon and Tea Rooms
THE SQUARE BOURNEMOUTH
and 58 WESTOVER ROAD
Phone Bournemouth 3888—3889

BRIGHTON and HOVE

CORSETS, BELTS and BRASSIERES
of All Kinds
ELASTIC and SPORTS WEAR
Experienced and Reliable Service
Fitting Room ALL PRICES MODERATE
MRS. M. RUDLEDGE
12 Western Road, Brighton

HETHERINGTONS
General Drapers & Millinery Specialists
WESTERN RD. BRIGHTON

ANTICYCLONE?

Well—as often as not. Better have that old Umbrella made like new right away. New ones are scarce.
KENDALL UMBRELLAS
Repairs · Re-covers
16, Western Road, Brighton
5, The Arcade, Worthing

BRISTOL

Brooks of Bristol
DYERS
and
DRY CLEANERS

BRUNNER'S CAFÉ
Union Street, Bristol Phone 24453
Morning Refreshments
Light Vegetarian
Luncheons, Teas

A. E. FINCH
Electrical and Mechanical Engineer
Colston Yard, Colston Street
Bristol 1
Repairs to Electrical Apparatus and Machinery

BROMLEY

DUNN'S IN THE **MARKET SQ.**
BROMLEY, KENT (RAV. 0042)
FURNISHERS
REMOVALS and STORAGE
REPAIRS
LOOSE COVERS—CURTAINS
Market Square and Widmore Road

For Diamond and Gem Jewellery
P. H. EDE
Distinctive Jewellers
We specialize in repairs
116 HIGH STREET, BROMLEY
Phone Ravensbourne 2768

Safe and Easy Removals
RAV. 2601
Highly skilled packing ensures safe transit. Estimates free. Moderate charges.
PYRKE'S 123 High Street Bromley, Kent
Furnishers of Quality

CHELTENHAM

BRUNNER'S CAFÉ
Luncheons
Teas
23 and 25, Clarence Street

Cavendish House
CHELTENHAM
for
Fashions and Furniture

Crossword Quiz Answers

A	V	I	A	T	O	R
L	I	D	▨	I	D	A
B	O	O	T	L	E	G
▨	L	▨	W	▨	R	▨
O	▨	D	O	G	▨	J
S	E	A	▨	U	S	E
C	▨	N	A	P	▨	T
A	R	C	▨	P	E	T
R	▨	E	L	Y	▨	Y
▨	D	▨	E	▨	K	▨
M	O	R	A	L	E	S
I	V	Y	▨	E	R	A
D	E	E	P	I	N	G

ENGLAND

CROYDON PURLEY and District

Smith & Wilson
15 George St. Tel. Croydon 0228
Men's Outfitters and Hatters
Jaeger, Burberry and Chilprufe Agents

TRUSTEE SAVINGS BANK
1, Wellesley Rd., Croydon
(George St. end)
Under Government Control
Interest 2½%

DUDLEY
MILKMAID MILK BARS
CONSUMABLE FOOD SPECIALISTS
DUDLEY

EASTBOURNE
W. BACKSHALL Ltd.
Grove Road Eastbourne
and Little Common, Bexhill
Sanitary and Hot Water Engineers
Plumbers to the Permutit Water Softener Co., by Appointment
TEL. 1185 EASTBOURNE

HEREFORD
MILKMAID MILK BARS
CONSUMABLE FOOD SPECIALISTS
HEREFORD

IPSWICH
Jewels
CROYDON & SONS,
10-12 TAVERN ST., IPSWICH.

FASHIONS MENSWEAR
Corder & Son Ltd.
LINENS FURNITURE
FREDERIC CORDER & SON LTD. IPSWICH

KINGSTON and SURBITON
HIDE & Co. LTD.
THE MARKET PLACE
Renowned for Quality and Service since Reign of George II for everything in
FASHIONS AND FURNISHINGS
Tel. Kingston 3181 (5 lines)
LTD.

Bentalls
KINGSTON ON THAMES
ENGLAND'S WONDER STORE
● 150 Departments
● A Non-combine Store.
● A Magnificent Escalator Hall
KINgston 1001

PERSONAL ATTENTION
HIGH CLASS WORK
Mrs. MIDDLETON'S LAUNDRY
ELMBRIDGE 1181 SURBITON
HOOK RD.
EXCELLENT SERVICE FOR
DRY CLEANING

LEICESTER
TODAY'S WEATHER
However good, there's always 'tomorrow'. Have that old Umbrella reconditioned and be ready for rain
KENDALL UMBRELLAS
Repairs · Re-covers
26, Granby Street, Leicester
19, St. James's Street, Derby

MALVERN
Commercial Stationery, Printing
Typewriters Hire and Repairs
Fountain Pen Repairs
FERRIS LTD.
Malvern Tel. 343

OXFORD
Elliston & Cavell Ltd
OXFORD
Oxford's Modern Store

PAIGNTON
EVANS & SONS
Bakers and Confectioners
TORBAY ROAD PHONE 5048
One of the Nicest Cafes in the District

SELL and INVEST
We are cash buyers of old Gold, Jewellery, Watches and fine Diamond Jewellery
Send Rect. post. offers by return
MORTIMER RICKS
Jeweller
Estab. 1911 Paignton

PLYMOUTH
JOHN YEO
& Company, Ltd. Phone 3243
PLYMOUTH
for
VALUE in FASHIONS FABRICS and FURNISHINGS

ENGLAND

PLYMOUTH
(Continued)

Come to
Pophams
THE WEST COUNTRY SHOPPING RENDEZVOUS
When you want anything to wear that is new and fashionable, or anything for your home that is reliable and artistic
POPHAMS—PLYMOUTH

POOLE and District
Walters & Co.
(PARKSTONE) LTD
New and Used Cars
Repairs—Tuition
Parkstone Hall Garage Tel. 705-6

PORTSMOUTH and SOUTHSEA
HANDLEYS
Palmerston and Osborne Rd.
SOUTHSEA
Fashions • Furnishings
MAN'S SHOP
Ladies' and Men's Hairdressing
HANDLEYS LTD TELEPHONE 2241

RICHMOND and District
Wright Bros Ltd
RICHMOND. SURREY
The Leading Drapers and House Furnishers in the District
Early Closing Day—Wednesday

Williamsons Ltd.
28 George St. Tel. Richmond 3384/5
GROCERIES and PROVISIONS
Branches at
TWICKENHAM
TEDDINGTON

SALISBURY
Wilsons Ltd
LADIES' FASHIONS
1, CATHERINE STREET, SALISBURY
Also at:—
62-66, Old Christchurch Road, Bournemouth.
626, 628, Christchurch Road, Boscombe.
4, Cathedral Close, Exeter.
38/42-44, South Street, Worthing.
We take pleasure in sending our greetings, and good wishes for 1945, to all readers of The Christian Science Monitor.

SEVENOAKS
J. H. LORIMER
STATIONER
BOOKSELLER and
FANCY GOODS DEALER
Depot for All Fountain Pens
HIGH ST.
SEVENOAKS 840
Use Stephens' Ink and Gripfix Cuffs
URIDGE'S STORES
SEVENOAKS
QUALITY VALUE SERVICE

SOUTHAMPTON
DEPRESSION OVER ICELAND
Quite likely. Anyway, let us make your old Umbrella as good as new. Bring it NOW—'weather' or no.
KENDALL UMBRELLAS
Repairs · Re-covers
Forum Bldgs., Above Bar, Southampton
20, Old Christchurch Rd., and
166, Old Christchurch Rd., Bournemouth

SUTTON—Surrey
Outfitters and Tailors
DUGANS
invite you to visit their
LADIES' FASHION SALON
for
Clothing of Distinction
We specialize in ladies' tailoring.
24, High Street, Sutton

TONBRIDGE
FASHIONS, FABRICS, FURNISHINGS
"The Attractive Place to Shop"
Frank East
THE CENTRE OF FASHION
3, 5 and 7 High St. TONBRIDGE Phone 93

TORQUAY
Edward Henry Sermon
High-Class Gem Work
JEWELLER and SILVERSMITH
Emblem Jewellery
10 VICTORIA PARADE 10

TRACES' LIMITED
DAIRY PRODUCE
124, Reddenhill Road Babbacombe
7, Fore Street St. Mary Church
Phone 87130
Also
Fruit, Vegetables and Poultry
122, Reddenhill Road, Babbacombe
Phone 87130

J. F. ROCKHEY, LTD.
Torquay and Newton Abbot
FASHION SPECIALISTS AND GENERAL DRAPERS
Pay a visit to our Café Restaurant, Torquay
Tel. 3286

TODAY and EVERY DAY your country looks to you to back the "Invasion" by purchasing more than ever before a larger number of War Bonds.

ENGLAND

TORQUAY
(Continued)

FURTHER OUTLOOK UNSETTLED
Is your Umbrella in good shape? If not, bring it to us and it soon will be. Have it done NOW
KENDALL UMBRELLAS
Repairs · Re-covers
10, Fleet Street, Torquay

TUNBRIDGE WELLS
RAWSONS
J. RAWSON & SONS LTD. Automobile Engineers
AUTHORISED SALES & SERVICE
AUSTIN • MORRIS
RILEY • VAUXHALL
Temporary Premises
11 LONDON ROAD
TUNBRIDGE WELLS
Phone 3494-5-6

WALTER C. RAISWELL
KENT COUNTY STORES
Provisions, Household Requisites, Fruit, Flowers, Vegetables, and also Crosse & Blackwell's Products
21 and 22 Mount Pleasant, Tunbridge Wells—Phone 662

Fashion Drapers
House Linens and Dress Fabrics
Phone 2525 Waymarks Ltd Phone 2525
The Fiveways, Tunbridge Wells

MAISON ARTHUR
Permanent Waving
Eugene or MacDonald by Experts Only
30 High Street Phone 352

WESTON-SUPER-MARE
Landscape Gardening
WILLIAM BROOKS Ltd.
F. R. H. S.
Roses, Fruit Trees, Shrubs
Whitecross Nurseries
Phone 172
Pot Plants for Colourful Gifts

FRANK HODGSON
68-70, Moorland Road
Weston-super-Mare
Specialist in
LADIES' and MEN'S WEAR
RELIABLE HOUSEHOLD GOODS

KATHLEEN BRADLEY
Ladies' Hairdresser
Registered Eugene Waver
16, Orchard Place
Phone 2239

H. C. WEBBER, F. A. I.
Estate Agent
Auctioneer Valuer
61-63, Oxford Street, Weston-super-Mare
Phone 151

PHONE 540
Thomas Hansford
The Centre
WESTON-SUPER-MARE
HOSIER — HATTER — TAILOR
On the War Office list of approved Tailors
Complete Outfits for ALL Services

A. C. TAYLOR
Builder and Decorator
General Repairs to House Property
"Westward" Nr. Hutton Bleadon 281
Weston-super-Mare

BUY YOUR GIFTS at
Walker & Ling
Good value for coupons.
High Street, Weston-super-Mare and at Bath
Phone 137
RADIO PIANOS
Gramophones
"MILLIERS"
(R. W. HAY SMITH)
Late 8 Waterloo Street
New Address 7, Magdala Buildings
Opposite the Odeon, Weston-super-Mare
Phone 475 Cash or Easy Terms

WORCESTER
MILKMAID MILK BARS
CONSUMABLE FOOD SPECIALISTS
WORCESTER

WORTHING
JOHN K. HUBBARD LTD.
Everything for Feminine Attire
Worthing Telephone 1320

Phone 263 Phone 263
LAMBERT'S
COSTUMIERS, FURRIERS
LADIES' KNITWEAR
HOSIERY AND MILLINERY
23 to 27 The Broadway, Worthing
100 Fur Coats, Capes and Coatees in stock
Estimates for Remodels and Coats made to order.
Furs received for cold storage

CHAS. BEAUMONT
Coal and Coke Merchant and Boiler Fuel Expert
Offices, 49 High Street 27 Rowlands Road WORTHING
Phone Worthing 3800-3801

ALDRIDGE BROS.
Art Dealers
GILDERS, FRAME MAKERS and ARTISTS' DEPOTS
35, Warwick Street, 4, The Arcade, and 146, Montague Street, Worthing
PHONE 96

Wit and Wisdom, Art and Comics

Daily Features Page

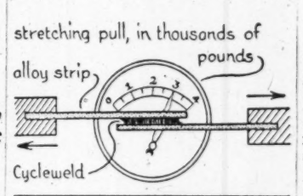
Anecdotes, Sunny Hours, Camera Club

Did You Ever Wonder

How Cycleweld or 'Gunk' Saves Manpower, Money and Materials in War Plants?

Cycleweld, or "gunk," as its discoverer Mr. S. Gordon Saunders of the Chrysler Corporation production research laboratory calls it, is a glue. It is, however, no ordinary glue. Although only formulated a bare five years ago, it already has taken on big jobs in half a hundred war production companies.

In aircraft fabrication, gunk has cut down the number of rivets needed by the thousands. For instance, concerning an aircraft stabilizer Mr. Saunders said: "Only a few months ago 5,500 were used in assembling it. Now we use only 30 and do the rest of the joining by Cyclewelding. The wing is just as strong as the old one, or stronger. This process costs only one-tenth as much as riveting."



STRIPS OF ALUMINUM ALLOY, BONDED TOGETHER WITH CYCLEWELD, HELD AGAINST A 3,000-POUND PULL

Gunk is used in making automobiles, and finds a place in the manufacture of electrical instruments and small mechanical devices in wide variety. Chemically speaking (though, of course, its exact composition is a secret) Cycleweld is a synthetic resin allied to the plastic compounds from which telephone receivers and bomber noses are formed.

The idea for creating Cycleweld is said to have stemmed from the question, "What makes paint stick to metal?" In considering this problem, Saunders got to thinking what a lot of power would be required to pull off even a small patch of paint from, say, an automobile body. He then set forth the discovery of just why the paint adheres so tenaciously and then applying that data to the development of a radically new glue.

As now formulated, Cycleweld is equal not only to the difficult task of making wood cling stubbornly to metal, or metal to metal, or metal to such dissimilar substances as plastics, glass, fiber board, natural rubber, etc., but also to the more difficult task of binding any of these materials together permanently in any imaginable combination.

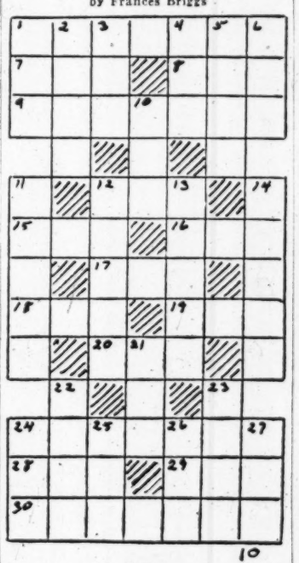
W. P. Keasbey

A Verse for Today . . .

And many nations shall come, and say, Come, and let us go up to the mountain of the LORD *. . ; and he will teach us of his ways, and we will walk in his paths.*—MICAH 4:2

Crossword Quiz

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor by Frances Briggs



Across
1—Would a painter, aviator, or swimmer be most likely to execute a half roll?
7—Cover.
8—What mountain was scene of the judgment of Paris?
9—Upper of a boot is what?
12—In certain fable, what creature grasped at shadow and lost the substance?
15—Thomas Buchanan Read wrote of the "foamy lips" of what?
16—To employ.
17—Short sleep.
18—What is any part of a curve?
19—Would you pet, row, or don a hackee?
20—What city of Nevada has huge copper mines?
24—Basso might have what role in "Carmen"?
28—What is a creeping evergreen plant?
29—Epoch.
30—Who wrote "Sorrell and Son"?

Down
1—What is a white linen vestment worn by priests?
2—What musical instrument was immediate precursor of the violin?
3—Artificial language.
4—Sesame.
5—What is one of principal rivers of Germany?
6—Tatter.
10—How many acts in Maxwell Anderson's "Eve of St. Mark"?
11—What is first name of one who wrote lyrics for "Oklahoma"?
12—Would you dance, spend, or plant a pavan?
13—What fish is also known as the rainbow fish?
14—What is a landing wharf or pier?
21—Meadow.
22—What bird symbolizes gentleness?
23—Who wrote the musical score for "Roberta"?
24—Middle.
25—"Coming through the ——."
26—Hawaiian garland.
27—What is a part or place that is sunken, as in a roadbed?

(Answer Block Appears Among the Advertisements)

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

'Ourmissus' Day

Burbank, Calif.

It was a damp, gray day that eleventh day of November. The children and their mother ate their lunch in a heavy silence. The children felt subdued by the very evident depressed thought of the mother, preoccupied with lonesomeness for a dear one far away in the service of his country, with bitter thoughts in general about wars, and the irony of this particular date in the midst of another world conflict.

Suddenly, the silence was broken by the clear, little voice of Robin, the First Grader, "Did you have to stand up and face the East this morning at eleven o'clock in your room, Steve?" "Yes, we did," the Third Grader replied. The mother jolted out of her preoccupation, glad to have something to talk about, and curious to learn what the teachers had told them, asked, "Why did you do that?" "Because it is Ourmister Day," Robin replied, "Not Ourmister, Armistice," the mother corrected. There followed a lively discussion of what the day means. The children as always had much to contribute, and the meal ended in a much happier atmosphere.

Little Robin persisted in calling it "Ourmister Day," and each time was gently corrected.

As the children were struggling with their galoshes preparatory to returning to school, Robin again spoke of "Ourmister Day." Steve in his best Big Brother tone of voice, long sufferingly patient, said, "Not Ourmister, Robin, Ourmissus"! The children were startled for a moment at the gay laugh of their mother, then all three joined in happy merriment. As she watched them trudging on their way, peace again reigned in her heart, the storm of cynicism had subsided.

"Ourmissus" had achieved her own little Armistice.—R. W. B.

In Lighter Vein

Luxurious Rut

The businessman looked blue. He walked round the office with an extremely worried face.

"What's wrong with you?" asked his associate. "Family trouble?"

The other paced the luxurious room.

"No," he replied, "it isn't that. It's something else—and I just can't explain it."

"Stop talking nonsense, man," he advised. "Why, you're sitting on top of the world. For the past 15 years without fail you've been drawing 25,000 a year, and ——"

"Now you've hit it," interrupted the other. "That's just what's worrying me. A 25,000 a year income for the past 15 years." He rubbed his weary forehead. "Don't you see how terrible it is?" he went on excitedly. "I'm in a rut!"—Exchange.

Decline of Journalism

Wanted—A young man, not too intelligent, to learn the printing business.

We didn't get any response to our query for an intelligent young man, so we'll be satisfied with one not too intelligent.

Anyone interested is requested to call at the News office.—New Richmond (Wis.) News.

Drawn for The Christian Science Monitor by Henry Boltinoff

"It fits perfectly. Will you wear it home or shall I wrap it up?"

Brevities

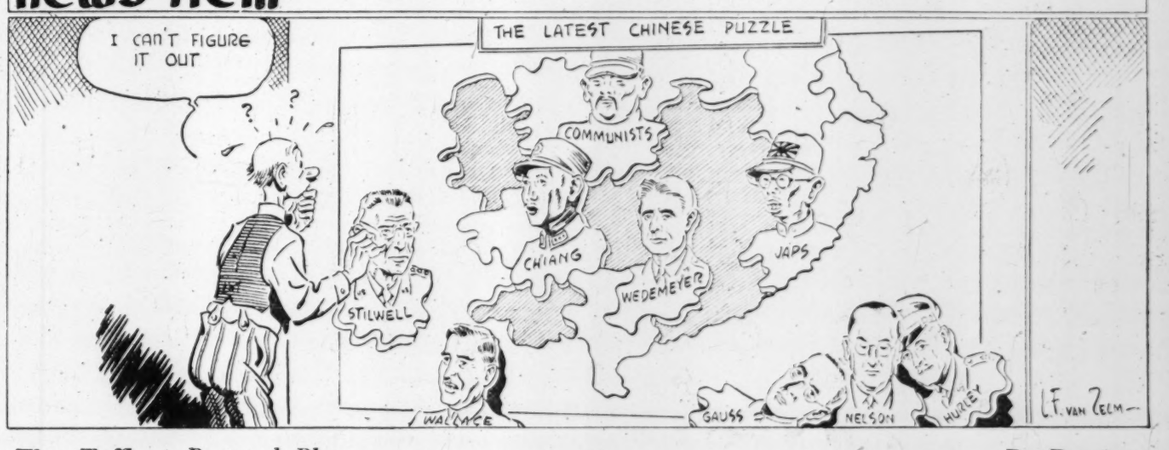
A Buffalo dentist entertains his patients with movies instead of old magazines. Mack Sennett comedies, no doubt.

Now we are told that American women use enough lipstick every year to paint 40,000 barns. Maybe so, but we think it's the hard way to paint a barn.

Today's Quotation

When you are an anvil, hold you still; when you are a hammer, strike your fill.—GEORGE HERBERT

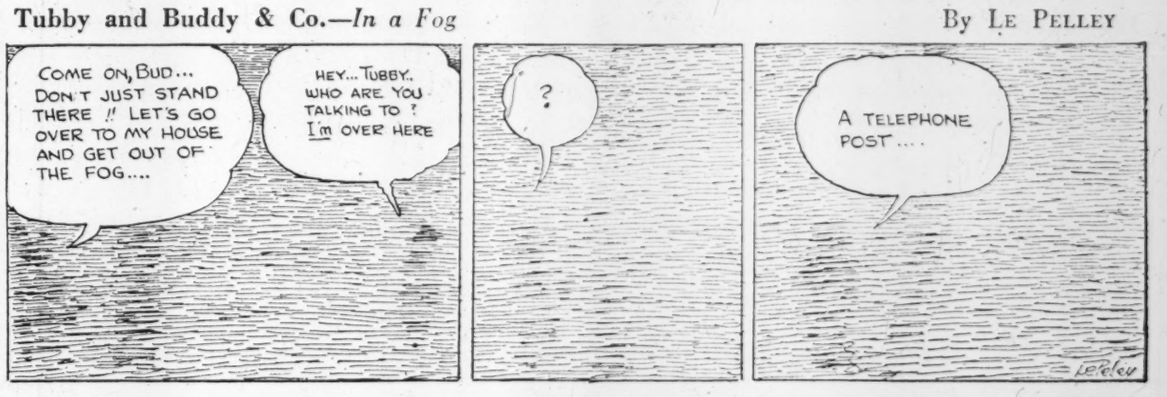
NEWS ITEM— A TOUGH PUZZLE FOR MR. AVERAGE Q. CITIZEN TO SOLVE.



The Taffles—*Pots and Plans* By PALMER

I WAS TALKING TO MR BALRUMPLE ABOUT SUDS TODAY. HE HAD A SIMILAR EXPERIENCE WITH HIS DOG. HE SAID WE SHOULD ——
KEEP IN HIDING, AND WHEN SUDS LIES DOWN IN THE DOORWAY AND IS FAST ASLEEP, BANG THOSE POTS TOGETHER FOR ALL YOU'RE WORTH, AND I'LL HIT THIS BOILER —— SUDS SHOULD TAKE THE HINT!
POP. THIS IS FUN!
Tom Palmer

Tubby and Buddy & Co.—*In a Fog* By LE PELLEY


COME ON, BUD... DON'T JUST STAND THERE!! LET'S GO OVER TO MY HOUSE AND GET OUT OF THE FOG....
HEY... TUBBY. WHO ARE YOU TALKING TO? I'm OVER HERE
?
A TELEPHONE POST....

The Diary of Snubs, Our Dog—*Sponge Leads the Pack* By RODGERS

· EDITOR'S NOTE · Sponge, listening in on a secret conference between Jerry and his friends, realizes she's been unfair to Snubs.
I might have known Snubs wouldn't knowingly promise to help a bunch of cat chasers!
That's Snubs' friend!
Don't let her get away!
She's been spying
Catch her or she'll spoil everything!
SWISH!
Rod Rodgers

The Adventures of Waddles—*Shear Nonsense* By THE HAGERS

HOLD EVERYTHING! OUR SLIP COVER IS TOO SHORT.
I HAVE AN OLD SHOWER CURTAIN WE MIGHT CUT UP AND ADD TO YOUR MATERIAL. IT WON'T SHOW.
BETTER STILL— LET'S CUT OFF THE TOP OF THE CHAIR.
WHERE ARE THE SCISSORS, JOE?
YOU HAD 'EM LAST, BRIGHT BOY.
THERE THEY ARE, UNDER THE SEAT SLIP COVER! AT LEAST YOU'LL ALWAYS KNOW WHERE THEY ARE.
YES, I'LL HAVE A SHARP REMINDER.
THE HAGERS

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1944 — *"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"* — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Editorials

Isolationists Decimated

Every additional tally of the election returns adds to the impression that this year the American people administered a stinging rebuke to isolationism. The spanking process is more clearly visible in the Congressional contests than in the Presidential race, where Mr. Dewey took a position parallel to Mr. Roosevelt's. And the full force of the punishment can be seen only if the primaries are included.

Public attention centered particularly on the Senate. Sometimes its purpose was blurred by post-Pearl Harbor recantations of isolationists, or by reinterpretation of the record. Sometimes it was turned aside by local issues or personal popularity. The next Senate will include roughly 15 to 25 "isolationists"—depending not only on one's definition of isolationism but on two or three contests which may be decided only by the soldier vote. Senator McCarran of Nevada and Senator Davis of Pennsylvania are counted in this group. Senator Taft has been re-elected but only by a thought-provoking narrow squeak.

The vote on Lend-Lease is usually regarded as the surest test of isolationism. Thirty-one Senators voted No on the proposal to furnish war supplies to nations whose defense was considered essential to the defense of America. American voters had a chance in this election at only 14 of these. They let only five escape. Others who did not oppose Lend-Lease but had shown a remarkable unawareness of the kind of world America lives in today and might have obstructed effective peace measures, have been retired.

Adding those who were rejected in the primaries or did not try for re-election to those defeated on November 7, the following Senators have been removed: Nye of North Dakota; Danaher of Connecticut, Holman of Oregon, Clark of Idaho, Clark of Missouri, Reynolds of North Carolina, Gillette of Iowa and Smith of North Carolina. Bone of Washington and Lodge of Massachusetts resigned and their places will be filled by internationalists. Several other seats will be occupied by new men more active than their predecessors in support of international cooperation such as Fulbright of Arkansas and Smith of New Jersey.

The public's emphatic rejection of several of the more extreme isolationists in the House may not have such a direct bearing on the practical problem of getting a good peace settlement through the Senate, but the lesson will be read in both houses of Congress. Many aspects of the pattern of voting which gave Mr. Roosevelt a fourth term have also been noted by politicians as evidence of the people's desire for a real peace. The whole picture should encourage co-operation with any reasonable proposals put forward by the President. If he also shows a co-operative spirit, the prospects for winning the peace will be so bright that millions of Americans will have to rub their eyes.

When Voters Think

Perhaps the most encouraging aspect of the 1944 elections in the 48 United States was the indisputable evidence of selectivity exercised by the voters. In perhaps a score of States the electorate split its ticket; many a State fell into the Roosevelt column, yet elected a Republican Governor or Senator.

Here and there a State or a Congressional district abandoned its traditional party allegiance to administer a rebuke to a candidate with a bad record. Occasionally, as is inevitable in a democracy, especially where issues were confused, voters may have made mistakes in their ballot-scratching. But the very fact that the electorate in so many cases refused to vote a straight ticket is evidence that the men and women of America were thinking.

It took real merit to resist the Roosevelt hurricane in some States, as where Gov. Raymond E. Baldwin of Connecticut scored a victory and Gov. Leverett Saltonstall ran up a record majority in his race for United States Senator. This apparently the voters recognized and exercised their discretion accordingly. Massachusetts, indeed, elected four Republicans and three Democrats on their State ballot.

Political parties in a republic perform necessary functions. However, any system—such as removing the ability to vote a straight party ticket by making one mark on the ballot—which encourages the citizen to vote for the individual rather than for the party emblem, is helpful. Voters who think about issues rather than parties are likely to have the interests of good government at heart. That bodes good for America's future.

Esprit de Corps

Today, November 10, is the 169th birthday of the United States Marine Corps.

A generation ago, Colonel Henderson, the eminent British military writer, named the Marines as one of the three most efficient fighting organizations in the world, without regard to size. When they landed on Guadalcanal in 1942, a well-known war correspondent who had covered in person most of the major fronts since 1939, spoke of them as the finest group of fighting men of any nationality he had yet seen.

How did they get that way? Everything about them bespeaks a pride in themselves and the traditions of their Corps. They are self-confident to the point of cockiness; slicked, shined, and pressed to the borders of vanity; and they have a deep, serene conviction, not merely a belief, that one Marine is worth ten of any other kind of fighting man on earth.

There is an unmistakable feeling of fraternity among them. Says the buck private to the major as they exchange salutes on Quantico's Barnett Avenue, "Good morning, Major." Says the colonel to the sergeant as they wait for a train in Grand Central Station, "What outfit you with, son?" Says the boot-driver (drill sergeant) to his charges on Parris Island, "One thing youse guys don't never do in this lash-up is let another Marine down."

All of this started a long time ago when the Corps was small, and has been intensified and renewed during those many long periods when the Marines were so few that every officer knew every other officer, and a corporal rarely got his stripes until he had six years behind him. And it works now, even in a big Marine corps, as such grim victories as Guadalcanal, Tarawa, Saipan, Guam, and Peleliu testify.

Time and Mr. Churchill

For tens of thousands of people who had never heard of the Lord Mayor of London's annual luncheon that event has become a familiar part of an increasingly familiar world scene. And these tens of thousands, no less than Prime Minister Churchill who has enlivened the event several times now, are surprised at the frequency of its recurrence.

As Mr. Churchill remarked on Thursday, time seems an "inaccurate, even capricious measure" of the world's ordeal. After a period of seemingly endless toil or waiting, we awake to the fact that another year has rolled round in what in retrospect feels like a month, and Mr. Churchill is again addressing the world from the Lord Mayor's table.

This is not the inconsequential observation which it may at first seem to be. For it warns us that one day we shall awake to the fact that the ordeal of "blood, toil, tears and sweat" is ended, perhaps after a longer trial than we had anticipated, but nevertheless before we are quite prepared for the ending. For we are all a little like the philosopher who, living to be nearly a hundred years old, left instructions that his tombstone should be engraved with these words: "I expected this, but not soon." If we are not alert we shall suddenly find ourselves confronted with the prospect of a peace with which we shall not know what to do.

The most important thing in Mr. Churchill's speech therefore may well have been that short and informally phrased remark, "Now I don't mind saying that it is high time we had another triple conference. . . ." Two factors point to the early possibility of a Big Three meeting, as one senses from Mr. Churchill's address. One of these is the outcome of the Presidential election, which requires no political readjustments at the international level. And the other is the co-operative tone of Premier Stalin's speech a few days ago.

There was not in the Churchill address any stress on satisfaction over specific decisions reached at Moscow on problems in eastern Europe. But whatever these were, and whatever differences remain between Britain and Russia, Mr. Churchill is evidently in agreement with Mr. Stalin and they are secondary to the objective of establishing Big Three unity as a basis for organization of world security.

If Americans can keep a similar perspective on the various border and minority problems that arouse so much agitation among limited sections of American public opinion, the prospect for clearing up that ten per cent of disagreement left over from Dumbarton Oaks looks decidedly encouraging.

On Patrol

Exile's Return

By Arnold Vas Dias

General Manager of Aneta, the Netherlands News Agency

WITH THE BRITISH SECOND ARMY IN HOLLAND

Stronger than the emotion of entering a country liberated from oppression and seeing Holland's flag flying freely on free Dutch soil is the sensation as the atmosphere of Holland takes hold of one again.

For the exile coming back to the battered mother-country, this homecoming is much more than just coming home. The lines of suffering are deeply drawn in the country's face, but it is the same dear face with its character unchanged.

Some cities have been terribly hit and there are many gaps in the streets caused by bombs and shellfire. But the houses which still stand have that same look of friendliness and homeliness as before; there are modern houses which were built in the blooming period of Holland's architecture of prewar years, with their wide windows showing the intimately furnished living room with its table in the middle under a big lamp hanging from the ceiling, where the family gathers in the evening.

* * *

I have the good fortune of being billeted with such a family, and although only a small nine-watt bulb lights the table—for electricity is scarce and the utmost economy with lighting is necessary—there is no gloom in this room; although there is no heating on these chilly nights, there is warmth and friendship. So we talk of all the things which happened in these four long years, and it is a grim story of privations and sufferings. Yet they try to keep their perspective.

This is a well-to-do family, but their breakfast consists of dry bread and just that, for there is no butter or margarine, and in the mornings there is no current or gas or coal for heating the kettle to make a cup of imitation tea or coffee. The flour content of the bread is none too high.

Yet the population bears up wonderfully and their sense of relief, now that the oppressors have gone, dominates everything. They have little food, but they have freedom.

Everyone wants to work, wants to help rebuild, wants to do something useful for the community. Often there is not enough to do, for in many towns the factories cannot start working without electricity or when raw materials are lacking. But so many other things have to be done: the clearing up of debris, preparing the factories for future activity, repairing the roads, getting the administrative machinery working properly. And in all they do there is this re-tasting of liberty, the enjoyment of being able to do things in one's own way.

* * *

I am writing this in my room and the little servant girl in the house is busy going about her duties. She sings while she works, as so many servant girls do the world over. I hear her voice, half humming, and what she sings is the national anthem, the Wilhelmus. She sings it over and over, as if she could not get enough of it.

Everything in the house is spotlessly clean; no war, no lack of soap can change that inborn custom of the Dutch.

In the streets and on the highways the Dutch flag is flying, with orange pennants, for Orange, which tell of the attachment of the population to Queen and Nation. One hears the thunder of guns in the distance; and bombers fly over with an ominous roar, but in the villages the outer appearance of things is as peaceful as ever.

On Sunday one sees the country people walking along the roads or standing before their houses, quiet and dignified. There are still quite a number of bicycles about. Somehow people kept their old tires going by covering them with patches of old motorcar tubes. There may be fewer than before, but Holland is still a cycling country.

So, from all these little impressions one gets the over-all feeling that the Dutch character has remained unchanged and unbroken. Through the ages it has been deeply rooted in liberty, and now that liberty is back, the ingrained customs and the ways of freedom reassert themselves.

Our Readers Say—

Freedom of Information

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

I have just returned from a trip to the Midwest and for the first time had an opportunity to read your editorial, "Free Press by Resolution?" Because The Christian Science Monitor is one of the world's great newspapers, I am always deeply impressed by what I read in it.

This editorial makes me wonder if we have been specific enough in stating the essential objectives of what many are now discussing as a campaign for "freedom of the press," or "freedom of information."

Since I began to speak and write publicly on this matter, I have said that trying to achieve freedom of the press everywhere is like "reaching for the millennium." But a start must be made. I have said that equal access to news at the source, and equality of availability of transmission facilities at uniform rates, would prevent systematic distortion and suppression of international news, and that without systematic perverting of international news, it will be extremely difficult to make war.

Of course, honest international news cannot be achieved by resolution. But isn't this the time to get as wide indorsement of the principle as possible? I don't think we should confuse the issue by arguing whether a specific government is releasing enough information. As long as there is equal access to the news when it happens, or is disclosed, the news cannot be systematically distorted along nationalistic lines. Certainly the principles as now observed in this country and the British Commonwealth are almost Utopian, compared with what the rest of the world has known. If they can be enforced upon the defeated nations, as a part of the peace, tremendous progress will have been made.

KENT COOPER,
General Manager,
The Associated Press

New York

Dictators in Latin America

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

I am impressed by the earnestness and thoroughness with which The Christian Science Monitor and its reporters treat Latin-American subjects. You are handicapped, I fear, by the necessity of approaching political questions affecting the southern hemisphere from the North American viewpoint. The viewpoint in the case of The Christian Science Monitor is sympathetic and understanding, but lacking the qualification in reaching conclusions that can only be interjected by on-the-ground sensitivity to the local viewpoint.

Let us take the recent article asking if it is wise for Uncle Sam to lend-lease armaments that have the effect of keeping dictator governments in office. I would say yes, providing it is smart to lend-lease arms to any but a nation actually engaged in the war. The author is perfectly right in assuming that a revolutionary army equipped with machetes and rifles can hardly hope for success in attacking a government supplied with tanks, planes, and machine guns. But lend-lease or no lend-lease, the government can be expected to be better armed than the opposition. What is more, the pattern of revolution assumes a definite form not necessarily when an opposition movement collects rifles to arm soldiers, but when there is an even chance that the government's army, or a part of it, has become disloyal.

Now let us see what happens when a revolution is successful and a dictator is unseated. Here again Latin political understanding is useful. The man who succeeds the ousted dictator will be acclaimed at the outset as having freed the country from a ruthless political boss. Then he will be a benevolent ruler—but he will be a dictator. All parties will live in a relative state of harmony if he proves to be a benevolent dictator. If he turns out to be an absolute dictator, the time will come when opposition forces will muster enough strength to discard him.

C. LEIGH STEVENSON

Ancon, Canal Zone

This newspaper assumes no responsibilities for statements of opinions in letters from its readers.

There Are Explanations for Russia

An Intimate Message From Washington

By Joseph C. Harsch

The contradiction which Soviet Russia seems to represent in many Western eyes has seldom been so graphically expressed as during the past few days.

On the one hand Marshal Stalin made a speech which was a superb statement of the cause of international peace and security and the first completely unqualified tribute he has ever paid to the war effort of his allies. It was the speech of a world figure preaching to his own people precisely the course which his Allies would like to see Russia pursue.

Against this were a series of acts or gestures from Moscow which seemed to express an attitude towards the outside world which did not on the surface appear to be conciliatory or co-operative. They were:

1. Refusal to participate in the International Aviation Conference in Chicago on the grounds that Spain, Portugal, and Switzerland had been invited.

2. A Foreign Office reprimand to Switzerland for daring to suggest its readiness to open diplomatic relations with Russia.

3. A press reference to what is a fact—that American troops are in Iran without any treaty sanction from the Iranian Government as distinct from Russian and British troops who are there under treaties.

Is there a reconciliation between these apparently contradictory faces of Russian behavior?

In searching for an explanation, it must be noted to begin with that under examination none of these three instances of apparent belligerency are quite as alarming or puzzling as would appear on the surface.

On the Aviation Conference, Moscow pointed out in belated self-defense that the American Government had not invited Argentina to the conference, Argentina being the one important neutral country with which America is not in friendly relations. Why, Moscow asks, should America's dislikes be recognized on the invitation list and Russia's dislikes be ignored? It's a good point, but it is somewhat weakened by tardiness and the fact that if it had been made in advance, and privately, Washington would have been happy to adjust the list.

The Swiss incident has a plausible, harmless explanation as a Russian declaration of independence from its prewar role of outcast at the international table. For 25 years it was recognized, or not recognized, at the whims of others, large and small. It was expected to receive crumbs of recognition when others chose to donate, but not to ask or question. This is a very different world and Russia is a very different country today. It may well have seized on the Swiss suggestion of relations to assert its new prestige and to give notice that from now on it expects to be treated with the deference traditionally accorded to Great Powers, not as the international pariah of the world. Switzerland was an unfortunate choice, considering its sturdy record of resistance to Nazi Germany, but it remains highly questionable whether the incident has any deeper significance than this.

As for the Iran incident, it was scarcely suitable for Moscow to refer as it did to American troops whose only purpose in Iran was to move American supplies to Russia. In diplomatic circles, however, it is suggested that this was carelessness rather than malice. Moscow had made demands on the Iranian Government which had not been kindly received. The reference could have been a maladroit self-defense intended to excuse Russia's own appearance of interfering in Iranian affairs.

There is a further general explanation behind all this. The course which Marshal Stalin preached is in fact a revolutionary one for Russia. His subordinates have been trained for a generation to believe that all the outside world is unfriendly. Behavior does not change overnight, even in an authoritarian State. Underlings continue to behave according to the only pattern of conduct they know.

In other words, it is suggested, these puzzling incidents could represent ingrained habit on the part of the rather ponderous Soviet bureaucracy, and Stalin's speech represents a new concept which must be preached and explained from the top, perhaps for a long time, before it changes the older attitudes.

Whether these explanations reconcile the appearance of contradiction remains to be demonstrated. They are submitted here merely as a current Washington view.

America Must See This Job Through

The Wide Horizon

By D. F. Fleming

Professor of International Relations, Vanderbilt University

After the Germans have done everything in their power to make certain that they will be stronger than their neighbors hereafter, whatever happens, *we cannot allow Germany to recover faster than the maimed and mutilated peoples that lie all around her.* That is the only principle that offers any chance of peace in Europe, and its enforcement means a long occupation.

But where, it will be asked, does this leave the new German Republic? Won't occupation and stern enforcement of disarmament and restitution make the new republic unpopular? It will, but that is not important relatively. No republic can live in Germany while the present generations of Nazified young Germans are influential, and no republic can be created by us. A real German democracy will have to grow up slowly out of experience in self-government, in small things first, and using fresh human material not poisoned by Nazi indoctrination. When such a democracy has begun to grow, 30 or 40 years from now, we may withdraw our troops with some safety.

Under a long occupation new generations of Germans *may* receive a sane education. Such an occupation is essential to enforce a purge of Nazified teachers. After that we cannot teach the Germans, and we should not tell them what to teach. Yet if we are in Germany we may have some success, indirectly at least, in preventing vicious teaching. Master race teaching in the presence of occupying troops would be somewhat difficult, and the absence of such teaching for a few decades would give German democracy a chance to sprout again.

* * *

All of our great quandaries—education, the punishment of war criminals, disarmament, the control of German heavy industry, reparations, extirpating the Nazi virus—would be much easier to solve if the Germans knew that they were to live under a firm hand for a long term. No people respects authority as quickly.

This may be true, many will say, but our people will never support a long occupation. Doubtless they may not, if it seems onerous. But need it be? It will be agreed that the fighting men who conquer Germany should be replaced and brought home as rapidly as these war-hardened men can be spared. All future occupation troops will have also to be rotated frequently to prevent the Germans from playing on their sympathies and corrupting them otherwise, so that no young man who is serving his period of military training need spend more than a year or two in occupation duty. Furthermore, many men who choose army life would welcome the chance to go abroad and it may be that only the regulars will be required.

Nor is it a task that we undertake alone. The Russians and the British will be there, and the French and Dutch and many others. If 600,000 men are required, our share can be considerably less than 200,000 men. All of Germany's victims should have a part in the policing, under strong international control, and no one nation need fear the burden on its manpower.

But what of the cost? If the occupying powers share the whole cost themselves, it will be small insurance to pay for a real solution of the German problem. If the Germans pay the whole bill, it will be far less than they would pay in arming for a new war of revenge. And if the cost should be split between the Germans and the Allies, nobody would feel it.

Will the American people go through with a long occupation? The question is crucial, for if we are willing to see it through this time, postwar European dilemmas become solvable and the time when Germany can be safely trusted may be advanced by decades. After this war, there must be guaranteed time for the terrible wounds of Germany's victims to heal and for the vicious malaise in the German soul to subside.

In preparing for a long occupation, we must not be confused and frustrated, either, by assertions that "you can't do that to a sovereign State!" There will be legalists who will argue that no sovereign State has ever been treated that way before. Perhaps not, but the stern fact is that when the Nazis have been smashed the German State will cease to exist. The Nazis have made sure of that by making themselves fatal in Germany. When they go, nothing will remain.

* * *

But, apart from legalistic reasoning, no people which has murdered millions of neighbors cold-bloodedly, in gas-chambers and by every other brutal method, can justly escape powerful restraints on its sovereignty. A people which has stolen everything from the food of starving Greeks to the mightiest industrial empires cannot avoid constraint by hiding behind the fiction of its sovereign rights. By brutally destroying the sovereign rights of everyone else, the Germans have forfeited their own. We shall not take away German sovereignty. The Germans themselves lost it, first by submitting to total tyranny, then by odious assaults upon the rights of all others.

When the Nazis are conquered, there will be no one in Germany with whom we can make peace and no grand peace conference should ever meet. Many successive steps and agreements among the victors will be required to restore her to sanity and moral health.

Our purpose in a long occupation will not be to destroy Germany or the Germans. On the contrary, every aspect of German life that is constructive can grow again, in German hands. We shall not be there to get revenge, but to guarantee and supervise the recovery of a mentally sick nation. We shall be in Germany only to see that destructive German tendencies do not again lay waste half the world, and to make sure that the Germans repair a part of the immeasurable damage they have so wantonly perpetrated on others. Within these limits every legitimate German impulse can have expression and the Germans can learn by practice how to become responsible citizens and tolerable neighbors. Nothing that anyone can do can suddenly make them safe to leave alone, either with themselves or with a circle of small crucified neighbors.

Second of two articles on Germany by Professor Fleming

Mirror of World Opinion

Real Life

A war correspondent describing an encounter with an army sergeant in the battered street of a front-line town in Normandy explains that the soldier is a department-store furniture salesman "in real life." Was it a studied phrase, or one of those unconsciously revealing bits that so often slip through hurried typewriters? There was a bloody victory just behind them; ruined houses were all around; German 88 shells were bursting murderously among them. One would suppose that life at such a moment would take on a desperate reality beyond anything experienced in the furniture department of a store. But to the men in that street it did not seem so. War was the phantasmagoria, the impossible and outrageous dream; solid reality for them attached to the distant and humdrum pursuits of peace. A man may masquerade as an infantry sergeant; but he is still a furniture salesman in "real" life—*New York Herald Tribune.*